

Up/Down/Cross Format Converter

with HD/SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio Support, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support

Product Manual

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Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt[®] 9062 Up/Down/Cross Format Converter with HD/SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio Support and Frame Sync. The 9062 is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of your 9062, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Overview

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the 9062 Up/Down/Cross Format Converter with HD/SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio Support and Frame Sync card (also referred to herein as the 9062).

This manual consists of the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1, "Introduction"** Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the 9062.
- Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" Provides instructions for installing the 9062 in a frame, and optionally installing a 9062 Rear I/O Module.
- Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using the 9062.

This chapter contains the following information:

- 9062 Card Software Versions and this Manual (p. 1-2)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-3)
- Safety Summary (p. 1-4)
- 9062 Functional Description (p. 1-5)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-19)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-21)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-22)

9062 Card Software Versions and this Manual

When applicable, Cobalt Digital Inc. provides for continual product enhancements through software updates. As such, functions described in this manual may pertain specifically to cards loaded with a particular software build.

The Software Version of your card can be checked by viewing the **Card Info** menu in DashBoardTM. See Checking 9062 Card Information (p. 3-7) in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" for more information. You can then check our website for the latest software version currently released for the card as described below.

Check our website and proceed as follows if your card's software does not match the latest version:

	-		
Card Software earlier than latest version	Card is not loaded with the latest software. Not all functions and/or specified performance described in this manual may be available.		
	You can update your card with new Update software by going to the Support>Firmware Downloads link at www.cobaltdigital.com. Download "Firmware Update Guide", which provides simple instructions for downloading the latest firmware for your card onto your computer, and then uploading it to your card through DashBoard TM .		
	Software updates are field-installed without any need to remove the card from its frame.		
Card Software newer than version in manual	A new manual is expediently released whenever a card's software is updated and specifications and/or functionality have changed as compared to an earlier version (a new manual is not necessarily released if specifications and/or functionality have not changed). A manual earlier than a card's software version may not completely or accurately describe all functions available for your card.		
	If your card shows features not described in this manual, you can check for the latest manual (if applicable) and download it by going to the Support>Documents>Product Information and Manuals link at www.cobaltdigital.com.		

Cobalt Reference Guides

From the Cobalt[®] web home page, go to **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, card firmware updates, and other topics.

Manual Conventions

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the 9062 itself. Examples are provided below.

• Card-edge display messages are shown like this:



• Connector names are shown like this: SDI IN

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- **9062** refers to the 9062 Up/Down/Cross Format Converter with HD/SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio Support and Frame Sync card.
- Frame refers to the HPF-9000, OG3-FR, 8321, or similar 20-slot frame that houses Cobalt[®] or other cards.
- Device and/or Card refers to a COMPASSTM card.
- System and/or Video System refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which the 9062 and other COMPASSTM cards operate.
- Functions and/or features that are available only as an option are denoted in this manual like this:



Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

Warnings

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

Cautions

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

Notes

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

Labeling Symbol Definitions

\triangle	Attention, consult accompanying documents.
	Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices. If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle card only by edges and avoid contact with any connectors or components.
	 Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC) For product disposal, ensure the following: Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Collect this product separately. Use collection and return systems available to you.

Safety Summary

Warnings



To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

Cautions

CAUTION	This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments.
CAUTION	This product is intended to be a component product of an openGear® frame. Refer to the openGear® frame Owner's Manual for important safety instructions regarding the proper installation and safe operation of the frame as well as its component products.
CAUTION	Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9062 has a moderate power dissipation (24 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.
CAUTION	If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9062 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.
CAUTION	If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

9062 Functional Description

Figure 1-1 shows a functional block diagram of the 9062. The 9062 format converter also includes embedded audio support and routing and a full video frame synchronizer. The 9062 also handles AFD code detection and processing, timecode insertion, and closed captioning support.

The video source can be either an HD or SD-SDI. The video can be up, down, or cross-converted to a different format, and aspect ratio can be corrected to provide proper output aspect.

Note: Some of the functions described below are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Control Panels user interfaces. Refer to User Control Interface (p. 1-15) for user interface descriptions.

9062 Input/Output Formats

The 9062 provides the following inputs and outputs:

- Inputs:
 - HD/SD-SDI IN dual-rate HD/SD-SDI input
- Outputs:
 - HD/SD-SDI OUT four dual-rate HD/SD-SDI buffered video outputs
 - **RCK OUT** four dual-rate HD/SD-SDI reclocked buffered video outputs
 - **RS-485** RS485 Dolby[®] metadata output (with option +LTC, also provides RS-485 LTC I/O)

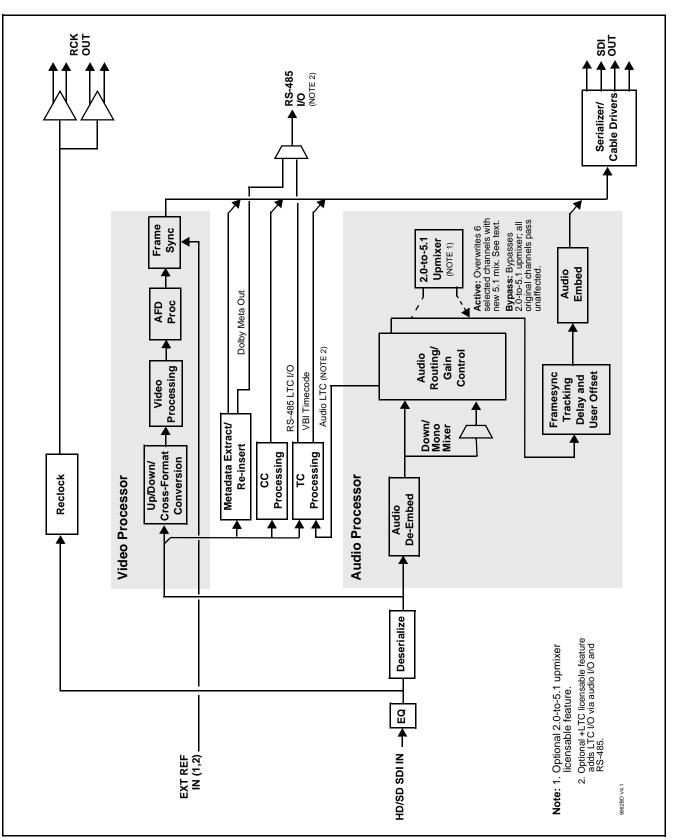


Figure 1-1 9062 Functional Block Diagram

Video Processor Description

The 9062 features a scaler that provides up, down, and cross-conversion using de-interlacing and motion adaptation for high quality up-conversions. The scaler also provides user-adjustable aspect ratio control and zoom control. Separate controls are provided for SD and HD inputs that allow the card to flexibly and independently handle mixed input formats. The 9062 video subsystem also provides the functions described below.

Video Processor

The 9062 provides full color processing control (luma gain and lift, chroma saturation, and color phase) of the output video.

Frame Sync Function

This function provides for frame sync control using either one of two external **EXT REF IN (1,2)** reference signals distributed with the card frame, or the input video as a frame sync reference. This function also allows horizontal and/or vertical offset to be added between the output video and the frame sync reference.

A video/audio delay offset function allows adding or reducing audio delay from the matching video delay. This function is useful for correcting lip sync problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing overall delays. A Reset Framesync function resets the frame sync following any horizontal or vertical offset changes, clearing any buffered audio and video and re-establishing the frame sync. The 9062 re-establishes video/audio sync following framesync changes by applying an offset in small, progressive amounts to provide a seamless, glitch-free retiming. A user-selectable hard resync function allows setting a threshold at which hard resync is applied if audio-video offset exceeds a selectable threshold. Hard resync provides fastest snyc-up suitable for off-air manipulation. Conversely, a threshold setting that avoids hard resync allows glitch-free on-air manipulation. In the event of input video loss of signal, this function provides for disabling the video, going to a desired color raster, or freezing to the last intact frame (frame having valid SAV and EAV codes).

Scaler Function

The scaler function provides up, down, and cross-conversions between multiple standard SD and HD video formats, multiple frame rates, film frame rates, and cross-conversion between interlaced and progressive formats. Table 1-1 lists the 9062 conversion choices available for various input formats and frame rates.

When output video is set to 720p for either SD or HD video, the 720p output can be converted to 720p half-rate formats as listed in Table 1-1. When output video is set to 1080 film (1080p23.98) for either SD or HD inputs, the 9062 can convert the output to 1080PsF23.98 (segmented frame progressive). Both of these functions can be independently applied to either SD and/or HD video inputs.

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Table 1-1 Scaler Function Conversions	
---	--

Input Format	SD (NTSC/ PAL)	720p	720p half-rate	720p (film rates)	1080i	1080p	1080p (film rates)	1080PsF (film rates)
525i 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 23.98 ₍₄₎
625i 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
720p 60	X	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₄₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₄₎
720p 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 23.98 ₍₄₎
720p 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
720p 30	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₅₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₅₎
720p 29.97	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 23.98 ₍₅₎
720p 25	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
720p 24	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24	1080PsF 24
720p 23.98	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98	1080PsF 23.98
1080i 60	X	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₄₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₄₎
1080i 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 23.98 ₍₄₎
1080i 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
1080p 30	X	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₅₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₅₎
1080p 29.97	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 23.98 ₍₅₎
1080p 25	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	X	1080i 50	1080p 25	X	X
1080p 24	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24	1080PsF 24
1080p 23.98	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98	1080PsF 23.98
1080PsF 24	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24	1080PsF 24
1080PsF 23.98	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98	1080PsF 23.98

Notes: 1. The drop-down list choice of "Same as Input" is used when no conversion is desired. For clarity, it is not redundantly listed here.

2. "X" denotes conversions not available or invalid conversions.

3. Interlaced formats rates listed are field rates. Progressive format rates listed are frame rates.

4. If the original material does not have a proper 3-2 cadence suitable for conversion to film rates, the conversion reverts to standard de-interlacing. While this video can be converted to film rates, the resulting image motion will lack smoothness. Therefore, make certain interlaced video is appropriately constructed for 3-2 reverse pulldown when converting video to film rates. See 3-2 Pulldown Conversion and Considerations (p. 1-11).

5. Formats using a 30/29.97 Hz progressive frame rate can be converted to a 24/23.98 Hz progressive frame rate, however some image motion irregularity will appear in the converted output.

6. "NTSC" and "PAL" in this manual informally refer to 486i5994 and 575i50 SD-SDI video formats, respectively.

The scaler function also provides aspect ratio conversion that provides a choice from several standard aspect ratios. Additionally, user defined and "Follow AFD Settings" conversion can be applied. User defined settings allow custom user-defined H and V aspect ratio control. "Follow AFD Settings" sets the output aspect ratio to track with AFD (Active Format Description) settings embedded in the received video signal.

Timecode Processor

(See Figure 1-2.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from the input video, and in turn re-insertion of timecode data into the output SDI. In this manner, timecode data can be preserved, even after format conversion. The function can monitor the SDI video input of the card for supported timecode formats, and then select and prioritize among SDI VITC, SDI ATC_VITC, and SDI ATC_LTC, and embedded audio LTC timecode sources. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used by the card; if the preferred format is not detected, the card uses other formats (where available) as desired. The function also provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

Option Option +LTC allows bidirectional transfer and conversion between VBI formats over SDI and audio LTC, as well as RS-485 LTC. Audio LTC can be received or sent over a selected embedded channel.

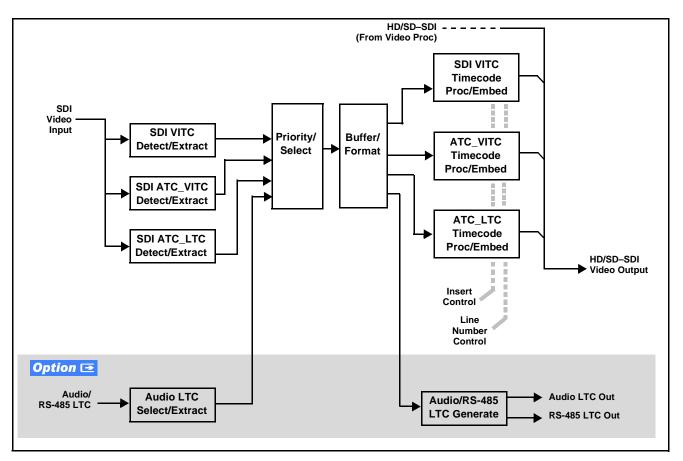


Figure 1-2 Timecode Processor

Closed Captioning Processor

This function provides support for closed captioning setup. The function allows the selection of the ancillary data line number where the ancillary closed caption data is outputted when the output is HD. When receiving HD-SDI, both CEA 608 and CEA 708 are supported, with CEA 608 and CEA 708 (containing CEA 608 packets) converted to line 21 closed captioning on outputs down-converted to SD (on up-convert of SD, only CEA 608 closed captioning is generated).

Dolby® Metadata Extractor/Re-inserter

This function extracts and preserves Dolby[®] metadata from the input SDI, and in turn allows the metadata to be re-inserted in the output SDI. This allows scaling and/or format conversions without losing Dolby[®] metadata. (The 9062 does not offer Dolby[®] decoding or encoding, but will pass Dolby[®] E and/or Dolby[®] DigitalTM encoded signals and metadata intact.) The extracted metadata is buffered and then output on a user-selectable line number on the SDI output.

AFD Processor

This function provides aspect ratio controls and assignment of AFD codes to the SDI output video.

Using this function, aspect ratios in accordance with the standard 4-bit AFD codes can be applied to the output video. Additionally, custom aspect ratios can be independently defined for any of the AFD codes.

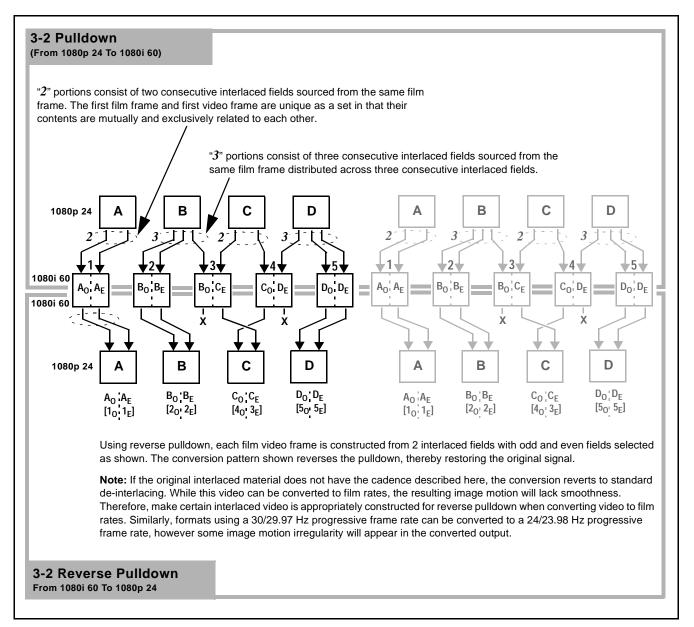
Separate, independent AFD controls are provided for both 16:9 coded and 4:3 coded frames.

This function also provides AFD-controlled ARC by checking for any existing AFD code within the received video input. If a code is present, the code is displayed. With the Scaler function **Aspect Ratio Conversion** set to **Follow AFD Settings**, the H and V settings corresponding to the received code are applied to the video by the 9062. The default, standard aspect ratio described by the AFD code can be applied, or custom horizontal/vertical scaling can be applied for a given code.

