

# **Upconverter**

with SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support

# **Product Manual**



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Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt<sup>®</sup> 9067 Upconverter with SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support. The 9067 is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of your 9067, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

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# Introduction

#### **Overview**

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the 9067 Upconverter with SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support card (also referred to herein as the 9067).

This manual consists of the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Introduction" Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the 9067.
- Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" Provides instructions for installing the 9067 in a frame, and optionally installing a 9067 Rear I/O Module.
- Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using the 9067.

**This chapter** contains the following information:

- 9067 Card Software Versions and this Manual (p. 1-2)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-3)
- Safety Summary (p. 1-4)
- 9067 Functional Description (p. 1-5)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-18)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-20)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-21)

## 9067 Card Software Versions and this Manual

When applicable, Cobalt Digital Inc. provides for continual product enhancements through software updates. As such, functions described in this manual may pertain specifically to cards loaded with a particular software build.

The Software Version of your card can be checked by viewing the **Card Info** menu in DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>. See Checking 9067 Card Information (p. 3-7) in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" for more information. You can then check our website for the latest software version currently released for the card as described below.

Check our website and proceed as follows if your card's software does not match the latest version:

1	
Card Software <b>earlier</b> than latest version	Card is not loaded with the latest software. Not all functions and/or specified performance described in this manual may be available.
	You can update your card with new Update software by going to the <b>Support&gt;Firmware Downloads</b> link at www.cobaltdigital.com.  Download "Firmware Update Guide", which provides simple instructions for downloading the latest firmware for your card onto your computer, and then uploading it to your card through DashBoard <sup>TM</sup> .
	Software updates are field-installed without any need to remove the card from its frame.
Card Software <b>newer</b> than version in manual	A new manual is expediently released whenever a card's software is updated and specifications and/or functionality have changed as compared to an earlier version (a new manual is not necessarily released if specifications and/or functionality have not changed). A manual earlier than a card's software version may not completely or accurately describe all functions available for your card.
	If your card shows features not described in this manual, you can check for the latest manual (if applicable) and download it by going to the Support>Documents>Product Information and Manuals link at www.cobaltdigital.com.

## **Cobalt Reference Guides**

From the Cobalt<sup>®</sup> web home page, go to **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, card firmware updates, and other topics.

**Introduction** Manual Conventions

## **Manual Conventions**

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the 9067 itself. Examples are provided below.

• Card-edge display messages are shown like this:



• Connector names are shown like this: **SDI IN** 

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- **9067** refers to the 9067 Upconverter with SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support card.
- **Frame** refers to the HPF-9000, OG3-FR, 8321, or similar 20-slot frame that houses Cobalt® or other cards.
- **Device** and/or **Card** refers to a COMPASS® card.
- System and/or Video System refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which the 9067 and other COMPASS® cards operate.
- Functions and/or features that are available only as an option are denoted in this manual like this:



#### Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

#### **Warnings**

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

#### **Cautions**

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

#### **Notes**

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

**1** Safety Summary

#### **Labeling Symbol Definitions**

$\triangle$	Attention, consult accompanying documents.
	Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices.  If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle card only by edges and avoid contact with any connectors or components.
	Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC) For product disposal, ensure the following:  • Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste.  • Collect this product separately.  • Use collection and return systems available to you.

# **Safety Summary**

#### **Warnings**

! WARNING!

To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

#### **Cautions**

CAUTION

This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments.

CAUTION

This product is intended to be a component product of an openGear® frame. Refer to the openGear frame Owner's Manual for important safety instructions regarding the proper installation and safe operation of the frame as well as its component products.

CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9067 has a moderate power dissipation (18 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9067 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

# 9067 Functional Description

Figure 1-1 shows a functional block diagram of the 9067. The 9067 upconverter also includes embedded audio support and routing and a full video frame synchronizer. The 9067 also handles AFD code detection and processing, timecode insertion, and closed captioning support. The up-converted video aspect ratio can be corrected to provide proper output aspect.

Note:

Some of the functions described below are available only when using the DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, or Cobalt<sup>®</sup> OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Control Panels user interfaces. Refer to User Control Interface (p. 1-15) for user interface descriptions.

#### 9067 Input/Output Formats

The 9067 provides the following inputs and outputs:

- Inputs:
  - HD/SD-SDI IN dual-rate HD/SD-SDI input
- Outputs:
  - **HD/SD-SDI OUT** four dual-rate HD/SD-SDI buffered video outputs
  - RCK OUT four dual-rate HD/SD-SDI reclocked buffered input copies

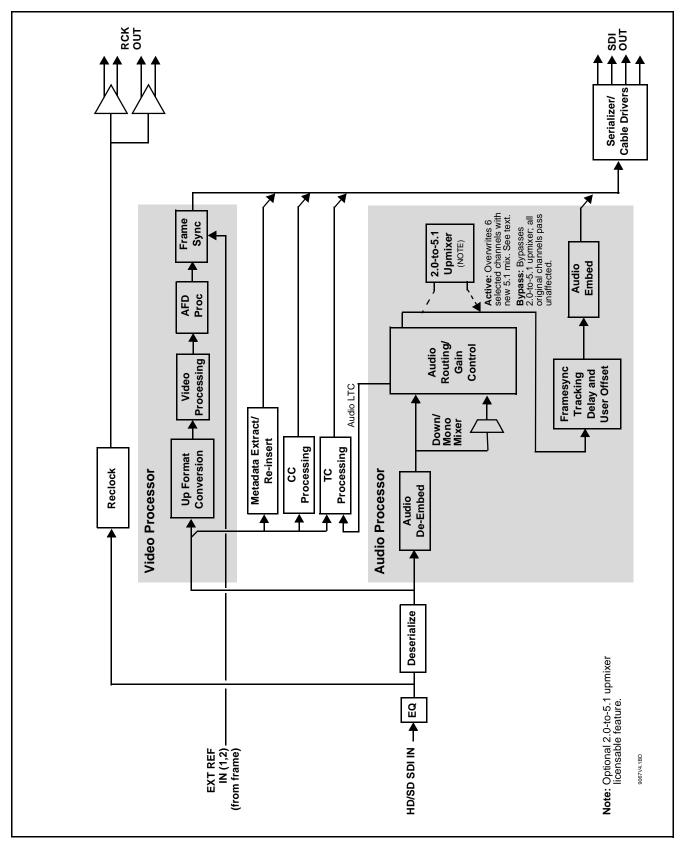


Figure 1-1 9067 Functional Block Diagram

#### **Video Processor Description**

The 9067 features a scaler that provides up-conversion using de-interlacing and motion adaptation for high quality up-conversions. The scaler also provides user-adjustable aspect ratio control and zoom control. The 9067 video subsystem also provides the functions described below.