The function also allows the selection/changing of the AFD code and ancillary data line number for the outputted AFD code.

3-2 Pulldown Conversion and Considerations

Figure 1-3 depicts the 3-2 pulldown process used for conversions between progressive film video formats and interlaced video formats. (Although the term "3-2" is used here per convention, it is more accurately described as 2-3 per the diagram here and SMPTE definitions which stipulate that first film frame **A** be represented exclusively by 2 fields from the same frame). As shown in Figure 1-3, the term 2-3 is derived from the pattern, or *cadence*, in which four consecutive film video frames are converted into five consecutive interlaced video frames (i.e., 10 interlaced video fields). Odd and even interlaced fields are denoted in Figure 1-3 by "o" and "E" (for example, "Ao" and "AE"). Note the considerations described in Figure 1-3 for converting to film rates.





Audio Processor Description

The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. The router function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video input
- Four independent internal tone generators (described below)
- Internal Down Mix and Mono Mixer outputs (described below)
- Digital silence (mute) setting

The router function provides up to 16 channels of embedded audio on the **SDI OUT** outputs. The router acts as a full audio cross point. Each of the 16 embedded output channels can receive signal from any one of the 16 embedded input channels, four internal tone generators, or several mixer outputs. Unused output channels can be mapped to a "Silence" source. Each output also provides gain adjustment and selectable polarity inversion.

Output audio rates are always 48 kHz locked to output video. (embedded audio must be nominally 48 kHz input; 32, 44.1, 96, and 192 kHz inputs are not compatible with the 9062.) Embedded output audio is always precisely synchronized with the output video.

As set with the default settings, the routing between embedded audio channels is basic 1-for-1 for the 16 embedded audio channels (with embedded Ch 1 being embedded to embedded Ch 1 at the SDI output, and so on). Other sources and/or destinations for each channel are selected using the card edge controls or a remote control system.

Audio Down Mix and Mono Mix Function

(See Figure 1-4.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded audio sources serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into stereo pair Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

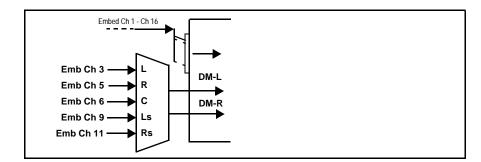


Figure 1-4 Audio Down Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

The Mono Mixer function (Figure 1-5) generates an additional mono-mixed channel from two selected embedded input channels serving as left and right inputs. The resulting mono mix channel is available as an audio source for any of the 16 destination embedded output channels.

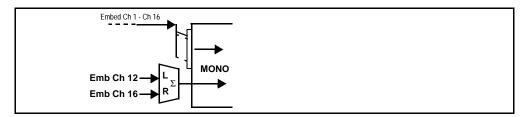


Figure 1-5 Audio Mono Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function **Option**

Note: Upmix function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt[®] price lists as **+UM**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function receives a normal PCM stereo pair from the Audio Routing/Gain Control function and upmixes the pair to provide 5.1 channels (Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Low Frequency Effects (LFE), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs)). Whenever the upmixer is active, it overwrites the six selected channels with the new 5.1 upmix signals (including replacing the original source stereo L and R inputs with new L and R signals).

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer can be set to up mix in any of three modes: Always upmix, Bypass upmix, or Auto enable/bypass upmixing. The Auto upmixing mode looks at the signal levels on the selected channels and compares them to a selectable level threshold. It then determines whether or not to generate 5.1 upmixing from the stereo pair as follows:

- If the upmixer detects signal level **below** a selected threshold on **all four** of the selected channels designated as C, LFE, Ls, and Rs, this indicates to the upmixer that these channels are not carrying 5.1. In this case, the upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content.
- If the upmixer detects signal level **above** a selected threshold on **any** of the four selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that the channel(s) are already carrying viable 5.1 content. In this case, the upmixer is bypassed, allowing the original channels to pass unaffected.

The examples in Figure 1-6 show the automatic enable/disable up-mixing function applied to example selected channels **Emb Ch 1** thru **Emb Ch 6**. As shown and described, the processing is contingent upon the signal levels of the channels selected to carry the new 5.1 upmix relative to the selected threshold (in this example, -60 dBFS). Note also that this function is applied **after** the Audio Routing/Gain Control function.

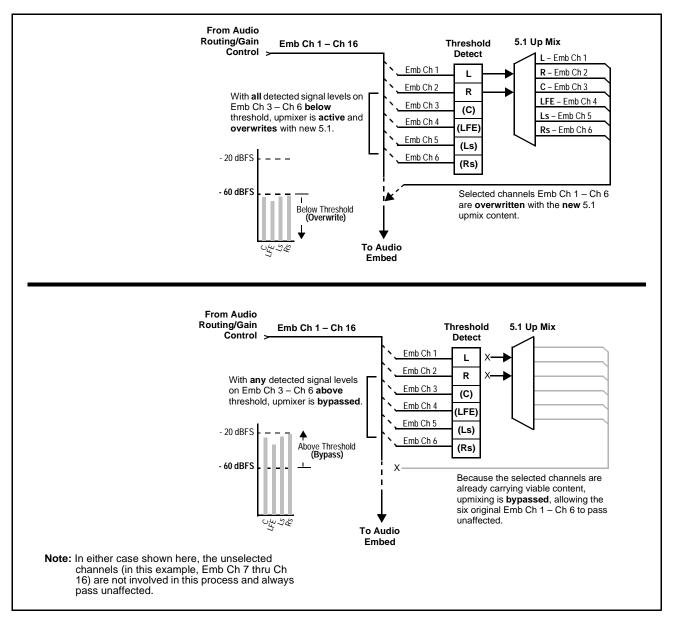


Figure 1-6 Up Mix Auto Enable/Bypass with Example Sources

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Loudness Processor (Option +LP) **Option D**

Note: Loudness processor function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt[®] price lists as **+LP**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

If your card was purchased with option **+LP**, loudness processor manual supplement "5.1 and Stereo Loudness Processing Options for Compass[®] Cards (+LP51, +LP20) Manual Supplement" (OPT-SW-LP-MS) is included in your documentation package. Supplement OPT-SW-LP-MS can be downloaded from our website or requested using the Cobalt contact information in this manual.

Tone Generator Function

The 9062 contains four built-in tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4). Each of the four tone generators can be set to a different frequency, and are available as audio sources for the embedded audio outputs. 18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz).

User Control Interface

Figure 1-7 shows the user control interface options for the 9062. These options are individually described below.

- **Note:** All user control interfaces described here are cross-compatible and can operate together as desired. Where applicable, any control setting change made using a particular user interface is reflected on any other connected interface.
 - **Built-in Card Edge User Interface** Using the built-in card edge controls and display, card control settings can be set using a front panel menu which is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".
- Note: Some of the 9062 functions described in this manual are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel user interfaces.
 - **DashBoard[™] User Interface** Using DashBoard[™], the 9062 and other cards installed in openGear®¹ frames can be controlled from a computer and monitor.

DashBoardTM allows users to view all frames on a network with control and monitoring for all populated slots inside a frame. This simplifies the setup and use of numerous modules in a large installation and offers the ability to centralize monitoring. Cards define their controllable parameters to DashBoardTM, so the control interface is always up to date.

1. openGear® is a registered trademark of Ross Video Limited. DashBoard[™] is a trademark of Ross Video Limited.

The DashBoard[™] software can be downloaded from the Cobalt Digital Inc. website: <u>www.cobaltdigital.com</u> (enter "DashBoard" in the search window). The DashBoard[™] user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

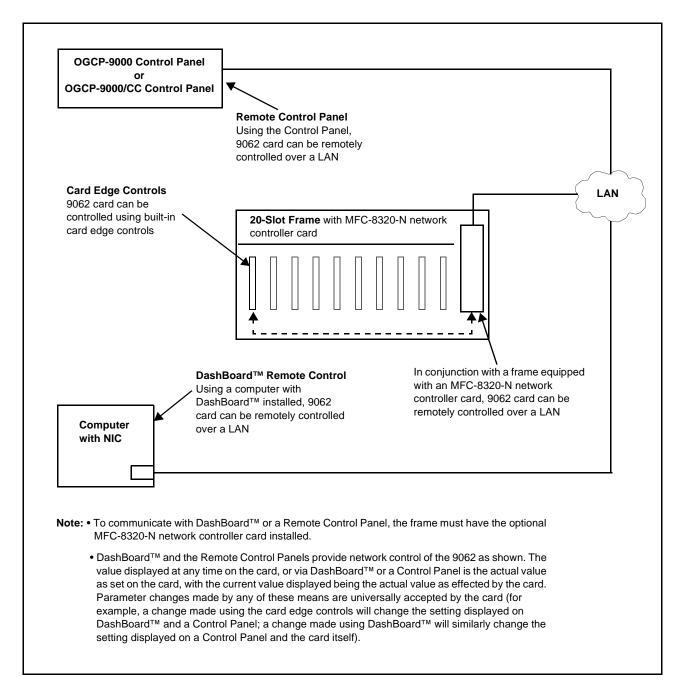


Figure 1-7 9062 User Control Interface

Note:	If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt [®] reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS [™] cards using DashBoard [™] . (Cobalt [®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.) Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the Support>Documents>
	Reference Guides link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt [®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-22).
	• Cobalt [®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels – The OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels conveniently and intuitively provide parameter monitor and control of the 9062 and other video and audio processing terminal equipment meeting the open-architecture Cobalt COMPASS TM cards for openGear TM standard.
	In addition to circumventing the need for a computer to monitor and control signal processing cards, the Control Panels allow quick and intuitive access to hundreds of cards in a facility, and can monitor and allow adjustment of multiple parameters at one time.
	The Remote Control Panels are totally compatible with the openGear TM control software DashBoard TM ; any changes made with either system are reflected on the other. The Remote Control Panel user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

9062 Rear I/O Modules

The 9062 physically interfaces to system video connections at the rear of its frame using a Rear I/O Module.

All inputs and outputs shown in the 9062 Functional Block Diagram (Figure 1-1) enter and exit the card via the card edge backplane connector. The Rear I/O Module breaks out the 9062 card edge connections to BNC connectors that interface with other components and systems in the signal chain.

The full assortment of 9062 Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 9062 Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-5) in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup".

Audio and Video Formats Supported by the 9062

The 9062 supports all current SMPTE standard SD and HD video formats. Table 1-2 lists and provides details regarding the audio and video formats supported by the 9062.

Table 1-2	Supported Audio and Video Formats
-----------	-----------------------------------

Item	Description/Specification			
Input / Output Video	Raster Structure:	Frame Rate ₍₁₎ :		
	1080PsF	23.98; 24		
	1080p	23.98; 24		
	1080i ₍₁₎	25; 29.97; 30		
	720p	23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94; 60		
	486i ₍₁₎	29.97		
	575i ₍₁₎	25		
Embedded Audio		The 9062 supports all four groups (16 channels) of embedded audio at full 24-bit resolution in both SD (with extended data packets) and HD.		
(1) All rates displayed as frame rat	es; interlaced ("i") field rates are two times t	he rate value shown.		

Technical Specifications

Table 1-3 lists the technical specifications for the 9062 Up/Down/Cross Format Converter, Video/Audio In with Frame Sync card.

Item	Characteristic
Part number, nomenclature	9062 Up/Down/Cross Format Converter with HD/SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio Support and Frame Sync
Installation/usage environment	Intended for installation and usage in frame meeting openGear™ modular system definition.
Power consumption	< 24 Watts maximum
Environmental: Operating temperature: Relative humidity (operating or storage):	32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C) < 95%, non-condensing
Frame communication	10/100 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX.
Indicators	Card edge display and indicators as follows: • 4-character alphanumeric display • Status/Error LED indicator • Input Format LED indicator
Controls	Card edge switches as follows: • Menu Enter pushbutton switch • Menu exit pushbutton switch • Up/down selection toggle switch
Internal Tone Generators	Four built-in tone generators, each configurable for 18 discrete sine wave frequencies ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz. Generator source signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu.
Serial Digital Video Input	Data Rates Supported: SMPTE 292 HD-SDI: 1.485 Gbps or 1.485/1.001 Gbps SMPTE 259M-C SD-SDI: 270 Mbps Impedance: 75 Ω terminating Equalization (HD): 328 ft (100 m) Belden 1694A Equalization (SD): 1000 ft (305 m) Belden 1694A Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 1.485 GHz
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video Outputs	Number of Outputs: Four HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2 Impedance: 75 Ω

Table 1-3 Technical Specifications

Item	Characteristic
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video Outputs (cont.)	Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz > 12 dB at 270 MHz – 1.485 GHz
	Signal Level: 800 mV ± 10%
	DC Offset: 0 V ± 50 mV
	Jitter (HD): < 0.15 UI (all outputs)
	Jitter (SD):
	< 0.10 UI (all outputs)
	Overshoot: < 0.2% of amplitude
Pre-Processor (Reclocked) Serial Digital	Number of Outputs:
Video Outputs	Four HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2
	Impedance:
	75 Ω
Reference Video Input	Number of Inputs:
	Two non-terminating (looping) Frame Reference inputs
	Standards Supported (HD):
	720p 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94 1080i 25; 29.97
	1080p 23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30
	1080p/sF 23.98; 24
	Standards Supported (SD): 486i 29.97 (NTSC); 575i 25 (PAL)
	Signal Level: 1 Vp-p nominal
	Signal Type: Analog video sync (black burst or tri-level)
	Impedance: 75 Ω
	Return Loss: > 30 dB to 30 MHz
	Allowable Maximum DC on Ref Input: ±1.0 V

Table 1-3 Technical Specifications — continued	Table 1-3	Technical Specifications — continued
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Warranty and Service Information

Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby[®] modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center

2406 E. University Avenue	Office: (217) 344-1243
Urbana, IL 61802 USA	Fax: (217) 344-1245
www.cobaltdigital.com	Email: info@cobaltdigital.com

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Contact Cobalt Digital Inc.

Feel free to contact our thorough and professional support representatives for any of the following:

- Name and address of your local dealer
- Product information and pricing
- Technical support
- Upcoming trade show information

Phone:	(217) 344-1243
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Web:	www.cobaltdigital.com
General Information:	info@cobaltdigital.com
Technical Support:	support@cobaltdigital.com

Chapter 2

Installation and Setup

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

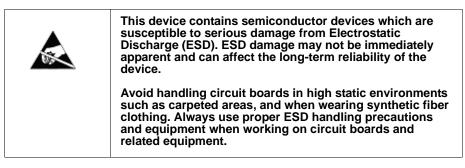
- Installing the 9062 Into a Frame Slot (p. 2-1)
- Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3)
- Setting Up 9062 Network Remote Control (p. 2-6)

Installing the 9062 Into a Frame Slot

CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9062 has a moderate power dissipation (24 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

CAUTION



- Note: If installing the 9062 in a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, proceed to card installation steps below.
 - If installing the 9062 in a slot with no rear I/O module, a Rear I/O Module is required before cabling can be connected. Refer to Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3) for rear I/O module installation procedure.

CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9062 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

Note: Check the packaging in which the 9062 was shipped for any extra items such as a Rear I/O Module connection label. In some cases, this label is shipped with the card and to be installed on the Rear I/O connector bank corresponding to the slot location of the card.

Install the 9062 into a frame slot as follows:

- 1. Determine the slot in which the 9062 is to be installed.
- 2. Open the frame front access panel.
- **3.** While holding the card by the card edges, align the card such that the plastic ejector tab is on the bottom.
- 4. Align the card with the top and bottom guides of the slot in which the card is being installed.
- **5.** Gradually slide the card into the slot. When resistance is noticed, gently continue pushing the card until its rear printed circuit edge terminals engage fully into the rear I/O module mating connector.

CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

- **6.** Verify that the card is fully engaged in rear I/O module mating connector.
- 7. Close the frame front access panel.
- 8. Connect the input and output cables as shown in 9062 Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-5).
- **9.** Repeat steps 1 through 8 for other 9062 cards.
- **Note:** External frame sync reference signals are received by the card over a reference bus on the card frame, and not on any card rear I/O module connectors. The frame has BNC connectors labeled **REF 1** and **REF 2** which receive the reference signal from an external source such as a house distribution.

Note:	The 9062 BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC inputs or outputs.
Note:	To remove a card, press down on the ejector tab to unseat the card from the rear I/O module mating connector. Evenly draw the card from its slot.
	 If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, perform setup in accordance with Setting Up 9062 Network Remote Control (p. 2-6).
Note:	If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard [™] , no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard [™] and be ready for use.

Installing a Rear I/O Module

Note: This procedure is applicable only if a Rear I/O Module is not currently installed in the slot where the 9062 is to be installed. If installing the 9062 in a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, omit this procedure.

Install a Rear I/O Module as follows:

- 1. On the frame, determine the slot in which the 9062 is to be installed.
- 2. In the mounting area corresponding to the slot location, install Rear I/O Module as shown in Figure 2-1.

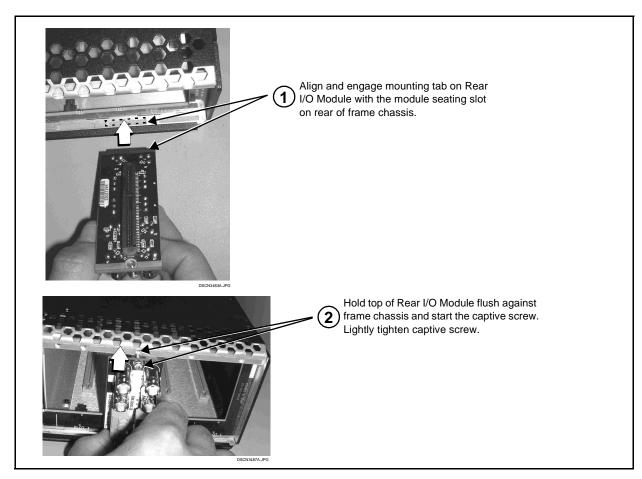


Figure 2-1 Rear I/O Module Installation

9062 Rear I/O Modules

Table 2-1 shows and describes the full assortment of Rear I/O Modules specifically for use with the 9062.

Notes: • Rear I/O Modules equipped with 3-wire Phoenix connectors are supplied with removable screw terminal block adapters. For clarity, the adapters are omitted in the drawings below.

9062 Rear I/O Module	Description
RM20-9062-A	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Four reclocked SDI input copies (RCK OUT 1- 4) Four buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1- 4)
RM20-9062-B	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Four reclocked SDI input copies (RCK OUT 1- 4) Four buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1- 4) RS-485 metadata output (RS-485) Note: On card with +LTC option, this connector provides RS-485 LTC I/O as well as Dolby metadata output (selectable using card control).

Table 2-1 9062 Rear I/O Modules

Setting Up 9062 Network Remote Control

Perform remote control setup in accordance with Cobalt[®] reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS[™] cards using DashBoard[™]. (Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-22).

 If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard[™], no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard[™] and be ready for use.

Chapter 3

Operating Instructions

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

If you are already familiar with using DashBoard or a Cobalt Remote Control Panel to control Cobalt cards, please skip to 9062 Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-9).

- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-1)
- Accessing the 9062 Card via Remote Control (p. 3-5)
- Checking 9062 Card Information (p. 3-7)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8)
- 9062 Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-9)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-50)

Control and Display Descriptions

This section describes the user interface controls, indicators, and displays for using the 9062 card. The 9062 functions can be accessed and controlled using any of the user interfaces described here.

The format in which the 9062 functional controls, indicators, and displays appear and are used varies depending on the user interface being used. Regardless of the user interface being used, access to the 9062 functions (and the controls, indicators, and displays related to a particular function) follows a general arrangement of Function Submenus under which related controls can be accessed (as described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview below).

Note: DashBoard[™] and the Remote Control Panel provide greatly simplified user interfaces as compared to using the card edge controls. For this reason, it is strongly recommended that DashBoard[™] or a Remote Control Panel be used for all card applications other than the most basic cases. Card edge control codes are not included in this manual. If card-edge control is to be used, obtain a copy of "Manual Supplement – Card-Edge Control Reference Master List and Instructions for Using Compass[™] Card-edge (Local) Control Codes" (989CEC-MS.pdf) at

www.cobaltdigital.com>Support>Documents>Reference Guides.

Note: When a setting is changed, settings displayed on DashBoard[™] (or a Remote Control Panel) are the settings as effected by the card itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the card.

Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

The functions and related parameters available on the 9062 card are organized into function **submenus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-1 shows how the 9062 card and its submenus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between cards, function submenus, and parameters.

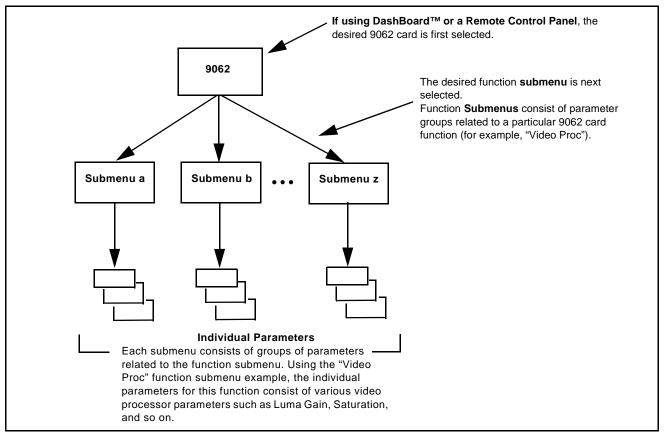


Figure 3-1 Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

DashBoard[™] User Interface

(See Figure 3-2.) The card function submenus are organized in DashBoardTM using tabs. When a tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed in DashBoardTM are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the card edge controls.)

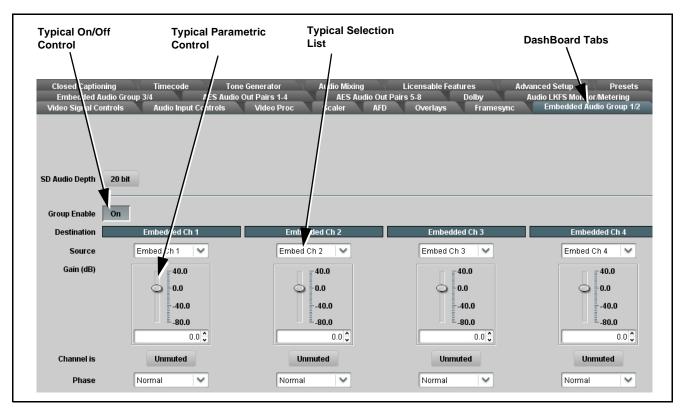


Figure 3-2 Typical DashBoard Tabs and Controls

Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces

(See Figure 3-3.) Similar to the function submenu tabs using DashBoardTM, the Remote Control Panels have a Select Submenu key that is used to display a list of function submenus. From this list, a control knob on the Control Panel is used to select a function from the list of displayed function submenu items.

When the desired function submenu is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the control knobs, which act like a potentiometer. Items in a list can then be selected using the control knobs which correspondingly act like a rotary switch. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed on the Control Panel are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9062 card edge controls.)

Figure 3-3 shows accessing a function submenu and its parameters (in this example, "Video Proc") using the Control Panel as compared to using the card edge controls.

Note: Refer to "OGCP-9000 Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000-OM) or "OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000/CC-OM) for complete instructions on using the Control Panels.

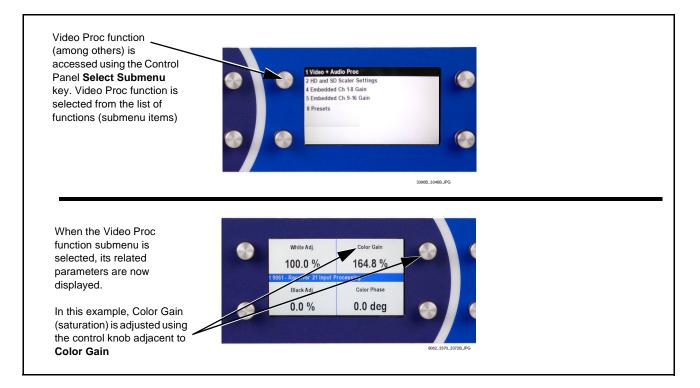


Figure 3-3 Remote Control Panel Setup of Example Video Proc Function Setup

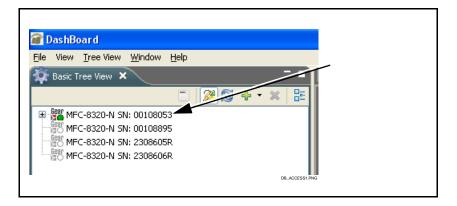
9062 PRODUCT MANUAL

Accessing the 9062 Card via Remote Control

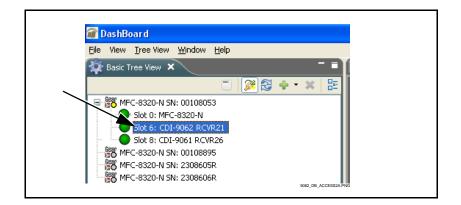
Access the 9062 card using DashBoardTM or Cobalt[®] Remote Control Panel as described below.

Accessing the 9062 Card Using DashBoard™

- 1. On the computer connected to the frame LAN, open DashBoardTM.
- **2.** As shown below, in the left side Basic View Tree locate the Network Controller Card associated with the frame containing the 9062 card to be accessed (in this example, "MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053").



3. As shown below, expand the tree to access the cards within the frame. Click on the card to be accessed (in this example, "Slot 6: CDI-9062 RCVR21").

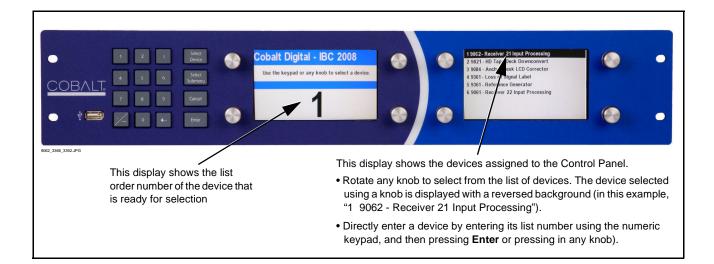


As shown on the next page, when the card is accessed in DashBoardTM its function submenu screen showing tabs for each function is displayed. (The particular submenu screen displayed is the previously displayed screen from the last time the card was accessed by DashBoardTM).

Card Access/Navig	gation Car	d Info			Card Fu	nction Subm	enu		
Tree Pane	P	ane			and C	Controls Pane	e		
/		1				1			
/	/								
🗃 DashBoard									
Ele View Iree View Window Help	🕒 Frame 1A RCVR21 - SI 💦 SN	uMP Frame #7 - Slot 🏾 🌔 SNM	IP Frame #7 - Slot	Network Car	181 Test Frame - Sl	Frame 14 RCVR21 - SL	Frame 1A RCVR21 - SI	Frame 1A RCVR21 - SL X "1	
			n						
B B MFC-8310-N SN: 00108053	CDI-9062 RCVR21		Timecode Embedded Audio	Tone Genera Group 1/2	tor Fn	Audio Mixing nbedded Audio Group 3/4	Licensable Featur Dolby		
	Card state: 😑 OK		Audio Input Contro		Video Proc	Scaler	AFD Overlay		
-	Connection: ONLINE								
	Card Info								
	Carumo								
	Product								
	Manufacturer	Cobalt Digital Inc.							
	Software Release Number	3		_					
	Software Build Number	2574	Video Proc	On					
	Software Build Date	Jul 17 2009							
	Software Build Time	09:26:49	Reset to Unity	Confirm					
	FPGA Build Number)		
			Luma Gain	0.0			0.0	200.0	100.0 🗘
	DSP Count			0.0		()	200.0	
	+12V Power Rail	12.3 W	Luma Lift	-100.0	· · · · · · ·		.0	100.0	0.0 🗘
	-7.5V Power Rail	0.1 W				()		
	Scaler Temperature	46.9 C	Color Gain	0.0	н н н	10	0.0	200.0	100.0 🗘
	Temperature Sensor 1	42.5 C	Color Di			(0.0 1
	Temperature Sensor 2	46.4 C	Color Phase	-360.0		-120.0	120.0	360.0	0.0 🗘
	Video Input Standard	5251 5994	Gang Luma and Color Gain	Off					
	Reference Standard								
		0000137ABB15							
	Video	Ок							
	Audio	ОК							
	Frame Sync	Ок							
	Settings	Saved							
	_			_	_				
				Refresh Upl	oad Reboot				Close
< >>								9062_DB_ACCE	SS3A3V4.PNG

Accessing the 9062 Card Using a Cobalt® Remote Control Panel

Press the **Select Device** key and select a card as shown in the example below.



Checking 9062 Card Information

The operating status and software version the 9062 card can be checked using DashBoardTM or the card edge control user interface. Figure 3-4 shows and describes the 9062 card information screen using DashBoardTM and accessing card information using the card edge control user interface.

Note: Proper operating status in DashBoard[™] is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-4. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-50) for corrective action.

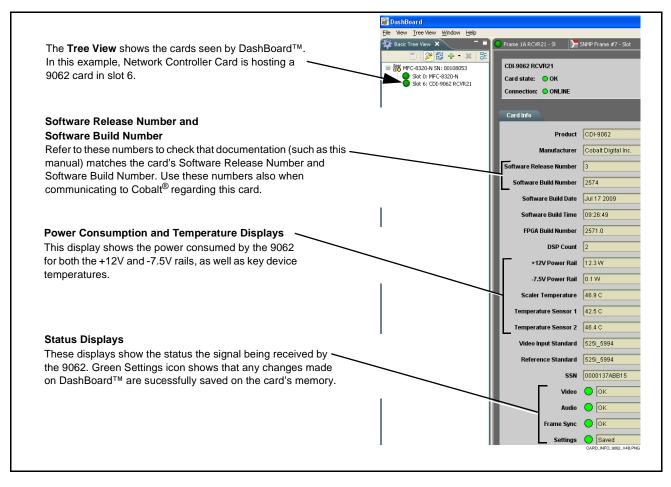


Figure 3-4 9062 Card Info Utility

Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the card.

	Default Line No. / Range			
Item	SD	HD		
AFD	12 (Note 2)	9 (Note 2)		
ATC_VITC	13 (Note 2)	9/8 (Note 2)		
ATC_LTC	_	10 (Note 2)		
Dolby [®] Metadata	13 (Note 2)	13 (Note 2)		
SDI VITC Waveform	14/16 (Note 2)	—		
Closed Captioning	21 (locked)	10 (Note 2)		

Table 3-1 Typical Ancillary Data Line Number Locations/Ranges

Notes:

1. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.