#### **Video Processor**

The 9067 provides full color processing control (luma gain and lift, chroma saturation, and color phase) of the output video.

#### **Frame Sync Function**

This function provides for frame sync control using either one of two external **EXT REF IN (1,2)** reference signals distributed with the card frame, or the input video as a frame sync reference.

This function also allows horizontal and/or vertical offset to be added between the output video and the frame sync reference.

A video/audio delay offset function allows adding or reducing audio delay from the matching video delay. This function is useful for correcting lip sync problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing overall delays. A Reset Framesync function resets the frame sync following any horizontal or vertical offset changes, clearing any buffered audio and video and re-establishing the frame sync. The 9067 re-establishes video/audio sync following framesync changes by applying an offset in small, progressive amounts to provide a seamless, glitch-free retiming. A user-selectable hard resync function allows setting a threshold at which hard resync is applied if audio-video offset exceeds a selectable threshold. Hard resync provides fastest snyc-up suitable for off-air manipulation. Conversely, a threshold setting that avoids hard resync allows glitch-free on-air manipulation.

In the event of input video loss of signal, this function provides for disabling the video, going to a desired color raster, or freezing to the last intact frame (frame having valid SAV and EAV codes).

#### **Scaler Function**

The scaler function provides up-conversion from standard SD formats. It provides up-conversion to multiple frame rates, film frame rates, and up-conversion to interlaced and progressive formats. Table 1-1 lists the 9067 conversion choices available for various input formats and frame rates.

Table 1-1 Scaler Function Conversions

Input Format	SD (NTSC/ PAL)	720p	720p half-rate	720p (film rates)	1080i	1080p	1080p (film rates)	1080PsF (film rates)
525i 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 <sub>(4)</sub>	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 <sub>(4)</sub>	1080PsF 23.98 <sub>(4)</sub>
625i 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х

Notes: 1. The drop-down list choice of "Same as Input" is used when no conversion is desired. For clarity, it is not redundantly listed here.

- 2. "X" denotes conversions not available or invalid conversions.
- 3. Interlaced formats rates listed are field rates. Progressive format rates listed are frame rates.
- 4. If the original material does not have a proper 3-2 cadence suitable for conversion to film rates, the conversion reverts to standard de-interlacing. While this video can be converted to film rates, the resulting image motion will lack smoothness. Therefore, make certain interlaced video is appropriately constructed for 3-2 reverse pulldown when converting video to film rates.
- 5. "NTSC" and "PAL" in this manual informally denote 486i5994 and 575i50 SD-SDI video formats, respectively.

When output video is set to 720p, the 720p output can be converted to 720p half-rate formats as listed in Table 1-1. When output video is set to 1080 film (1080p23.98), the 9067 can convert the output to 1080PsF23.98 (segmented frame progressive).

The scaler function also provides aspect ratio conversion that provides a choice from several standard aspect ratios. Additionally, user-defined and "Follow AFD Settings" conversion can be applied. User defined settings allow custom user-defined H and V aspect ratio control. "Follow AFD Settings" sets the output aspect ratio to track with AFD (Active Format Description) settings embedded in the received video signal.

#### **Timecode Processor**

(See Figure 1-2.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from the input video, and in turn re-insertion of timecode data into the output SDI. In this manner, timecode data can be preserved, even after format conversion. The function can monitor the SDI video input of the card for supported timecode formats, and then select and prioritize among SDI VITC, SDI ATC\_VITC, SDI ATC\_LTC, and audio LTC timecode sources. Audio LTC can be received over a selected embedded input. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used by the card; if the preferred format is not detected, the card uses other formats (where available) as desired.

The function also provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

Option Detroin Detroin Detroin Detroin Detween VBI formats over SDI and audio LTC, as well as RS-485 LTC. Audio LTC can be received or sent over a selected balanced analog audio input, or as digital audio over a selected embedded or AES input.

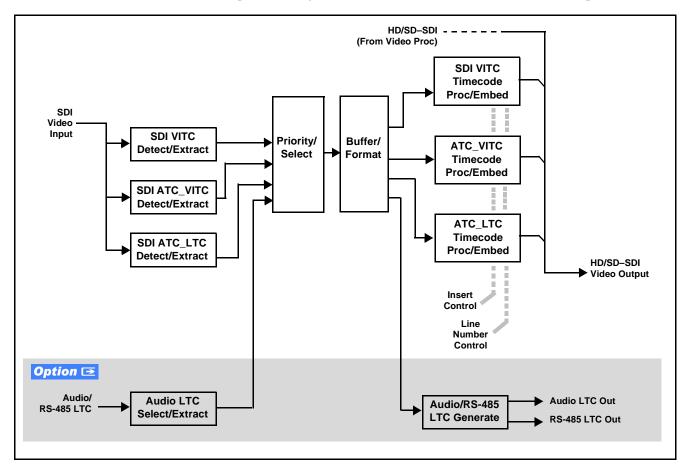


Figure 1-2 Timecode Processor

#### **Closed Captioning Processor**

This function provides support for closed captioning setup. The function also allows the selection of the ancillary data line number where the ancillary closed caption data is outputted when the output is HD.

#### Dolby® Metadata Extractor/Re-inserter

This function extracts and preserves Dolby® metadata from the input SDI, and in turn allows the metadata to be re-inserted in the output SDI. This allows scaling and/or format conversions without losing Dolby® metadata. (The 9067 does not offer Dolby® decoding or encoding, but will pass Dolby® E and/or Dolby® Digital™ encoded signals and metadata intact.) The extracted metadata is buffered and then output on a user-selectable line number on the SDI output.

#### **AFD Processor**

This function provides aspect ratio controls and assignment of AFD codes to the SDI output video.