2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting
525i	12-19	720p	9-25	1080p	9-41
625i	9-22	1080i	9-20		

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-5 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an HD-SDI stream.

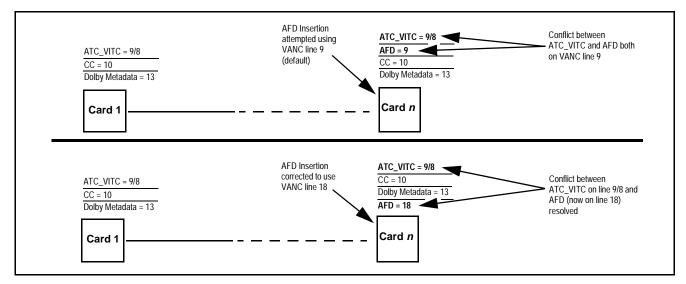


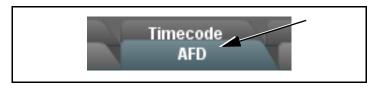
Figure 3-5 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Example

9062 Function Submenu List and Descriptions

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each 9062 function submenu and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided. Table 3-2 is primarily based upon using DashBoard[™] to access each function and its corresponding submenus and parameters.

Note: All numeric (scalar) parameters displayed on DashBoard[™] can be changed using the slider controls, ⓐ arrows, or by numeric keypad entry in the corresponding numeric field. (When using numeric keypad entry, add a return after the entry to commit the entry.)

On DashBoardTM itself and in Table 3-2, the function submenu items are organized using tabs as shown below.



The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function submenu item can be found.

Function Submenu Item	Page	Function Submenu Item	Page
Audio Input Controls	3-10	Dolby Metadata	3-35
Video Proc	3-11	Closed Captioning	3-36
Scaler	3-12	Timecode	3-38
AFD	3-18	Tone Generator	3-42
Overlays	3-22	Audio Mixing	3-42
Framesync	3-26	Licensable Features	3-47
Embedded Audio Group 1/2	3-31	Presets	3-47
Embedded Audio Group 3/4	3-34		

Audio Input Controls	Displays signal status for the 16 embedded audio channels. Also provides global unity routing/parameter control resets.
Status Displays Embedded Group 1 Channel 1 Status Present, Professional . Embedded Group 4 Channel 16 Status Present, Dolby E	 Individual signal status displays embedded audio channels 1-16 as follows: Not Present: Indicates embedded channel does not contain recognized audio PCM data. Note: Channel displaying Not Present may still carry usable audio data with Unlocked being displayed due to invalid headers. Present, Professional: Indicates embedded channel contains recognized audio PCM data. Present, Consumer: Indicates embedded channel contains audio PCM data other than professional (for example, S/PDIF). Present, Dolby E: Indicates embedded channel contains Dolby[®] E encoded data. Present, Dolby Digital: Indicates embedded channel contains Dolby[®] E encoded data. Tresent, Dolby status displays shown to the left only occur for valid Dolby[®] signals meeting SMPTE 337M standard. This card does not perform Dolby[®] processing on the signal. Although the card controls will appear to be usable for this signal tag, the signal is passed with 1-to-1 routing and all related gain and polarity controls set to unity.
Embedded Unity Channel Selection Embedded Unity Channel Selection Embedded Embedded	 Selects unity reset of Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4 controls and re-establishes default 1-to-1 routing as follows: Embedded: Routes Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 16.
Apply Audio Channel Selection Apply Audio Unity Settings Confirm	 Applies embedded unity channel selection (as set in the above drop-down lists). To apply the selections, click the Confirm button. When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation. Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset. Click No to reject unity reset. For any selection following confirm, the destination channel controls are default reset as follows: Gain is to unity Phase control is set to Normal Channel is set to Unmuted

Table 3-29062 Function Submenu List

Table 3-2	9062 Function Submenu List — continued

Video Proc	Provides the following Video Proc parametric control
• Video Proc	Video Proc (On/Off) provides master on/off control of all Video Proc functions.
Video Proc On	• When set to Off, Video Proc is bypassed.
	• When set to On , currently displayed parameter settings take effect.
Reset to Unity	Reset to Unity provides unity reset control of all Video Proc functions
Reset to Unity Confirm	When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.
	Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset.
	Click No to reject unity reset.
• Luma Gain	Adjusts gain percentage applied to Luma (Y channel).
	(0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
Luma Gain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
• Luma Lift	Adjusts lift applied to Luma (Y-channel).
Luma Lift -100.0	(-100% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; null = 0.0%)
• Color Gain	Adjusts gain percentage (saturation)
0	applied to Chroma (C-channel).
Color Gain	(0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
Color Phase	Adjusts phase angle applied to Chroma.
	$(-360^{\circ} \text{ to } 360^{\circ} \text{ range in } 0.1^{\circ} \text{ steps; null} = 0^{\circ})$
Color Phase -360.0	
Gang Luma and Color Gain	When set to On , changing either the Luma Gain or Color Gain contro
-	increases or decreases both the Luma and Chroma levels by equal amounts.
Gang Luma and Color Gain On	

Table 3-2 9062 Function Submenu List — contin	nued
Scaler	Provides video format up/down/cross-conversions and aspect ratio controls.
	Dolby [®] metadata and ATC packets (if present). If Dolby [®] metadata is present Metadata function tab to preserve and re-apply the metadata on the output page 3-35 for more information.
Scaler enable	Enables or bypasses Scaler function as follows:
Scaler enable Scaler enabled Scaler bypassed Scaler enabled	 Enabled: Provides Scaler functions for the received video input. Bypassed: Received video input bypasses the Scaler functions.
Current Input Format Current input format 1080p_2997	 Displays the input format of the video currently being received by the 9062 (for example, 1080p at 29.97 Hz frame rate as shown here). Note: Rates displayed for progressive formats are frame rates; rates displayed for interlaced formats are field rates.
Current Output Format Current output format 1080p_2997	Displays the currently selected output format of the video currently being processed by the 9062 (for example, 1080p HD at 29.97 Hz frame rate as shown here). The output format displayed is the output present on the card's SDI OUT BNC connectors.
	 Note: Output format shown in this display tracks with selection made in HD: Convert to or SD: Convert to drop-down lists. Output Format display only tracks with changes applicable to the currently received input format (for example, when currently receiving HD video, changes made in the SD: Convert to drop-down list have no effect on the Output Format display). Output format also tracks with any applicable Scaler functions that affect output format. Note: Rates displayed for progressive formats are frame rates; rates displayed for interlaced formats are field rates.

Scaler

(continued)

Scaler Video Format Conversions

The Scaler **HD: Convert to:** and **SD: Convert to:** drop-down lists (as shown and described in the following pages) allows selection of up/down/cross-conversions (or no conversion) for various input formats. The table below lists the conversion choices available for various input formats and frame rates provided by the Scaler **Convert to:** function. Also shown are the resulting frame rates for the converted outputs.

Input Format	SD (NTSC/ PAL)	720p	720p half-rate	720p (film rates)	1080i	1080p	1080p (film rates)	1080PsF (film rates)
525i 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 23.98(4)
625i 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
720p 60	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₄₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₄₎
720p 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 23.98(4)
720p 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
720p 30	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₅₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 24(5)
720p 29.97	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 23.98(5)
720p 25	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х
720p 24	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24	1080PsF 24
720p 23.98	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98	1080PsF 23.98
1080i 60	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₄₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₄₎
1080i 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₄₎	1080PsF 23.98(4
1080i 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	X	1080i 50	1080p 25	X	X
1080p 30	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24 ₍₅₎	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 24 ₍₅₎
1080p 29.97	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 ₍₅₎	1080PsF 23.98 ₍₅
1080p 25	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	X	1080i 50	1080p 25	X	X
1080p 24	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24	1080PsF 24
1080p 23.98	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98	1080PsF 23.98
1080PsF 24	Х	720p 60	720p 30	720p 24	1080i 60	1080p 30	1080p 24	1080PsF 24
1080PsF 23.98	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98	1080PsF 23.98
liste 2. "X" 3. Inte 4. If th reve lack	drop-down ed here. denotes co rlaced form e original m erts to stand smoothnes	720p 59.94 list choice of nversions no ats rates liste paterial does ard de-interla s. Therefore,	720p 29.97 "Same as Inp at available or ed are field ra not have a pr acing. While t make certair	720p 23.98 put" is used wh invalid conver tes. Progressiv oper 3-2 cader his video can b interlaced vico	1080i 59.94 nen no conve sions. ve format rat nce suitable be converted leo is approj	1080p 29.97 ersion is desir tes listed are f for conversio d to film rates, priately constr	1080p 23.98 ed. For clarity, it i	s not redunda s not redunda e conversion age motion wil rerse pulldowr

5. Formats using a 30/29.97 Hz progressive frame rate can be converted to a 24/23.98 Hz progressive frame rate, however some image motion irregularity will appear in the converted output.

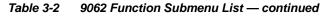
Scaler	(continued)
Note: HD: controls described below	affect HD inputs ; SD: controls described below affect SD inputs .
• SD: Convert To SD: Convert to 1080i SD (Same as input) 720p 720 film 1080p 1080p 1080p 1080 film Output Follows Reference In	 When SD video input is received by the 9062, provides output format conversions, or re-aspecting to SD when SD is the detected input format as described below. SD (Same as input): Output follows currently received video input format, with Current Input Format and Current Output Format displays showing same selection. 720p: Output is converted to 720p 720 film: Output is converted to corresponding 720p film frame rate 1080i: Output is converted to 1080i 1080p: Output is converted to 1080p 1080 film: Output is converted to corresponding 1080i film frame rate Output Follows Reference In: Output tracks with format set in Reference Video Input Note: Output Follows Reference In selection automatically sets the output format to that of the received reference signal input (this signal is distributed to the 9062 and other cards via a frame bus). In addition to extracting a frame sync and rate, this function determines the type of black burst (i.e., black burst or tri-level) and sets the output format to match.
SD: Output Half-rate 720p SD: Output half-rate 720p No Yes	 When SD: Convert to drop-down list is set to 720p, converts output to 720p half-rate. Yes/No control functions as follows: No: Do not apply half-rate; leave output at standard frame rate Yes: Output set at half- rate Note: Half-rate outputs are available for the 720p frame rates listed under "720p" in the "Scaler Video Format Conversions" table on the previous page.
SD: Output PsF SD: Output psf On	When enabled (and with the output video is set to 1080 film), converts the output to1080PsF (segmented frame progressive).
SD: Aspect Ratio Conversion 1.0HV (No correction) 1.0HV (No correction) 1.0HV (No correction) 0.75H (Pillar Box) 1.33H (Horizontal Center Cut) 0.75V (Letter Box) 1.33V (Vertical Center Cut) User Defined Follow AFD Settings	 Selects between the standard preset Aspect Ratio Conversions (ARC) shown here, as well as User Defined and Follow AFD Settings. User Defined settings allow custom user-defined H and V aspect ratio control. Follow AFD Settings sets the output aspect ratio to track with AFD settings performed in AFD (p. 3-18). Note: This function is intended for aspect ratio adjustment of a particular signal without AFD considerations. If ARC is being used on a case-by-case basis for a particular signal, it is easier to use the Scaler ARC tools described here. If AFD is to be used to set and apply a standard AFD code label for ARC, use Follow AFD Settings. Do not perform ARC here; instead, perform ARC as described in the AFD function description on page 3-18.

Table 3-2	9062 Function Submenu List — continued

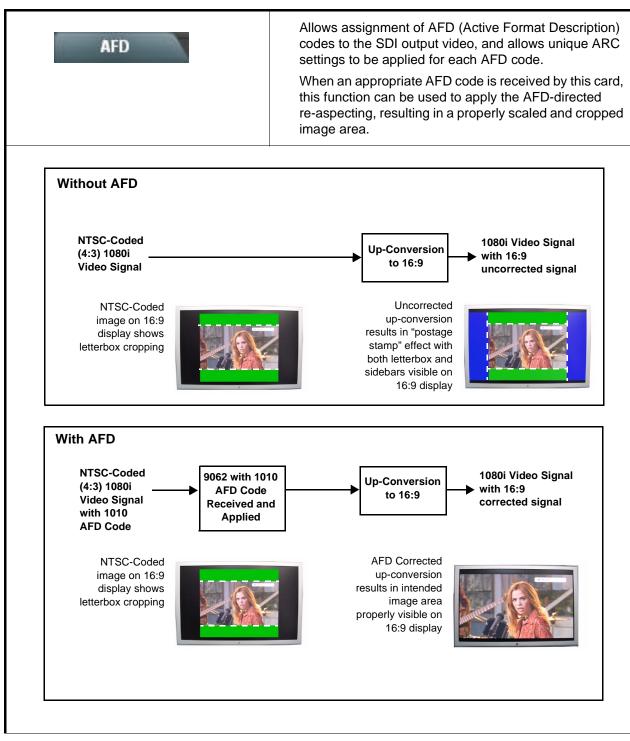
Scaler	(continued)
SD: User-defined aspect ratio SD: User-defined aspect ratio (Horizontal) SD: User-defined aspect ratio (Vertical) SD: User-defined aspect ratio (Vertical)	(Horizontal) and (Vertical) controls adjust horizontal and vertical zoom percentage. Settings less than (<) 100% provide zoom-out; settings greater than (>) 100% provide zoom-in. (50% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; null = 100.0)
SD: Top line suppression SD: Top line suppression O SD: Side pixel suppression SD: Side pixel suppression	Selects the number of lines suppressed at the beginning of video. In this manner, the image is scaled proportionally to replace the top few lines suppressed using this control. When upconverting from SD to HD, using this control can hide unwanted closed caption or timecode data. (Range is 0 thru 10 lines.) Selects the number of pixels at the left and right horizontal margins within the SAV and EAV portions of each line. (Range is 0 thru 20 pixels.)
• HD: Convert To HD: Convert to HD (Same as input) HD (Same as input) SD (NTSC or PAL) 720p 720 film 1080i 1080p 1080 film Output Follows Reference In	 When HD video input is received by the 9062, provides output format conversions listed below. HD (Same as input): Output follows currently received video input format, with Current Input Format and Current Output Format displays showing same selection. SD (NTSC or PAL): Output is converted to 525i at 59.94 Hz frame rate or 625i at 50 Hz rate, as applicable. 720p: Output is converted to 720p 720 film: Output is converted to 1080i 1080p: Output is converted to 1080p 1080 film: Output is converted to corresponding 1080i film frame rate Output Follows Reference In: Output tracks with format set in Reference Video Input Note: Output Follows Reference In selection automatically sets the output format to that of the received reference signal input (this signal is distributed to the 9062 and other cards via a frame bus). In addition to extracting a frame sync and rate, this function determines the type of black burst (i.e., black burst or tri-level) and sets the output format to match.
HD: Output Half-rate 720p HD: Output half-rate 720p No Yes	 When HD: Convert to drop-down list is set to 720p, converts output to 720p half-rate. Yes/No control functions as follows: No: Do not apply half-rate; leave output at standard frame rate Yes: Output set at half-rate Note: Half-rate outputs are available for the 720p frame rates listed under "720p" in the "Scaler Video Format Conversions" table on page 3-13.