Using this function, aspect ratios in accordance with the standard 4-bit AFD codes can be applied to the output video. Additionally, custom aspect ratios can be independently defined for any of the AFD codes.

Separate, independent AFD controls are provided for both 16:9 coded and 4:3 coded frames.

This function also provides AFD-controlled ARC by checking for any existing AFD code within the received video input. If a code is present, the code is displayed. With the Scaler function **Aspect Ratio Conversion** set to **Follow AFD Settings**, the H and V settings corresponding to the received code are applied to the video by the 9067. The default, standard aspect ratio described by the AFD code can be applied, or custom horizontal/vertical scaling can be applied for a given code.

The function also allows the selection/changing of the AFD code and ancillary data line number for the outputted AFD code.

### **Audio Processor Description**

The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. The router function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video input
- Four independent internal tone generators (described below)
- Internal Down Mix and Mono Mixer outputs (described below)
- Digital silence (mute) setting

The router function provides up to 16 channels of embedded audio on the **SDI OUT** outputs. The router acts as a full audio cross point. Each of the 16 embedded output channels can receive signal from any one of the 16 embedded input channels, four internal tone generators, or several mixer outputs. Unused output channels can be mapped to a "Silence" source. Each output also provides gain adjustment and selectable polarity inversion.

Output audio rates are always 48 kHz locked to output video. (Embedded audio must be nominally 48 kHz input; 32, 44.1, 96, and 192 kHz inputs are not compatible with the 9067.) Embedded output audio is always precisely synchronized with the output video.

As set with the default settings, the routing between embedded audio channels is basic 1-for-1 for the 16 embedded audio channels (with embedded Ch 1 being embedded to embedded Ch 1 at the SDI output, and so on). Other sources and/or destinations for each channel are selected using the card edge controls or a remote control system.

#### **Audio Down Mix and Mono Mix Function**

(See Figure 1-3.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded audio sources serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into stereo pair Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

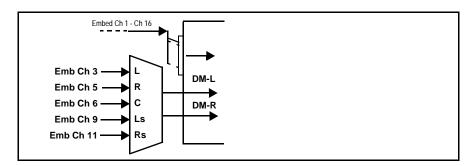


Figure 1-3 Audio Down Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

The Mono Mixer function (Figure 1-4) generates an additional mono-mixed channel from two selected embedded input channels serving as left and right inputs. The resulting mono mix channel is available as an audio source for any of the 16 destination embedded output channels.

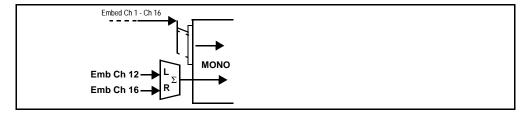


Figure 1-4 Audio Mono Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

# 2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function Option Option

**Note:** Upmix function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt<sup>®</sup> price lists as **+UM**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function receives a normal PCM stereo pair from the Audio Routing/Gain Control function and upmixes the pair to provide 5.1 channels (Left ( $\mathbf{L}$ ), Right ( $\mathbf{R}$ ), Center ( $\mathbf{C}$ ), Low Frequency Effects ( $\mathbf{LFE}$ ), Left Surround ( $\mathbf{Ls}$ ), and Right Surround ( $\mathbf{Rs}$ )). Whenever the upmixer is active, it overwrites the six selected channels with the new 5.1 upmix signals (including replacing the original source stereo  $\mathbf{L}$  and  $\mathbf{R}$  inputs with new  $\mathbf{L}$  and  $\mathbf{R}$  signals).

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer can be set to up mix in any of three modes: Always upmix, Bypass upmix, or Auto enable/bypass upmixing. The Auto upmixing mode looks at the signal levels on the selected channels and compares them to a selectable level threshold. It then determines whether or not to generate 5.1 upmixing from the stereo pair as follows:

- If the upmixer detects signal level below a selected threshold on all four of the selected channels designated as C, LFE, Ls, and Rs, this indicates to the upmixer that these channels are not carrying 5.1. In this case, the upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content.
- If the upmixer detects signal level **above** a selected threshold on **any** of the four selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that the channel(s) are already carrying viable 5.1 content. In this case, the upmixer is bypassed, allowing the original channels to pass unaffected.

The examples in Figure 1-5 show the automatic enable/disable up-mixing function applied to example selected channels **Emb Ch 1** thru **Emb Ch 6**. As shown and described, the processing is contingent upon the signal levels of the channels selected to carry the new 5.1 upmix relative to the selected threshold (in this example, -60 dBFS). Note also that this function is applied **after** the Audio Routing/Gain Control function.

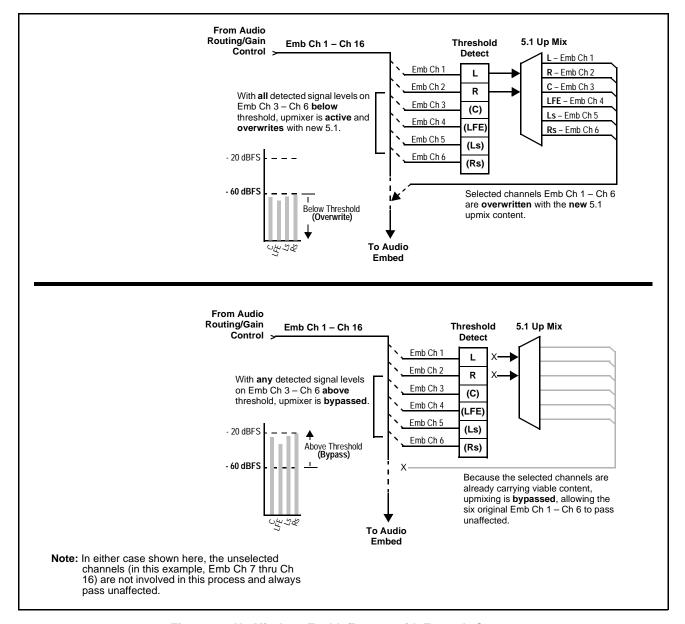


Figure 1-5 Up Mix Auto Enable/Bypass with Example Sources

## Loudness Processor (Option +LP) Option ■

Note:

Loudness processor function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt® price lists as **+LP**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

If your card was purchased with option **+LP**, loudness processor manual supplement "5.1 and Stereo Loudness Processing Options for Compass® Cards (+LP51, +LP20) Manual Supplement" (OPT-SW-LP-MS) is included in your documentation package. Supplement OPT-SW-LP-MS can be downloaded from our website or requested using the Cobalt contact information in this manual.

#### **Tone Generator Function**

The 9067 contains four built-in tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4). Each of the four tone generators can be set to a different frequency, and are available as audio sources for the embedded audio outputs. 18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz).

#### **User Control Interface**

Figure 1-6 shows the user control interface options for the 9067. These options are individually described below.

**Note:** All user control interfaces described here are cross-compatible and can operate together as desired. Where applicable, any control setting change made using a particular user interface is reflected on any other connected interface.

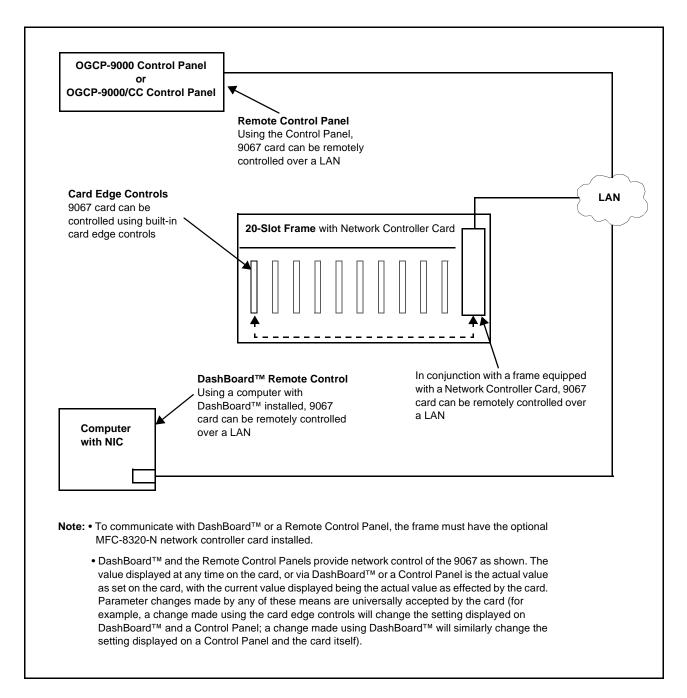


Figure 1-6 9067 User Control Interface

• **Built-in Card Edge User Interface** – Using the built-in card edge controls and display, card control settings can be set using a front panel menu which is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

**Note:** Some of the 9067 functions described in this manual are available only when using the DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, or Cobalt<sup>®</sup> OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel user interfaces.

• **DashBoard**<sup>™</sup> **User Interface** – Using DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, the 9067 and other cards installed in openGear®<sup>1</sup> frames such as the Cobalt® HPF-9000 or 8321 Frame can be controlled from a computer and monitor.

DashBoard<sup>™</sup> allows users to view all frames on a network with control and monitoring for all populated slots inside a frame. This simplifies the setup and use of numerous modules in a large installation and offers the ability to centralize monitoring. Cards define their controllable parameters to DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, so the control interface is always up to date.

The DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> software can be downloaded from the Cobalt Digital Inc. website:  $\underline{www.cobaltdigital.com}$  (enter "DashBoard" in the search window). The DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS<sup>®</sup> cards using DashBoard<sup>™</sup>. (Cobalt<sup>®</sup> OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents> Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt<sup>®</sup> as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-21).

 Cobalt® OGCP-9000, OGCP-9000/CC and WinOGCP Remote Control Panels – The OGCP-9000, OGCP-9000/CC, and WinOGCP Remote Control Panels conveniently and intuitively provide parameter monitor and control of the cards within the 20-slot frame.

The remote control panels allow quick and intuitive access to hundreds of cards in a facility, and can monitor and allow adjustment of multiple parameters at one time.

The remote control panels are totally compatible with the openGear<sup>®</sup> control software DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>; any changes made with either system are reflected on the other.

<sup>1.</sup> openGear® is a registered trademark of Ross Video Limited. DashBoard $^{TM}$  is a trademark of Ross Video Limited.

#### 9067 Rear I/O Modules

The 9067 physically interfaces to system video connections at the rear of its frame using a Rear I/O Module.

All inputs and outputs shown in the 9067 Functional Block Diagram (Figure 1-1) enter and exit the card via the card edge backplane connector. The Rear I/O Module breaks out the 9067 card edge connections to BNC connectors that interface with other components and systems in the signal chain.

These required BNC connections are provided by either an 8310-BNC or 8310-C-BNC frame (which both have a built-in BNC connector backplane module), or by using an optional 9067 Rear I/O Module.

The full assortment of 9067 Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup".

#### Audio and Video Formats Supported by the 9067

The 9067 supports all current SMPTE standard SD and HD video formats. Table 1-2 lists and provides details regarding the audio and video formats supported by the 9067.

Table 1-2 Supported Audio and Video Formats

Item	Desc	Description/Specification		
Input Video	Raster Structure:	Frame Rate:		
	486i <sup>(1)</sup>	29.97		
	575i <sup>(1)</sup>	25		
Output Video	Raster Structure:	Frame Rate:		
	1080PsF	23.98; 24		
	1080p	23.98; 24		
	1080i <sup>(1)</sup>	25; 29.97; 30		
	720p	23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94; 60		
	486i <sup>(1)</sup>	29.97		
	575i <sup>(1)</sup>	25		
Embedded Audio		The 9067 supports all four groups (16 channels) of embedded audio at full 24-bit resolution in both SD (with extended data packets) and HD.		
(1) All rates displayed as frame r	ates; interlaced ("i") field rates are two times t	he rate value shown.		

# **Technical Specifications**

Table 1-3 lists the technical specifications for the 9067 Upconverter with SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support card.