Scaler	(continued)
HD: Output PsF HD: Output psf On	When enabled (and with the output video is set to 1080 film) converts output to 1080PsF (segmented frame progressive).
HD: Aspect Ratio Conversion HD: Aspect ratio conversion 1.0HV (No correction) 1.0HV (No correction) 0.75H (Pillar Box) 1.33H (Horizontal Center Cut) 0.75V (Letter Box) 1.33V (Vertical Center Cut) User Defined Follow AFD Settings	 Selects between the standard preset Aspect Ratio Conversions (ARC) shown here, as well as User Defined and Follow AFD Settings. User Defined settings allow custom user-defined H and V aspect ratio control. Follow AFD Settings sets the output aspect ratio to track with AFD settings performed in AFD (p. 3-18). Note: This function is intended for aspect ratio adjustment of a particular signal without AFD considerations. If ARC is being used on a case-by-case basis for a particular signal, it is easier to use the Scaler ARC tools described here. If AFD is to be used to set and apply a standard AFD code label for ARC, use Follow AFD Settings. Do not perform ARC here; instead, perform ARC as described in the AFD function description on page 3-18.
HD: User-defined aspect ratio HD: User-defined aspect ratio (Horizontal) HD: User-defined aspect ratio (Vertical) 50.0 1 1 1 1 50.0 50	 (Horizontal) and (Vertical) controls adjust horizontal and vertical zoom percentage. Settings less than (<) 100% provide zoom-out; settings greater than (>) 100% provide zoom-in. (50% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; null = 100.0)
• HD: Top line suppression HD: Top line suppression	Selects the number of lines suppressed at the beginning of video. In this manner, the image is scaled proportionally to replace the top few lines suppressed using this control. When upconverting from SD to HD, using this control can hide unwanted closed caption or timecode data. (Range is 0 thru 10 lines.)
• HD: Side pixel suppression HD: Side pixel suppression	Selects the number of pixels at the left and right horizontal margins within the SAV and EAV portions of each line. (Range is 0 thru 20 pixels.)
Detail Enhancement Controls	 Sharpness Level, Threshold, and Noise Reduction controls (individually described below) which can be used to tailor output video sharpness per program material and aesthetic preferences. Note: Detail Enhancement Controls apply to both SD and HD conversions.



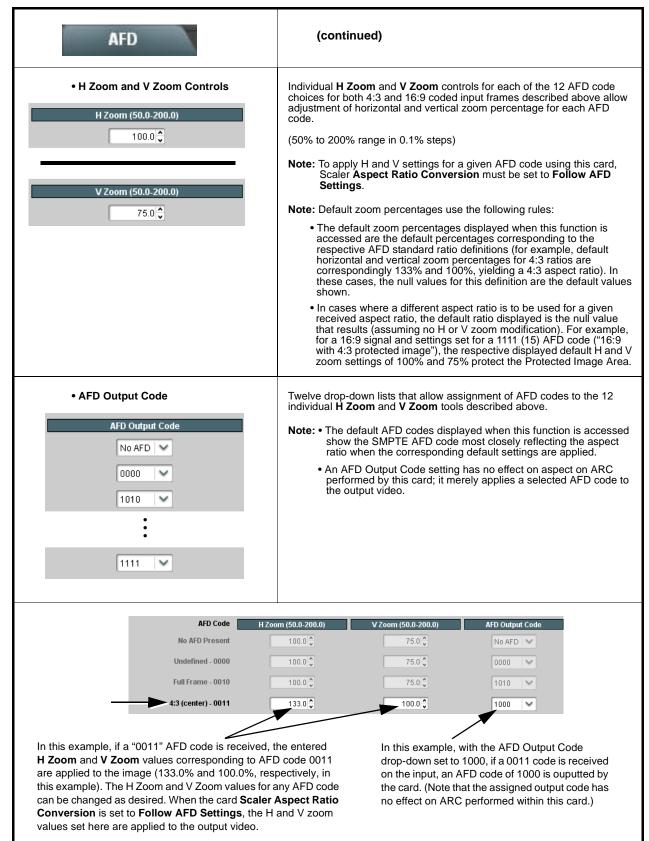
Scaler	(continued)
Sharpness Level Control Level	Adjusts the aggressiveness of sharpening applied to MPEG video. Optimum setting results in overall perception of increased sharpness, while avoiding pattern noise artifacts. (Range is 0 thru 255)
Sharpness Threshold Control Threshold 0	Adjusts the point at which sharpening rules become active. Data below the threshold setting is passed unaffected. Higher settings allow for a more subtle sharpness enhancement (especially with content showing motion). Lower settings allow more content in general to be acted upon by the enhancement process. (Range is 0 thru 255)
Noise Reduction Control Noise Reduction 0	Adjusts the amount of statistical low-pass filtering applied to the data. Using this control, regular pattern noise artifacts from the sharpening process can be reduced, resulting in subjectively smoother raster backgrounds and detail boundaries. (Range is 0 thru 63)



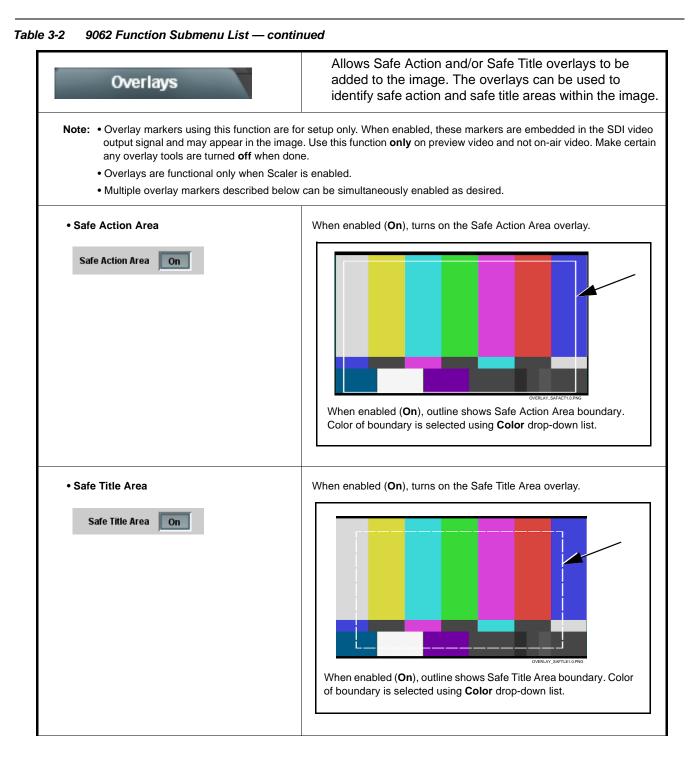
3

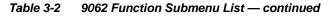
AFD	(continue	d)		
Incoming AFD 16:9 coded frame - 1010 - 16:9 (image p	• If AFD code is pr shown in the exa number of the in	 Displays incoming AFD setting as follows: If AFD code is present, one of the 11, four-bit AFD codes is displayed (shown in the example to the left). Also displayed is the VANC line number of the incoming AFD code. If no AFD setting is present in the video signal, No AFD Present is displayed. 		
• 16:9 Controls	Individual user (cu for the following 1	ustom) H Zoom , 2 AFD codes/for	V Zoom, and A mats suited for	AFD Output Code to 16:9 sources:
Input: 16:9 Coded Frame	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description
AFD Code	-	No code present	1001	4:3 (center)
No AFD Present	0000	Undefined	1010	16:9 (image protected) ⁽²⁾
Undefined - 0000	0010	Full frame	1011	14:9 (center)
Full Frame - 0010	0011	4:3 (center)	1101	4:3 (with alternate 14:9 center)
:	0100	Box > 16:9 (center)	1110	16:9 (with alternate 14:9 center) ⁽²⁾
16:9 (w/alt 4:3 center) - 1111	1000	Full frame	1111	16:9 (with alternate 4:3 center) ⁽²⁾
• 4:3 Controls	2: Image Protect conversion protecte containing ma information if	ted implies picture ocesses or display d center areas, wi andatory content. F needed. ustom) H Zoom ,	content that mus devices. Alternat th areas outside c Refer to SMPTE 2 V Zoom , and A	SMPTE 2016-1-2007. t not be cropped by te center formats may of the protected area no 016-1-2007 for more
Input: 4:3 Coded Frame —	for the following 1	1		Γ
AFD Code	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description	AFD Code ⁽¹⁾	Description
No AFD Present	- 0000	No code present Undefined	1001	Full frame
No AD Frederic	0010	Box 16:9 (top)	1010	16:9 (center) 14:9 (center)
Undefined - 0000	0011	Box 14:9 (top)	1101	4:3 (with alternate 14:9 center)
Box 16:9 (top) - 0010	0100	Box > 16:9 (center)	1110	16:9 (with alternate 14:9 center) ⁽²⁾
•	1000	Full frame	1111	16:9 (with alternate 4:3 center) ⁽²⁾
16:9 (w/alt 4:3 center) - 1111	2: Image Protec conversion pr have protecte	ted implies picture ocesses or display d center areas, wit	content that must devices. Alternat h areas outside o	SMPTE 2016-1-2007. t not be cropped by e center formats may f the protected area no 016-1-2007 for more

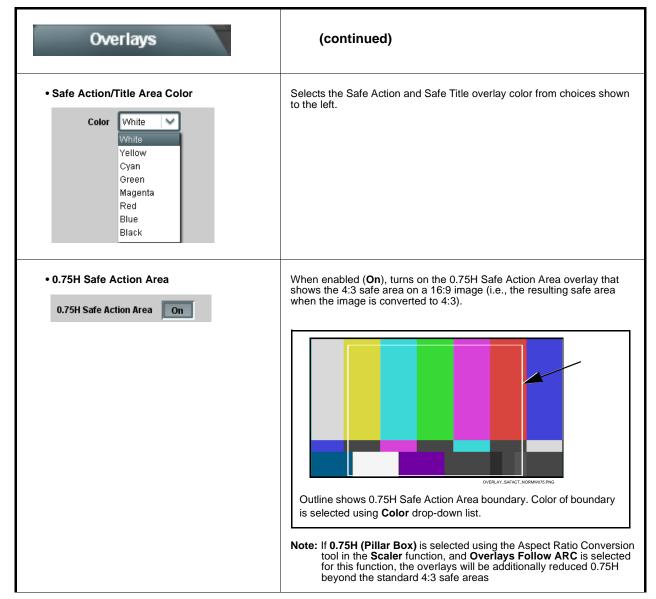


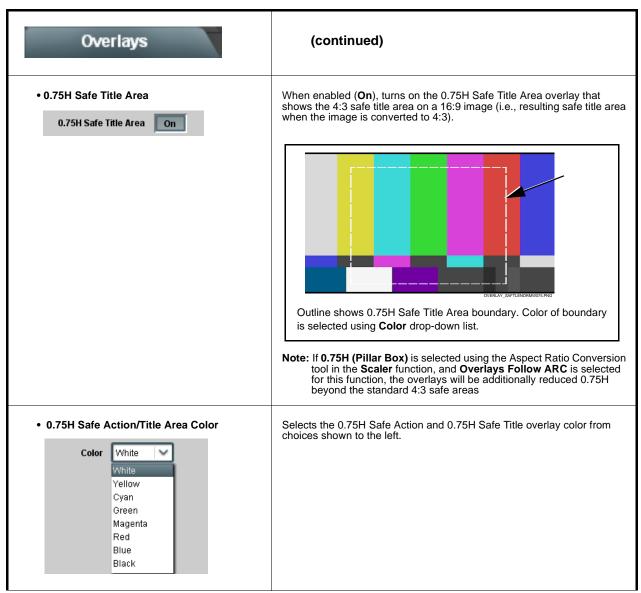


AFD	(continued)
• Output Line	 Allows selecting the line location of the AFD data within the video signal Ancillary Data space. (Range is 9 thru 41) Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
Restore Defaults Restore Defaults Confirm	 Restore Defaults provides default restore of all user settings described in the remainder of the AFD function description. When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation. Click Yes to proceed with restore defaults. Click No to reject restore defaults.









3

Table 3-2	9062 Function	Submenu	List —	continue
Table 3-2	9062 Function	Submenu	List —	continue

Overlays	(continued)
Center Cross	When enabled (On), turns on the Center Cross overlay.
Color White White Yellow Cyan Green Magenta Red Blue Black	Selects the Center Cross overlay color from choices shown to the left.
Overlays Follow ARC Overlays Follow ARC On	When enabled (On), overlays are resized along with the image in accordance with any ARC settings. Note: This choice functions only when a zoom-out is applied (settings less than 100%).

Framesync	Provides video Frame Sync offset and audio re-sync tools.
Framesync Enable	Disables the Frame Sync function, or selects from choices below.
Framesync Enable Reference 1	 Off: Video path bypasses frame sync entirely; output video timing tracks with input video timing. Reference 1: Allows Frame Sync function to use external
Off Reference 1 Reference 2	Reference 1 as the reference ("house") standard. • Reference 2: Allows Frame Sync function to use external
Input Video	Reference 2 as the reference ("house") standard. Note: If Reference 1 or Reference 2 is selected and an appropriate external reference is not received, the Frame Sync ● Reference Invalid indication appears in the Card Int status portion of DashBoard [™] , indicating invalid frame syn reference error. (Additionally, the card edge ERR indicator illuminates indicating the same.) External reference signa Reference 1 and Reference 2 are distributed to the card and other cards via a frame bus.
	 Input Video: Allows full framesync functionality (such as delay offset), but instead uses the input video signal as the reference standard.
	Note: • If Input Video is used for framesync, any timing instabili on the input video will result in corresponding instability of the output video. This setting should only be used where syncing to input video is known to be reliable.
	 Negative vertical or horizontal delay values (using the controls below) should not be used when using Input Video mode. This may result in image motion "jerkiness To add an offset in this case, instead apply a positive value that results in the desired net offset.
Vertical Delay Control	When Framesync is enabled, sets vertical delay (in number of lines of output video timing) between the output video and the frame sync reference.
Vertical Delay (Lines) 1124	(Range is -1124 thru 1124 lines.)
	Note: Lines refer to lines in the output video format, and not to the reference format.
Horizontal Delay Control	When Framesync is enabled, sets (in µsec of output video timing) horizontal delay between the output video and the frame sync reference
Horizontal Delay (us)	(Range is -64.000 thru 64.000 µsec)
-64.000	Note: When an external framesync reference is used, the card will not produce a framesync reset until the variance between framesync reference and output video exceeds ± 2 clock periods. Therefore, framesync reset will not result if offsets within this window are applied.
	To apply an offset/framesync reset within this window, first apply relatively large offset, then apply the target smaller offset.
	Example: To apply a 1-period offset, first apply a 10-period positiv offset and then apply a 9-period negative offset. This results in th target 1-period offset being applied to the output video.

3

Framesync	(continued)
Input Video Mode Fixed Delay Control Input Video Mode Fixed Delay 0.000	When Framesync is enabled and set to Input Video , allows adding video delay. This is useful when compensating for processes which result in large audio delays. (Range is 0.0000 thru 300.0 msec.)
Framesync Audio SRC On/Off Control Audio SRC Off	When Framesync is enabled and set to Input Video , allows disabling audio SRC. This is required if the card is to pass non-PCM audio such as Dolby® audio to downstream devices.
Minimum Latency Frames Control Minimum Latency (Frames) 0	When Framesync is enabled, specifies the smallest amount of latency allowed by the frame sync (latency measurement in output video frames). The frame sync will not output a frame unless the specified number of frames are captured in the buffer. The operational latency of the frame sync is always between the specified minimum latency and minimum latency plus one frame (not one field). (Maximum range is 0 to 32.)
	Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected. For example, with a 525i59.94 output, the practical maximum limit is 13. When using this control, be sure to check the Framesync Status display as follows:
	Framesync Status On Latency frames selection within limits.
	Framesync Status Minimum Latency Frames set to 3 the maximum amount for this standard • Latency frames selection exceeds limits.