Table 1-3 Technical Specifications

Item	Characteristic
Part number, nomenclature	9067 Upconverter with SD-SDI Input, Embedded Audio, Frame Sync, Timecode and Closed Caption Support
Installation/usage environment	Intended for installation and usage in frame meeting openGear™ modular system definition.
Power consumption	< 18 Watts maximum
Environmental: Operating temperature: Relative humidity (operating or storage):	32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C) < 95%, non-condensing
Frame communication	10/100 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX.
Indicators	Card edge display and indicators as follows:  • 4-character alphanumeric display  • Status/Error LED indicator  • Input Format LED indicator
Controls	Card edge switches as follows:
	Menu Enter pushbutton switch
	Menu exit pushbutton switch
	Up/down selection toggle switch
Internal Tone Generators	Four built-in tone generators, each configurable for 18 discrete sine wave frequencies ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz. Generator source signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu.
Serial Digital Video Input	Data Rates Supported:
	SMPTE 259M-C SD-SDI: 270 Mbps
	Impedance:
	75 $\Omega$ terminating
	Equalization:
	1000 ft (305 m) Belden 1694A
	Return Loss:
	> 15 dB at 5 MHz – 1.485 GHz
Audio/RS-485 LTC Support (+LTC option only)	Balanced analog audio or AES/embedded PCM equivalent conforming to SMPTE 12M-1; § 9.6; RS-485 LTC
Dolby <sup>®</sup> RS485 Metadata Output	Metadata extracted from input video (per SMPTE 2020-1-2008) on RS-485 interface; 3-wire balanced via Phoenix terminal block connector.

Introduction Technical Specifications

Table 1-3 Technical Specifications — continued

Item	Characteristic
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video Outputs	Number of Outputs: Four HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2 Impedance: 75 $\Omega$
	Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz > 12 dB at 270 MHz – 1.485 GHz
	Signal Level: 800 mV ± 10%
	DC Offset: 0 V ± 50 mV
	Jitter (HD): < 0.15 UI (all outputs)
	Jitter (SD): < 0.10 UI (all outputs)  Overshoot:
	< 0.2% of amplitude
Pre-Processor (Reclocked) Serial Digital Video Outputs	Number of Outputs: Four HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2
	Impedance: 75 $\Omega$
Reference Video Input	Number of Inputs: Two non-terminating (looping) Frame Reference inputs
	Standards Supported (HD): 720p 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94 1080i 25; 29.97
	1080p 23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30 1080p/sF 23.98; 24
	Standards Supported (SD): 486i 29.97 (NTSC); 575i 25 (PAL)
	Signal Level: 1 Vp-p nominal
	Signal Type: Analog video sync (black burst or tri-level)
	Impedance: 75 $\Omega$
	Return Loss: > 30 dB to 30 MHz
	Allowable Maximum DC on Ref Input: ±1.0 V

# **Warranty and Service Information**

### **Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty**

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby<sup>®</sup> modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

#### **Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center**

2406 E. University Avenue Office: (217) 344-1243 Urbana, IL 61802 USA Fax: (217) 344-1245 www.cobaltdigital.com Email: info@cobaltdigital.com

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# **Contact Cobalt Digital Inc.**

Feel free to contact our thorough and professional support representatives for any of the following:

- Name and address of your local dealer
- Product information and pricing
- · Technical support
- Upcoming trade show information

Phone:	(217) 344-1243
Fax:	(217) 344-1245
Web:	www.cobaltdigital.com
General Information:	info@cobaltdigital.com
Technical Support:	support@cobaltdigital.com

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# Installation and Setup

#### **Overview**

This chapter contains the following information:

- Installing the 9067 Into a Frame Slot (p. 2-1)
- Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3)
- Setting Up 9067 Network Remote Control (p. 2-6)

# Installing the 9067 Into a Frame Slot

#### **CAUTION**

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9067 has a moderate power dissipation (18 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

#### **CAUTION**



This device contains semiconductor devices which are susceptible to serious damage from Electrostatic Discharge (ESD). ESD damage may not be immediately apparent and can affect the long-term reliability of the device.

Avoid handling circuit boards in high static environments such as carpeted areas, and when wearing synthetic fiber clothing. Always use proper ESD handling precautions and equipment when working on circuit boards and related equipment.

#### Note:

- If installing the 9067 in a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, proceed to card installation steps below.
- If installing the 9067 in a slot with no rear I/O module, a Rear I/O Module is required before cabling can be connected. Refer to Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3) for rear I/O module installation procedure.

#### CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9067 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

**Note:** Check the packaging in which the 9067 was shipped for any extra items such as a Rear I/O Module connection label. In some cases, this label is shipped with the card and to be installed on the Rear I/O connector bank corresponding to the slot location of the card.

Install the 9067 into a frame slot as follows:

- 1. Determine the slot in which the 9067 is to be installed.
- **2.** Open the frame front access panel.
- 3. While holding the card by the card edges, align the card such that the plastic ejector tab is on the bottom.
- **4.** Align the card with the top and bottom guides of the slot in which the card is being installed.
- **5.** Gradually slide the card into the slot. When resistance is noticed, gently continue pushing the card until its rear printed circuit edge terminals engage fully into the rear I/O module mating connector.

#### CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

- **6.** Verify that the card is fully engaged in rear I/O module mating connector.
- **7.** Close the frame front access panel.
- **8.** Connect the input and output cables as shown in Table 2-1.
- **9.** Repeat steps 1 through 8 for other 9067 cards.

**Note:** External frame sync reference signals are received by the card over a reference bus on the card frame, and not on any card rear I/O module connectors. The frame has BNC connectors labeled **REF 1** and **REF 2** which receive the reference signal from an external source such as a house distribution.

**Note:** The 9067 BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC inputs or outputs.

**Note:** To remove a card, press down on the ejector tab to unseat the card from the rear I/O module mating connector. Evenly draw the card from its slot.

**10.** If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, perform setup in accordance with Setting Up 9067 Network Remote Control (p. 2-6).

Note: If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard<sup>™</sup> and be ready for use.

# Installing a Rear I/O Module

Note: This procedure is applicable only if a Rear I/O Module is not currently installed in the slot where the 9067 is to be installed.

If installing the 9067 in a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, omit this procedure.

The full assortment of 9067 Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 9067 Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-5). Install a Rear I/O Module as follows:

- 1. On the frame, determine the slot in which the 9067 is to be installed.
- 2. In the mounting area corresponding to the slot location, install Rear I/O Module as shown in Figure 2-1.