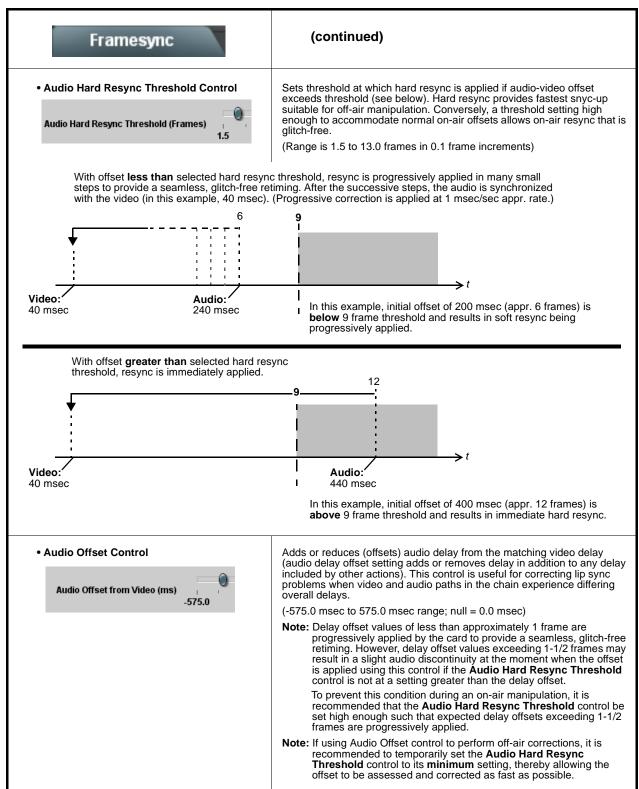


Table 3-2	9062 Function Submenu List — continued

Framesync	(continued)
Current Audio Delay Display Current Audio Delay 2.02 ms / 0 Frames 31 lines	Displays the current input-to-output audio delay (in msec units) as well as in terms of Frames/fractional frame (in number of lines).
Video Delay Display Video Delay 0.06 ms / 0 Frames 1 lines	Displays the current input-to-output video delay (in msec units) as well as in terms of Frames/fractional frame (in number of lines).
• Framesync Status Display Framesync Status On	Displays the current framesync status as follows: Framesync Status On • Framesync status OK. Framesync Status Off • Framesync Enable set to Off. Framesync Status Off no valid reference detected • Improper or missing framesync reference. Framesync Status Minimum Latency Frames set to 3 the maximum amount for this standard • Latency frames selection exceeds limits. Note: See Minimum Latency Frames Control (p. 3-27) for more information about this message.
Loss of Input Signal Selection On Loss of Input Signal: Disable Outputs Disable Outputs Freeze Last Frame Freeze to Color	 In the event of input video Loss of Signal (LOS), determines action to be taken as follows: Disable Outputs: Disable all outputs. Freeze Last Frame: Freeze image to last good frame (last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes). Freeze to Color: Freeze image to a color raster (as selected using Framesync LOS Freeze Color control). Note: Freeze Last Frame and Freeze to Color choices are functional only when frame sync is set to lock to valid reference.
• Framesync LOS Freeze Color Framesync LOS Freeze Color White Vellow Cyan Green Magenta Red Blue Gray 10% Gray 25% Gray 50% Black Custom	In the event of LOS with Freeze to Color enabled above, sets the image raster color from choices shown to the left.

Framesync	(continued)
Custom Color Hue	Adjusts raster hue (phase angle) for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Hue	(-360° to 360° range in 0.1° steps; null = 0°)
Custom Color Saturation	Adjusts raster saturation level for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Saturation 0.0	(0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps)
Custom Color Y Level	Adjusts raster luma level for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Y Level 64	(64 to 940 range)
Reset/Resync Framesync	Reset Framesync resets the frame sync, clearing any buffered audio and video.
Reset Framesync Confirm	Resync Video and Reference resets the input processing paths for video and reference.
Resync Video and Reference Confirm	When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.
	Click Yes to reset the frame sync.
	Click No to reject reset.
	Note: These controls are not normally used or required when the card is receiving a stable, continuous frame sync reference.

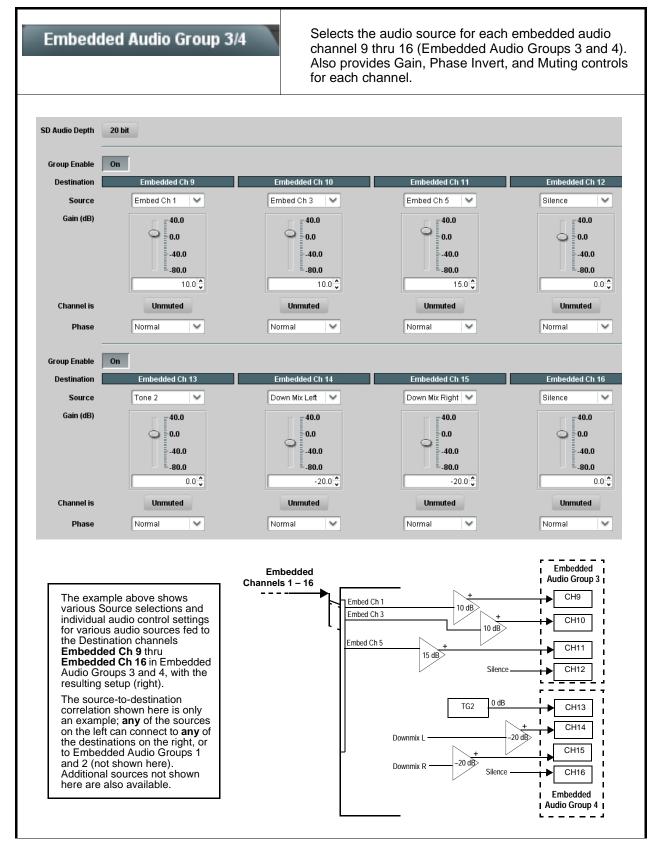
Embed	ded Audio Group		hru 8 (Embedded Audi es Gain, Phase Invert, annel.	
SD Audio Depth	20 bit			
Group Enable	On			
Destination	Embedded Ch 1	Embedded Ch 2	Embedded Ch 3	Embedded Ch 4
Source	Embed Ch 12	Embed Ch 14	Embed Ch 10 💙	Embed Ch 3 🛛 🗸
Gain (dB)	40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0	40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 -20.0 ≎	40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0	40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 -10.0 ↓
Channel is	Unmuted	Unmuted	Unmuted	Unmuted
Phase	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Group Enable	On			
Destination	Embedded Ch 5	Embedded Ch 6	Embedded Ch 7	Embedded Ch 8
Source	Embed Ch 5	Tone 1	Down Mix Left 🗸 🗸	Down Mix Right 💙
	-40.0 -80.0	-15.0 ¢	-15.0 ¢	-15.0 ¢
Channel is	Unmuted	Unmuted	Unmuted	Unmuted
Phase	Normal	Normal	Invert	Normal
various Sou individual au for audio so Destination Embedded Embedded Audio Group resulting sel The source- correlations an example on the left c the destinat to Embedde and 4 (not s Additional s here are als are describe pages.	Ch 1 thru Ch 8 in Embedded os 1 and 2, with the		14 10 -10 dB -10 dB -10 dB -10 dB -10 dB -10 dB	Embedded Audio Group 1 CH1 CH2 CH3 CH3 CH3 CH4 CH4 CH5 CH6 IS dB CH6 CH6 CH7 CH8 Embedded

Embedded Audio Group 1/2	(continued)
SD Audio Depth SD Audio Depth 20 bit SD Audio Depth 24 bit	 Allows option of using 24-bit audio data structure per SMPTE 272M, §3.10 (default is 20-bit per SMPTE 272M, §3.5). Note: If 24-bit depth is desired, make certain downstream equipment is compatible with 24-bit SD audio data. Depth control setting applied here affects both Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4.
described here for Embedded Ch 1 . The	 When enabled (On), enables the embedding of the corresponding embedded audio group (Embedded Audio Group 1 or Embedded Audio Group 2). Embedded Audio Group 1 consists of embedded channels 1 thru 4. Embedded Audio Group 2 consists of embedded channels 5 thru 8. Two Group Enable buttons correspondingly enable or disable Embedded Audio Group 1 and Embedded Audio Group 2. Disabling a group removes the entire group of embedded audio channels while preserving the settings of the channels belonging to the group.
Embedded Channel Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Embed Ch 1	Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded channel from the choices described below.
Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Embed Ch 1 Embed Ch 1 Embed Ch 1 Embed Ch 16	Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enables an embedded channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Embed Ch 1 (embedded Ch 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1)
Down Mix Left or Right as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Down Mix Left Down Mix Left Down Mix Right Down Mix Right	 Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right selections in Source drop-down list allow either downmixer left or right channel to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, the Down Mix Left channel is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right channels are a stereo pair derived from the L, C, R, Ls, and Rs channel inputs selected using the Audio Mixing function. The stereo pair consists of basic L/R PCM signals with no additional encoded information. Refer to Audio Mixing function description on page 3-42 for more information.

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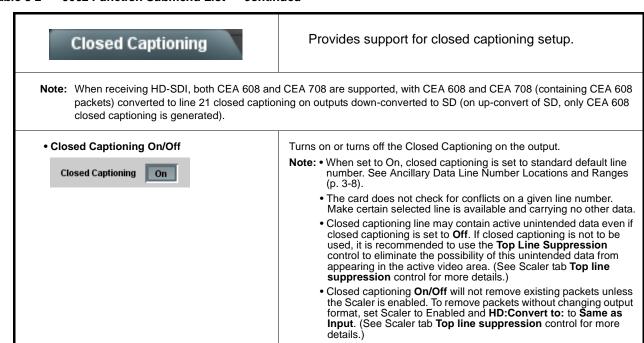
Embedded Audio Group 1/2	(continued)
Mono Mix as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Mono	 Mono selection in Source drop-down list allows mono mix content to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel (In this example, the mono content is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: Mono mix content is set up using Mono Mixer Selection in the Audio Mixing function). Refer to Audio Mixing function description on page 3-42 for more information.
Tone Generator 1 thru 4 as Source Destination Embedded Ch 1 Source Tone 1 Tone 2 Tone 3 Tone 4	 Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4 range in Source drop-down lienables one of four tone generators (Tone 1 thru Tone 4) to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, Tone 1 (tone generator 1) is the source for destination Embedded Ch 1) Note: Tone generator frequencies can be independently set for the four tone generator sources. Refer to Tone Generator function description on page 3-42 for more information.
Silence (Mute) as Source Destination Source Silence Silence Silence	Silence selection in Source drop-down list mutes the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. Use this setting for unused destination channels. (In this example, silence (muting) is applied to Embedded Ch 1)
• Gain (dB) Gain (dB) Gain (dB) 40.0 -40.0 -80.0 21.0	Adjusts and displays relative gain (in dB) applied to the corresponding destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (-80 to +40 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; unity = 0.0 dB)
Mute Control Channel is Unmuted Channel is Muted	Allows pushbutton On/Off channel muting while saving all other settings
Phase Control Phase Invert Normal	Selects between Normal and Invert phase (relative to source original phase) for the destination Embedded Audio Group channel.



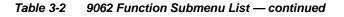


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Embedded Audio Group 3/4	(continued)
• SD Audio Depth	Allows option of using 24-bit audio data structure per SMPTE 272M, §3.10 (default is 20-bit per SMPTE 272M, §3.5).
SD Audio Depth 20 bit	Note: • If 24-bit depth is desired, make certain downstream equipment is compatible with 24-bit SD audio data.
SD Audio Depth 24 bit	Depth control setting applied here affects both Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4.
• Group Enable	When enabled (On), enables the embedding of the corresponding embedded audio group (Embedded Audio Group 3 or Embedded Audio Group 4).
Group Enable On	• Embedded Audio Group 3 consists of embedded channels 9 thru 12.
	Embedded Audio Group 4 consists of embedded channels 13 thru 16
	Two Group Enable buttons correspondingly enable or disable Embedded Audio Group 3 and Embedded Audio Group 4.
	Disabling a group removes the entire group of embedded audio channels while preserving the settings of the channels belonging to the group.
Dolby	Extracts and preserves Dolby [®] metadata from the inpu SDI, and allows the metadata to be re-inserted in the output SDI. This allows scaling and/or format conversions without losing Dolby [®] metadata.
• VBI Metadata Removal	VBI Metadata Removal (On/Off) allows metadata to be removed (On) even if the Scaler is not enabled. (This control is default set to Off, with metadata being passed when Scaler is disabled)
VBI (SMPTE 2020-1-2008) Metadata Removal Off	Note: When the Scaler is enabled, Dolby metadata is automatically removed. Set the Metadata Embedding control to On to re-insert metadata as described above.
Metadata Embedding	Metadata Embedding (On/Off) controls SMPTE 2020-1 metadata embedding in the SDI video output.
Metadata Embedding On	 When set to On, metadata is extracted from the SDI input video, buffered, and re-directed to the output SDI video.
	• When set to Off , metadata is not embedded in the output SDI video.
Metadata Output Line	Allows selection of SMPTE 2020-1 metadata line location within the VANG space for re-inserted Dolby [®] metadata.
Metadata Output Line	(Range is 9 thru 41; default is line #13.)
	Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within th 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limite to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information.
	 The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other



Closed Captioning	(continued)	
Closed Captioning Input Status Input Status CDP Packet on Line 16	 Displays incoming Closed Captioning status as follows: If closed captioning is present, a message similar to the example shown left is displayed. Also displayed is the VANC line number of the incoming closed captioning packet (or SD waveform-based VANC line number). If no closed captioning is present in the video signal, Not Present or Disabled is displayed. Note: Packet closed captioning status Captioning Rejected Due To message can appear due to the items described below. The closed captioning function assesses <i>cdp_identifier</i>, <i>cdp_frame_rate</i>, <i>ccdata_present</i>, and <i>caption_service_active</i> items contained in the packet header to make the determinations listed below. Refer to CEA-708-B for more information. 	
	Message	Description
	Unsupported Frame Rate	Film rate closed-captioning (either as pass-through or up/ down conversion) is not supported by the card.
	Data Not Present	Packet is marked from closed captioning source external to the card that no data is present.
	No Data ID	Packet from closed captioning source external to the card is not properly identified with 0x9669 as the first word of the header (unidentified packet).
	packet from upstream sour inactive. In this case, close processed and passed by	d as inactive display indicates bit in ce may inadvertently be set as ed captioning data (if present) is still the card as normal. tion does not support PAL closed
• Closed Captioning HD Output Line	Selects the VANC line number (9 th when the output is HD. Note: • Although the output line dro	p-down will allow any choice within the
	to) certain ranges to preven picture area depending on Number Locations and Ran • The card does not check for Make certain the selected	range is automatically clamped (limited nt inadvertent conflict with active video format. See Ancillary Data Line nges (p. 3-8) for more information. or conflicts on a given line number. line is available and carrying no other lata is to be intentionally overwritten.