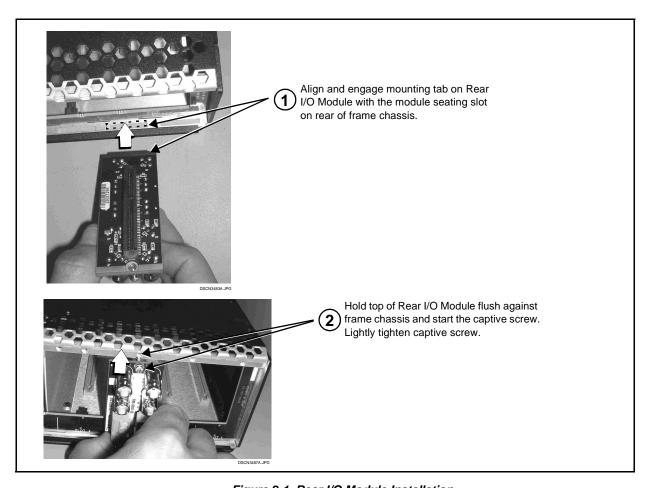


Figure 2-1 Rear I/O Module Installation

#### 9067 Rear I/O Modules

Table 2-1 shows and describes the full assortment of Rear I/O Modules specifically for use with the 9067.

**Notes:** • Rear I/O Modules equipped with 3-wire Phoenix connectors are supplied with removable screw terminal block adapters. For clarity, the adapters are omitted in the drawings below.

Table 2-1 9067 Rear I/O Modules

9067 Rear I/O Module	Description
RM20-9067-A  SDI IN NC  RCK OUT 1 RCK OUT 2  RCK OUT 3 RCK OUT 4  SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2  SDI OUT 3 SDI OUT 4	Provides the following connections:  • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)  • Four reclocked SDI input copies (RCK OUT 1- 4)  • Four buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1- 4)
RM20-9067-B  SDI IN  SDI IN  RCK OUT1 RCK OUT2  RCK OUT1 RCK OUT2  SDI OUT1 SDI OUT2  SDI OUT3 SDI OUT4	Provides the following connections:  • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)  • Four reclocked SDI input copies (RCK OUT 1- 4)  • Four buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1- 4)  • RS-485 metadata output (RS-485)  Note: On card with +LTC option, this connector provides RS-485 LTC I/O as well as Dolby metadata output (selectable using card control).

# **Setting Up 9067 Network Remote Control**

Perform remote control setup in accordance with Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).

#### Note:

• If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide **Remote**Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS™ cards using DashBoard™. (Cobalt® OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt<sup>®</sup> as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-21).

 If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard™, no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard™ and be ready for use.

# Operating Instructions

#### Overview

If you are already familiar with using DashBoard or a Cobalt Remote Control Panel to control Cobalt cards, please skip to 9067 Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-9).

This chapter contains the following information:

- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-1)
- Accessing the 9067 Card via Remote Control (p. 3-5)
- Checking 9067 Card Information (p. 3-7)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8)
- 9067 Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-9)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-49)

# **Control and Display Descriptions**

This section describes the user interface controls, indicators, and displays (both on-card and remote controls) for using the 9067 card. The 9067 functions can be accessed and controlled using any of the user interfaces described here.

The format in which the 9067 functional controls, indicators, and displays appear and are used varies depending on the user interface being used. Regardless of the user interface being used, access to the 9067 functions (and the controls, indicators, and displays related to a particular function) follows a general arrangement of Function Submenus under which related controls can be accessed (as described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview below).

Note:

DashBoard™ and the Remote Control Panel provide greatly simplified user interfaces as compared to using the card edge controls. For this reason, **it is strongly recommended** that DashBoard™ or a Remote Control Panel be used for all card applications other than the most basic cases. Card edge control codes are not included in this manual. If card-edge control is to be used, obtain a copy of "Manual Supplement – Card-Edge Control Reference Master List and Instructions for Using Compass<sup>®</sup> Card-edge (Local) Control Codes" (989CEC-MS.pdf) at

www.cobaltdigital.com>Support>Documents>Reference Guides.

Note:

When a setting is changed, settings displayed on DashBoard<sup>™</sup> (or the Remote Control Panel) are the settings as effected by the 9067 card itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the card.

#### Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

The functions and related parameters available on the 9067 card are organized into function **submenus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-1 shows how the 9067 card and its submenus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between cards, function submenus, and parameters.

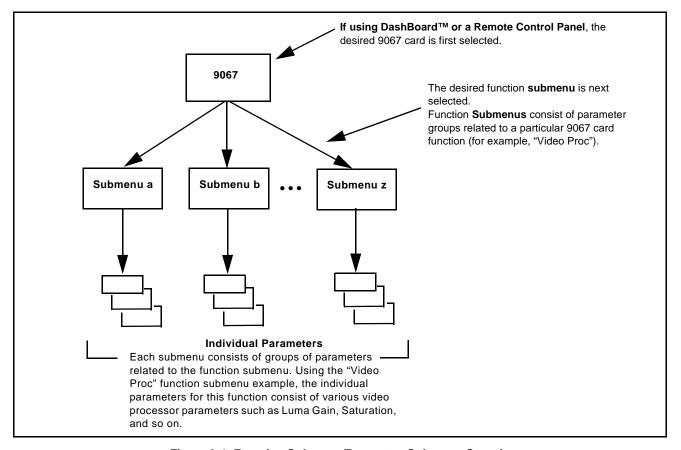


Figure 3-1 Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

#### DashBoard™ User Interface

(See Figure 3-2.) The 9067 function submenus are organized in DashBoard™ using tabs. When a tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed in DashBoard™ are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9067 card edge controls.)

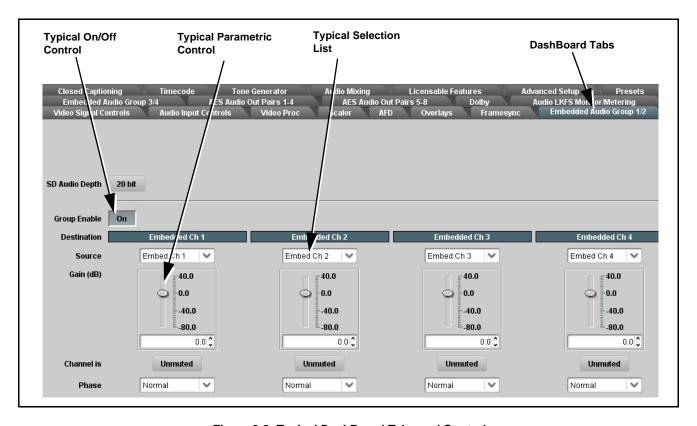


Figure 3-2 Typical DashBoard Tabs and Controls

#### Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces

(See Figure 3-3.) Similar to the function submenu tabs using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>, the Remote Control Panels have a Select Submenu key that is used to display a list of function submenus. From this list, a control knob on the Control Panel is used to select a function from the list of displayed function submenu items.

When the desired function submenu is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the control knobs, which act like a potentiometer. Items in a list can then be selected using the control knobs which correspondingly act like a rotary selector. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed on the Control Panel are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9067 card edge controls.)

Figure 3-3 shows accessing a function submenu and its parameters (in this example, "Video Proc") using the Control Panel.

#### Note:

Refer to "OGCP-9000 Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000-OM) or "OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000/CC-OM) for complete instructions on using the Control Panels.

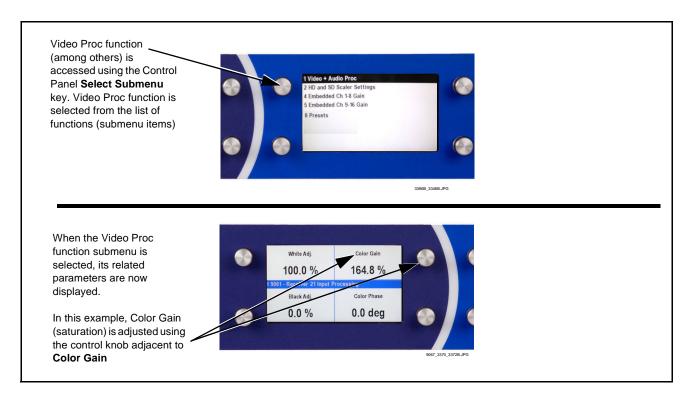


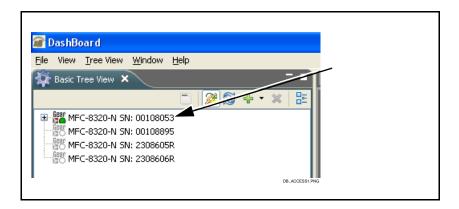
Figure 3-3 Remote Control Panel Setup of Example Video Proc Function Setup

### Accessing the 9067 Card via Remote Control

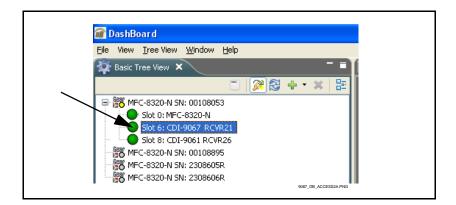
Access the 9067 card using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or Cobalt<sup>®</sup> Remote Control Panel as described below.

#### Accessing the 9067 Card Using DashBoard™

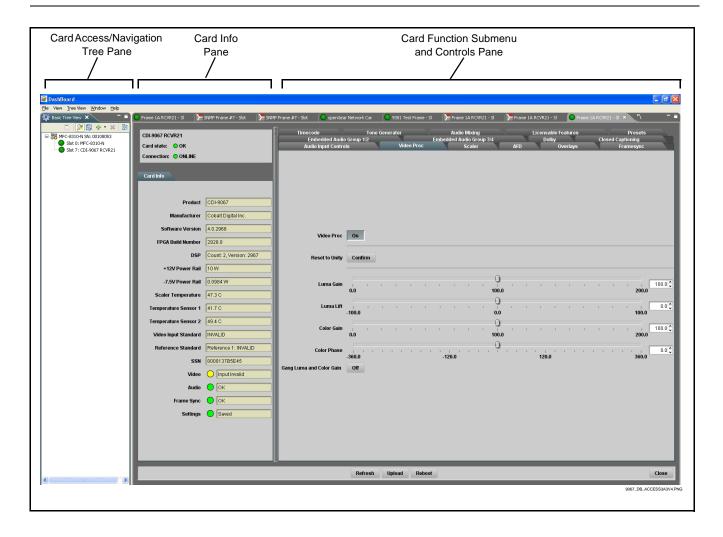
- 1. On the computer connected to the frame LAN, open DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>.
- 2. As shown below, in the left side Basic View Tree locate the Network Controller Card associated with the frame containing the 9067 card to be accessed (in this example, "MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053").



3. As shown below, expand the tree to access the cards within the frame. Click on the card to be accessed (in this example, "Slot 6: CDI-9067 RCVR21").

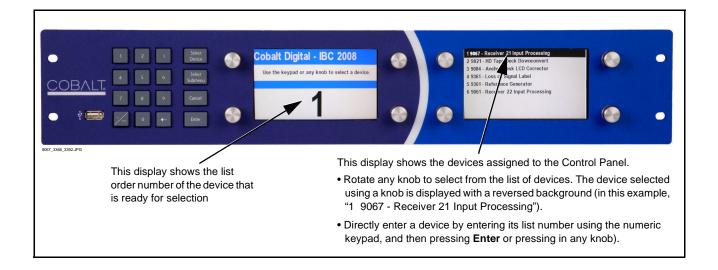


As shown on the next page, when the card is accessed in DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> its function submenu screen showing tabs for each function is displayed. (The particular submenu screen displayed is the previously displayed screen from the last time the card was accessed by DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>).



### Accessing the 9067 Card Using a Cobalt® Remote Control Panel

Press the **Select Device** key and select a card as shown in the example below.



## **Checking 9067 Card Information**

The operating status and software version the 9067 card can be checked using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or the card edge control user interface. Figure 3-4 shows and describes the 9067 card information screen using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> and accessing card information using the card edge control user interface.

**Note:** Proper operating status in DashBoard<sup>™</sup> is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-4. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-49) for corrective action.