Timecode

Provides timecode data extraction from various sources, and provides formatting and re-insertion controls for inserting the timecode into the output video.

Shown below is an example in which received 720p 5994 SDI video containing an SDI ATC_VITC timecode is to be outputted instead with both ATC_VITC and ATC_LTC timecodes using this function. Each Timecode control is fully described on the pages that follow. 720p 5994 w/ ATC_VITC 720p 5994 9062 w/ ATC_VITC w/ ATC_LTC SDI VITC Waveform Status Unlocked SDI ATC VITC Status 00:10:46:02.0, Field 1 Line 9, Field 2 Line 571 SDI ATC LTC Status Unlocked Α Noting that the incoming video contains SDI ATC_VITC timecode data (as shown in the status Source Priority 1 ATC VITC display), set the Source Priority drop-down lists to include SDI ATC_VITC timecode data as a choice. Source Priority 2 None \sim This extracts SDI ATC_VITC timecode data from the Source Priority 3 None incoming video. Source Priority 4 None \sim In this example, it is desired to provide both SDI B HD ATC VITC Insertion Enabled ATC_VITC and ATC_LTC timecode data in the HD output video. As such, set both HD ATC VITC HD ATC VITC Insertion Line Field 1 9 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended ~ Insertion and HD ATC LTC Insertion to Enabled. HD ATC VITC Insertion Line Field 2 8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended In the example here, the line numbers are set to the default SMPTE 12M-2-2008 recommended values. HD ATC LTC Insertion Enabled 10 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended HD ATC LTC Insertion Line \sim SDI VITC Α Timecode Proc/Embed 720p SDI Priority/ w/ ATC_VITC Select SDI VITC ATC VITC Detect/Extract Buffer/ Timecode B Format Proc/Embed Α SDI ATC_VITC Detect/Extract ATC_LTC В Timecode Proc/Embed 720p SDI SDI ATC LTC Detect/Extract w/ATC_VITC w/ATC_LTC Insert ATC_VITC Insertion = Enabled Audio LTC Control Detect/Extract ATC_LTC Insertion = Enabled Line Number ATC_VITC1 = Line 9 (default SMPTE 12M-2) Control ATC_VITC2 = Line 8 (571) (default SMPTE 12M-2) ATC_LTC = Line 10 (default SMPTE 12M-2)

Table 3-2	9062 Function Submenu List — continued
	3002 i unction Submenu List — continueu

Timecode	(continued)		
Option SAudio LTC and RS-485 LTC controls described below only appear on cards with +LTC licensed optional feature. This feature allows bidirectional conversion between VBI-based timecode and LTC timecode on audio and RS-485 interfaces.			
Timecode Source Status Displays	Displays the current status and contents of the supported timecode formats shown to the left.		
SDI VITC Waveform Status 05:20:19:27.0 SDI ATC_LTC Status Unlocked SDI ATC_VITC Status Unlocked	 If a format is receiving timecode data, the current content (timecode running count and line number) is displayed. If a format is not receiving timecode data, Unlocked is displayed. 		
Audio LTC Status 21:02:40:02.1 Audio LTC Source Embedded Input Ch 9	 If Audio LTC is being received, the timecode running count is displayed. Audio LTC Source selects audio source to be used by card audio LTC function from Emb Ch 1 thru Ch 16. Note: Audio LTC Source must be appropriately set for card to receive and process audio LTC. 		
RS-485 Port LTC Control RS-485 Port Function LTC In (Overrides Audio LTC Source) Dolby Metadata LTC In (Overrides Audio LTC Source) LTC Output	 Allows RS-485 port to be used to receive LTC, or send LTC over RS-485 port as follows: If RS-485 LTC is to be received via the shared RS-485 port, set the RS-485 Port Function control to LTC In. If RS-485 LTC is to be outputted via the shared RS-485 port, set the RS-485 Port Function control to LTC Output. The timecode string carried on the LTC output is that selected using the Source Priority controls described on the next page. 		
Incoming ATC Packet Removal Control Incoming ATC Packet Removal Disabled	 Enables or disables removal of existing input video ATC timecode packets from the output. This allows removal of undesired existing timecodes from the output, resulting in a "clean slate" where only desired timecodes are then re-inserted into the output. (For example, if both SDI ATC_VITC and ATC_LTC are present on the input video, and only ATC_LTC is desired, using the Removal control will remove both timecodes from the output. The ATC_LTC timecode by itself can then be re-inserted on the output using the other controls discussed here.) Note: When the Scaler is enabled, ATC packets are automatically removed. The Timecode function must be used to re-insert the timecode data into the output video. 		

Timecode	(continued)
Source Priority 1 Source Priority 2 Source Priority 3 Source Priority 4	As described here, selects the priority assigned to each of the three supported formats (or none) in the event the preferred source is unavailable. Each of the four Source Priority selection lists allows assignment of source priority from the following choices: Source Priority 1 SDI VITC None SDI VITC ATC_LTC ATC_VITC ATC_VITC Audio LTC Source Priority 1 thru Source Priority 4 select the preferred format to be used in descending order (i.e., Source Priority 2 selects the second-most preferred format, and so on).
Output Status Display Output Status O0:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC)	 Displays the current content and source being used for the timecode data as follows: Output Status 00:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC) Output status OK (in this example, SDI VITC timecode received and outputted). Output Status Insertion Disabled Timecode Insertion button set to Disabled; output insertion disabled. Note: If timecode is not available from Source Priority selections performed, timecode on output reverts to Free Run (internal count) mode. Because the 1's digit of the display Frames counter goes from 0 to 29, the fractional digit (along with the 1's digit) indicates frame count as follows: 0.0 0.1 Frame 1 1.0 Frame 3 29.1 Frame 59
Offset Controls Offset Advanced Offset Field Offset Frame Offset Frame	 Allows the current timecode count to be advanced or delayed on the output video. Offset Advance or Delay selects offset advance or delay. Offset Field delays or advances or delays timecode by one field. Offset Frame delays or advances or delays timecode by up to 5 frames. Note: Default settings are null, with both controls set at zero as shown.



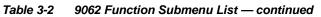
Timecode	(continued)	
 Note: Although the output line drop-down on the controls described below will allow a particular range of choices, the ac range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carry no other data. Insertion controls described below enable or disable insertion on output video only when the Scaler is enabled. Existing waveform or packet-based data on an unscaled stream are not affected by these controls and are passed the SDI output. 		
SD VITC Waveform Insertion Controls VITC Waveform Output 1 Line Number VITC Waveform Output 2 Line Number SD VITC Waveform Insertion Enabled	 For SD output, enables or disables SD VITC waveform timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the VITC1 and VITC2 line numbers (6 thru 22) where the VITC waveform is inserted. Note: • If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number. • SD VITC Waveform Insertion control only affects VITC waveforms inserted (or copied to a new line number) by this function. 	
• SD ATC Insertion Control SD ATC_VITC Insertion Enabled SD ATC Insertion Line 13 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	For SD output, enables or disables SD ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC.	
HD ATC_LTC Insertion Control HD ATC_LTC Insertion HD ATC_LTC Insertion Line 10 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	For HD output, enables or disables ATC_LTC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_LTC timecode data.	
HD ATC_VITC Insertion Control HD ATC_VITC Insertion Enabled HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 1 9 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 2 8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	 For HD output, enables or disables ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC1 and ATC_VITC2. Note: If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number. 	
ATC_VITC Legacy Support Control ATC VITC Legacy Support Disabled	 When enabled, accommodates equipment requiring ATC_VITC packet in both fields as a "field 1" packet (non-toggling). Note: Non-toggling VITC1 and VITC2 packets do not conform to SMPTE 12M-2-2008 preferences. As such, ATC_VITC Legacy Support should be enabled only if required by downstream equipment. 	

Tone Generator	Sets the test tone frequency for each of four tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru 4).
Frequency Selection Lists Tone Generator 1 Frequency Tone Generator 4 Frequency 1 KHz KHz	Selects the frequency for each of the four tone generators. 18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz). Note: Unity-gain signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu.
Audio Mixing	 Provides down-mix audio routing selections that multiplexes any five embedded audio channel sources into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right), or selection of any two audio sources to be mono-mixed to serve as a monaural source. With an optional upmixer licensable feature activated, any normal PCM stereo pair can be fed to the upmixer to generate 5.1 surround sound audio which in turn can be applied to six user-selectable channels.
• Down Mixer Selection Left Embed Ch 1 Right Embed Ch 2 Center Embed Ch 3 Left Surround Embed Ch 4 Right Surround Embed Ch 5	Separate drop-down lists for Left, Right, Center, Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) inputs allow embedded channel (or silence) audio source selection for each of the five inputs as shown below.
	Note: The stereo pair are basic L/R PCM signals with no additional encoded information.

Table 3-2 9062 Function Submenu List — continued

Table 3-2 9062 Function Submenu List — continued

Audio Mixing	(continued)
Center Mix Ratio Control	Adjusts the attenuation ratio of center-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lt and Rt content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix.
Center Mix Ratio (dB) 10.0	 Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. Center channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content with no attenuation, making center-channel content more predominate in the overall mix.
	 Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of center-channel content. Center-channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making center-channel content less predominate in the overall mix.
	(0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB)
	Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain center-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.
Surround Mix Ratio Control	Adjusts the attenuation ratio of surround-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lo and Ro content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix.
Surround Mix Ratio (dB) 10.0	 Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. Surround-channel content is restored with no attenuation, making Lo and Ro content more predominate in the overall mix.
	 Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of surround-channel content. Surround-channel content is restored at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making surround-channel content less predominate in the overall mix.
	(0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB)
	Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain surround-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.
Mono Mixer Selection Mono Mixer Selection	Separate drop-down lists for Left and Right inputs allow selected embedded input channels to provide an additional mono-mixed channel.
Left Embed Ch 12	The resulting mono mix (Mono) is available as an audio source for any of the destination embedded output channels as shown below.
Right Embed Ch 16	Destination Embedded Ch 1 Mono Embed Ch 16 Down Mix Left Down Mix Right Mono Tone 1 Emb Ch 12 Emb Ch 16 Emb Ch 12 Emb Ch 16 Emb Ch 16 Emb Ch 12 Emb Ch 16 Emb Ch 1
	Note: Selection of any two channels for mono mixing in no way affects the source channels themselves.



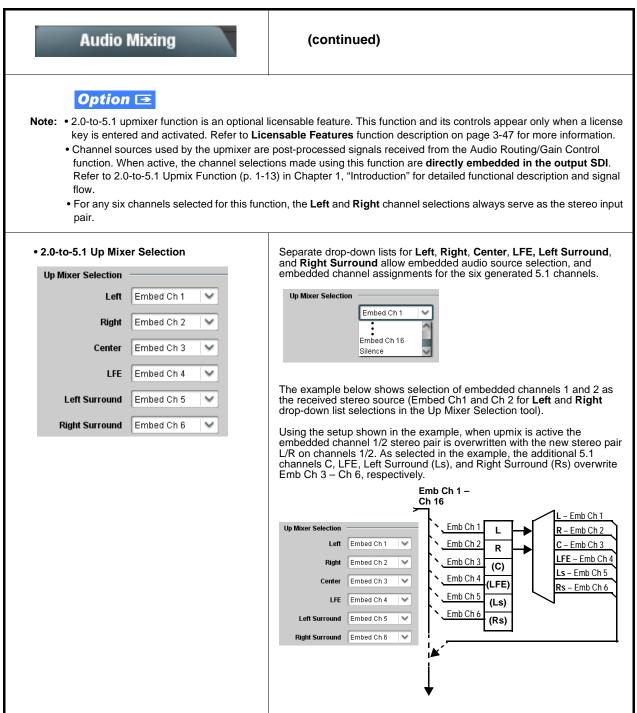
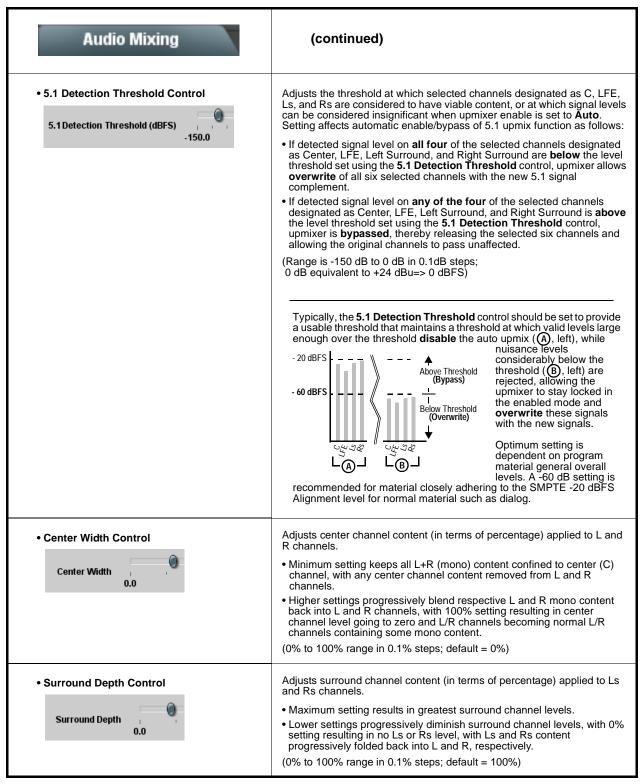


Table 3-2 9062 Function Submenu List — continued

Audio Mixing	(continued)
• Up Mixer Mode Control Up Mixer Controls Mode Auto Always Upmix Bypass	 Enables or bypasses upmixer as follows: Auto: Automatic enable/bypass of 5.1 upmix function as follows: If detected signal level on all four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are below the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer. If detected signal level on any of the four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround is above the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer is bypassed and the original channels pass unaffected. Always Upmix: Manual enable turns on upmixer and overwrites content on all six selected channels with new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer regardless of original signal level or content. Bypass: Manual disable bypasses the upmixer. When bypassed, the six embedded audio channels pass unaffected.
• Up Mixer Status Display Status Auto Mode - Currently Upmixing Status Auto Mode - Currently Bypassed Status Upmixing Status Upmixing	 Shows activity status of upmixer processing as follows: Auto Mode - Currently Upmixing: With upmixer enable set to Auto, indicates selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are clear for use (as described above); upmixer is currently up-mixing received stereo pair and overwriting the six selected channels with new 5.1 upmix. Auto Mode - Currently Bypassed: With upmixer enable set to Auto, indicates selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround have content (such as existing original 5.1 or other content); upmixer is bypassed (disabled) and allows normal passage of six selected channels. Upmixing: Indicates upmixer is manually enabled (set to Always Upmix) and is currently up-mixing received stereo pair and overwriting the six selected channels with new 5.1 upmix. Bypassed: Indicates upmixer is manually disabled (set to Bypass) and is currently passing all selected channels unaffected.
• Auto Crossfade Speed Controls Auto Crossfade Speed Upmix to Bypass Very Slow Very Slow Slow Medium Quick Very Quick Instant	Individual controls select the relative crossfade transition speed between Upmix to Bypass (going to inactive; from 5.1 to 2.0) and Bypass to Upmix (going to active; from 2.0 to 5.1) when upmixer enable is set to Auto and the active threshold (as set by the 5.1 Detection Threshold control) is crossed in either direction. To suit program material and production aesthetic preferences, several choices are available as shown to the left. Slower settings allow for a more gradual transition between modes, however with a longer interval before levels stabilize. Faster settings conversely allow for a smaller interval before levels stabilize, however with greater perceived abruptness.



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le 3-2 9062 Function Submenu List — continued				
Licensable Features	Allows activation of optional licensed features.			
already be installed activated. To order feat sales@cobaltdigital.com or at the contact in	Note: For card pre-ordered with licensed feature(s), the activation steps described below are not required; the feature will already be installed activated. To order features and obtain a license key, contact Cobalt [®] sales at sales@cobaltdigital.com or at the contact information in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. in Chapter 1, "Introduction". Please provide the "SSN" number of your card (displayed in the Card Info pane) when contacting us for your key.			
License Feature and Key Entry window Feature Unlicensed Feature Key Enter Key Here	 Activate licensable feature as described below. 1. Enter the feature key string in the Feature Key box. Press return or click outside of the box to acknowledge entry. Note: Entry string is case sensitive. Do not enter any spaces. 2. In the DashBoard[™] Card Info pane, wait for the feature identification to be shown for the card product number (for example, "-UM" appearing after the card part number) and Valid Key Entered to be displayed. This indicates the key was correctly entered and recognized by the card. Note: If DashBoard[™] card function submenu/control pane does not re-appear, close the card and re-open it. 3. Click and confirm Reboot. When the card function submenu/control pane appears again, the licensable feature will be available. Note: Applying the licensable feature and its reboot has no effect on prior settings. All control settings and drop-down selections are retained. 			
Presets	Allows up to 16 card user settings configuration presets to be saved in a Preset and then recalled (loaded) as desired. All current settings (including list selections and scalar (numeric) control settings such as Gain, etc.) are saved when a Preset Save is invoked.			
Card NameRCVR21Selected Preset1.FactPrePreset NameFactPrePreset SaveConfirmPreset LoadConfirmReset Current PresetConfirmDownload PresetsCDI Presets.bin	 The Preset Name field and Preset Save button allow custom user setting configurations to be labeled and saved to a Preset for future use. The Preset Load button and the Selected Preset drop-down list allow saved presets to be selected and loaded as desired. When a preset is loaded, it immediately becomes active with all user settings now automatically set as directed by the preset. Saved presets can be uploaded to a computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards. Each of the items to the left are described in detail on the following pages. 			
Selected Preset Selected Preset I.FactPre I.Fa	 Selected Preset 1 thru Selected Preset 16 range in drop-down list selects one of 16 stored presets as ready for Save (being written to) or for Load (being applied to the card). Note: The preset names shown to the left are the default (unnamed) preset names. All 16 presets in this case are loaded identically with the factory default settings. 			

Table 3-2	9062 Function	Submenu	l ist —	continued
	3002 I UNCUON	Submenu	List —	continueu

Presets	(continued)
Preset Save and Load Preset Save Confirm Preset Load Confirm	 Preset Save stores all current card control settings to the currently selected preset. (For example, if Preset 1 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Save will then save all current card control settings to Preset 1) Preset Load loads (applies) all card control settings defined by whatever preset (Preset 1 thru Preset 16) is currently selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list. (For example, if Preset 3 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Load will then apply all card control settings defined in Preset 3).
Card Name Card Name RCVR 21 Input Processing	Text entry field provides for optional entry of card name, function, etc. (as shown in this example). Note: Card name can be 31 ASCII characters maximum.
Preset Name FactPre	With one of 16 presets selected, provides for entry of custom name for the preset (as shown in example below). Selected Preset 2.RCVR21 Preset Name RCVR21 RCVR21 RCVR21 RCVR21 Note: Preset name can be seven ASCII characters maximum.

Table 3-2	9062 Function	Submenu L	list — contin	ued

Presets	(continued)
Download Presets Download Presets CDI Presets.bin Save	Download Presets allows all 16 presets to be stored to a specified location on a network computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards.
Reset Current Preset Reset Current Preset Confirm	 Reset Current Preset resets all parameters (including preset custom name entered) of the currently selected Preset (as displayed in the Selected Preset field) to factory default settings. The above button has a Confirm? pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation.
then be uploaded back to the card. Note also that a presets file can also be uploaded t	Browse to the location where the file was saved on the computer or drive (in this example, <i>My Documents\Cobalt</i> <i>Presets</i>).

Troubleshooting

This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the 9062 card and its remote control interface. The 9062 card requires no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

Error and Failure Indicator Overview

The 9062 card itself and its remote control systems all (to varying degrees) provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the 9062 card is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoardTM or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various 9062 card and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

- **Note:** The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.
 - Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-54)
 - 9062 Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-55)
 - Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors (p. 3-57)

3

9062 Card Edge Status/Error Indicators and Display

Figure 3-6 shows and describes the 9062 card edge status indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the card itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the card itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

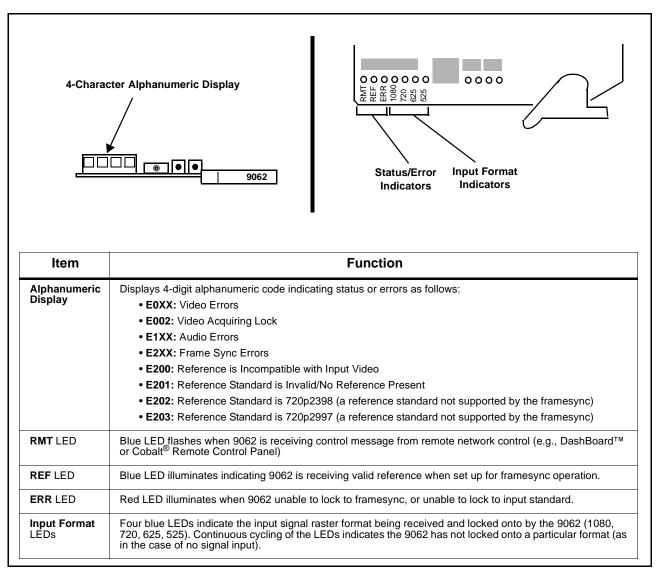


Figure 3-6 9062 Card Edge Status Indicators and Display

DashBoard[™] Status/Error Indicators and Displays

Figure 3-7 shows and describes the DashBoard[™] status indicators and displays. These indicator icons and displays show status and error conditions relating to the 9062 card itself and remote (network) communications.

Indicator Icon or Display	Error Description
KING CONTRACTOR SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT	Red indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card with Error condition (in this example, the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows a general error issued by the 9062 card in slot 6).
CDI-9062 RCVR 2 Card state: • No connection to device. Connection: • OFFLINE	Specific errors are displayed in the Card Info pane (in this example "No connection to device" indicating 9062 card is not connecting to frame/LAN).
Gain (dB)	If the 9062 card is not connecting to the frame or LAN, all controls are grayed-out (as shown in the example here).
Slot 6: CDI-9062 RCVR 2	Gray indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card(s) are not being seen by DashBoard [™] due to lack of connection to frame LAN (in this example, both a 9062 card in slot 6 and the MFC-8320-N Network Controller Card for its frame in slot 0 are not being seen).
	Yellow indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card with Alert condition (in this example, the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows a general alert issued by the MFC-8320-N Network Controller Card).
MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053 - MFC-8320-N Card state: O Fan Door Open Connection: ONLINE	Clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree (in this example Network Controller Card "Slot 0: MFC-8320-N") opens the Card Info pane for the selected card. In this example, a "Fan Door Open" specific error is displayed.
Video Input Standard INVALID Reference Standard Reference Input Video: INVALID SSN 000011672394 Video Input Invalid Audio OK	Yellow indicator icon in 9062 Card Info pane shows error alert, along with cause for alert (in this example, the 9062 is receiving no video input, or a video input that is invalid for the card and/or its current settings).
Framesync Status Off no valid reference detected	Where available, error messages within a function submenu pane show highly specific information relating to detected errors (in this example, message shows ar invalid or missing Framesync Enable reference selection).

Figure 3-7 DashBoard™ Status Indicator Icons and Displays

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Access Card Info panes for specific cards by clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane (as shown in the example in Figure 3-8).

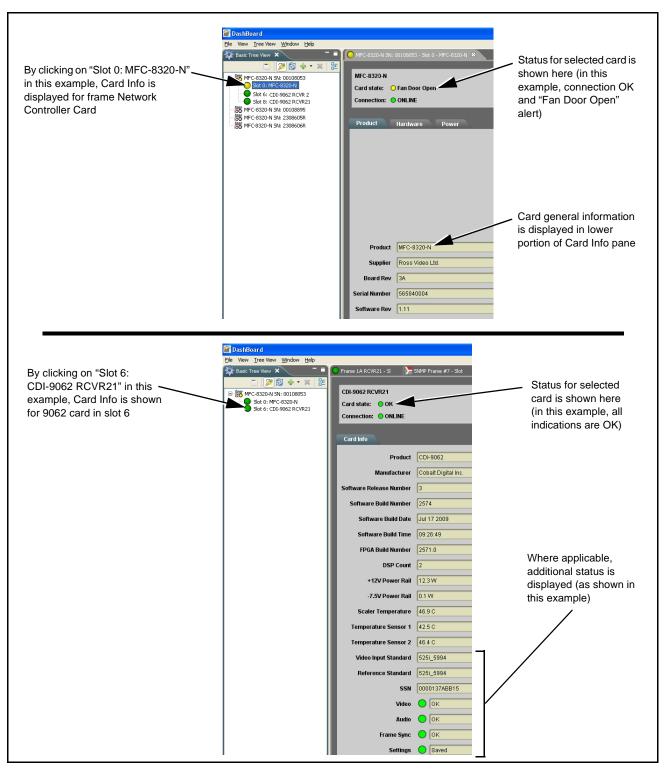


Figure 3-8 Selecting Specific Cards for Card Info Status Display

Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Failures of a general nature (affecting many cards and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-3 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

Item	Checks
Verify power presence and characteristics	• On both the frame Network Controller Card and the 9062, in all cases when power is being properly supplied there is always at least one indicator illuminated. Any card showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern.
	 Check the Power Consumed indications for both the +12 V and -7.5 V supply rails for the 9062 card. This can be observed using the DashBoard[™] Card Info pane, or using the card edge controls and indicators as shown in Figure 3-4 on page 3-7.
	 If either of the rail supplies show no power being consumed, either the frame power supply, connections, or the 9062 card itself is defective.
	 If either of the rail supplies show excessive power being consumed (see Technical Specifications (p. 1-19) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the 9062 card may be defective.
Check Cable connection secureness and connecting points	Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended card inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules.
Card seating within slots	Make certain all cards are properly seated within its frame slot. (It is best to assure proper seating by ejecting the card and reseating it again.)
Check status indicators and displays	On both DashBoard [™] and the 9062 card edge indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action.
Troubleshoot by substitution	All cards within the frame can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect card or module with a known-good item.

Table 3-3 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

9062 Processing Error Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 provides 9062 processing troubleshooting information. If the 9062 card exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-4, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the 9062 is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the card.

- **Note:** The error indications shown below are typical for the corresponding error conditions listed. Other error indications not specified here may also be displayed on DashBoard[™] and/or the 9062 card edge status indicators.
- **Note:** Where errors are displayed on both the 9062 card and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
 DashBoard[™] shows Video yellow icon and Input Invalid message in 9062 Card Info pane. Video Input Invalid Card edge Input Format LEDs show continuous cycling. 	No video input present	Make certain intended video source is connected to appropriate 9062 card video input. Make certain BNC cable connections between frame Rear I/O Module for the card and signal source are OK.
 DashBoard[™] shows Frame Sync red icon and Reference Invalid message in 9062 Card Info pane. Frame Sync ● Reference Invalid Card edge red ERR indicator illuminated. 	Frame sync reference not properly selected or not being received	 If external frame sync reference is not intended to be used, make certain the Framesync Enable selection list is set to Off or Input Video as desired. If external frame sync reference is intended to be used, make certain selected external frame sync reference is active on frame bus. (External reference signals Reference 1 and Reference 2 are distributed to the 9062 and other cards via a frame bus.)
		Refer to Framesync function submenu tab on page 3-26 for more information.

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
DashBoard [™] shows Framesync Status error message in 9062 Framesync function submenu screen. Framesync Status Minimum Latency Fram	Specified Minimum Latency Frames setting exceeds 9062 card buffer space for the selected output video format	Reduce the Minimum Latency Frames setting as specified in the error message to correct the error. Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected. For example, with a 1080i 5994 output, the maximum setting is 5. For a 1080i film (2398) output, the maximum setting is 3 (due to the increased buffer space needed for the slower frame rate). Conversely, greater maximum
DashBoard [™] shows Output Status error message in 9062 Timecode function submenu screen.	Timecode not available due to lack of appropriate input timecode data	settings are allowed for SD formats such as 525i 5994, where the practical maximum limit is 13. Timecode output requires that source and priority are appropriately selected. Also, video input must contain appropriate timecode data and framesync reference. Refer to Timecode function submenu tab on
Output Status No Output Available Video/audio synchronization or delay noted.	Source synchronization condition	page 3-38 for more information. Use the Audio Offset from Video control to compensate for video/audio delay.
		Refer to Framesync function submenu tab on page 3-26 for more information.
Unsmooth, "jerky" motion observed on video output with Framesync set to lock to input video.	Incompatible negative H/V delay value user setting of Vertical Delay or Hoeizontal Delay controls	Negative vertical or horizontal delay values (using the controls below) should not be used when using Input Video mode. To add an offset in this case, instead apply a positive value that results in the desired net offset.
Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode, Dolby [®] metadata, AFD) not transferred through 9062.	Control(s) not enabled	• Make certain respective control is set to On or Enabled (as appropriate).
	VANC line number conflict between two or more ancillary data items	 Make certain each ancillary data item to be passed is assigned a unique line number (see Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges on page 3-8).
Audio signal(s) do not route as expected. Parameter control not available as expected.	Embedded audio contains Dolby [®] E or Dolby Digital encoded signal	When a valid Dolby [®] E or Dolby Digital signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an embedded audio signal, gain and polarity controls are bypassed (even though controls may appear to be functional). Gain and polarity controls are not available for this signal type. Refer to Status displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab on page 3-10 for more information.

 Table 3-4
 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
Audio not processed or passed through card.	Input audio of type that cannot be locked by 9062 card	 Embedded audio must be nominal 48 kHz input. Note: Although the Status Displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab will show audio formats other than "Present, Professional" as being locked (such as "Present, Consumer"), in any case the audio must be at nominal 48 kHz rate for lock and processing to occur.
Audio not processed or passed through card (cont.)	Enable control not turned on	• Group Enable button for Embedded Audio Group 1/2 or Embedded Audio Group 3/4 function submenu must be turned on for sources to be embedded into respective embedded channels.
	Upmixer inadvertently enabled (Upmixer Licensed Feature Only)	 Make certain upmixer is set to Bypass if not intended for use. Note: When manually enabled or set for automatic enable with appropriate signal levels, upmixer overwrites selected embedded channels with new data; same-channel embedded output will no longer represent same-channel embedded inputs for selected channels.
	Dolby-encoded pair not recognized by downstream devices/systems	• If framesync is enabled and using Input Video as source, Audio SRC must be set to Off to maintain integrity of Dolby pair for downstream devices.

 Table 3-4
 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors

Refer to Cobalt[®] reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM) for network/remote control troubleshooting information.

In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-22) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.

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