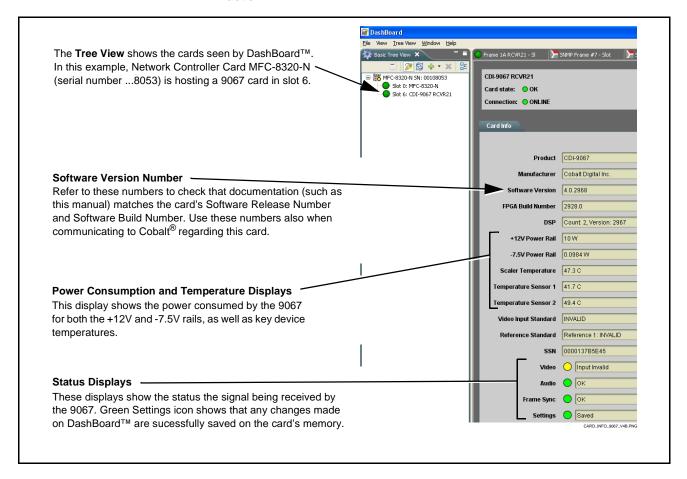


Figure 3-4 9067 Card Info Utility

## **Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges**

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the card.

Table 3-1 Typical Ancillary Data Line Number Locations/Ranges

	Default Line No. / Range		
Item	SD	HD	
AFD	12 (Note 2)	9 (Note 2)	
ATC_VITC	13 (Note 2)	9/8 (Note 2)	
ATC_LTC	_	10 (Note 2)	
Dolby <sup>®</sup> Metadata	13 (Note 2)	13 (Note 2)	
SDI VITC Waveform	14/16 (Note 2)	_	
Closed Captioning	21 (locked)	10 (Note 2)	

#### Notes:

- 1. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
- 2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting
525i	12-19	720p	9-25	1080p	9-41
625i	9-22	1080i	9-20		

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-5 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an SDI stream.

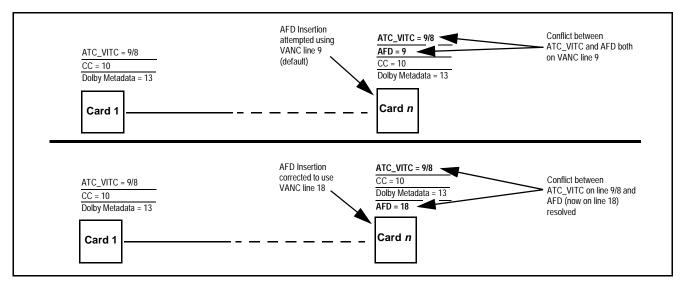


Figure 3-5 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Example

## 9067 Function Submenu List and Descriptions

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each 9067 function submenu ("tab") and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided. Table 3-2 is primarily based upon using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> to access each function and its corresponding submenus and parameters.

Note: All numeric (scalar) parameters displayed on DashBoard™ can be changed using the slider controls, arrows, or by numeric keypad entry in the corresponding numeric field. (When using numeric keypad entry, add a return after the entry to commit the entry.)

On DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> itself and in Table 3-2, the function submenu items are organized using tabs as shown below.



The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function submenu item can be found.

Function Submenu Item	Page	Function Submenu Item	Page
Audio Input Controls	3-10	Dolby Metadata	3-35
Video Proc	3-11	Closed Captioning	3-36
Scaler	3-12	Timecode	3-37
AFD	3-16	Tone Generator	3-40
Overlays	3-20	Audio Mixing	3-41
Framesync	3-24	Licensable Features	3-46
Embedded Audio Group 1/2	3-29	Presets	3-46
Embedded Audio Group 3/4	3-33		

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List

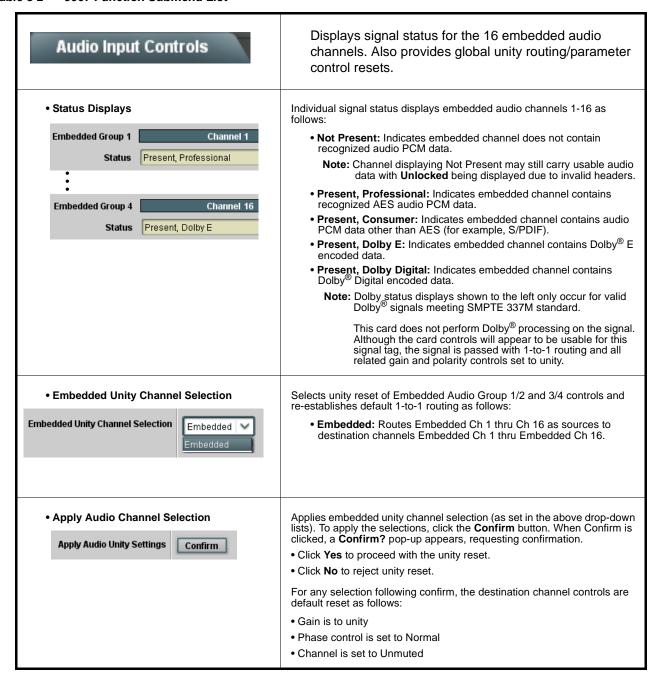


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Video Proc	Provides the following Video Proc parametric controls.
Video Proc     On	Video Proc (On/Off) provides master on/off control of all Video Proc functions.  • When set to Off, Video Proc is bypassed.  • When set to On, currently displayed parameter settings take effect.
Reset to Unity  Reset to Unity  Confirm	Reset to Unity provides unity reset control of all Video Proc functions.  When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.  • Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset.  • Click No to reject unity reset.
• Luma Gain Luma Gain 0.0	Adjusts gain percentage applied to Luma (Y channel).  (0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
• Luma Lift  Luma Lift -100.0	Adjusts lift applied to Luma (Y-channel).  (-100% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; null = 0.0%)
• Color Gain Color Gain 0.0	Adjusts gain percentage (saturation) applied to Chroma (C-channel).  (0% to 200% range in 0.1% steps; unity = 100%)
• Color Phase  Color Phase  -360.0	Adjusts phase angle applied to Chroma.  (-360° to 360° range in 0.1° steps; null = 0°)
Gang Luma and Color Gain     Gang Luma and Color Gain	When set to <b>On</b> , changing either the <b>Luma Gain</b> or <b>Color Gain</b> controls increases or decreases both the Luma and Chroma levels by equal amounts.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

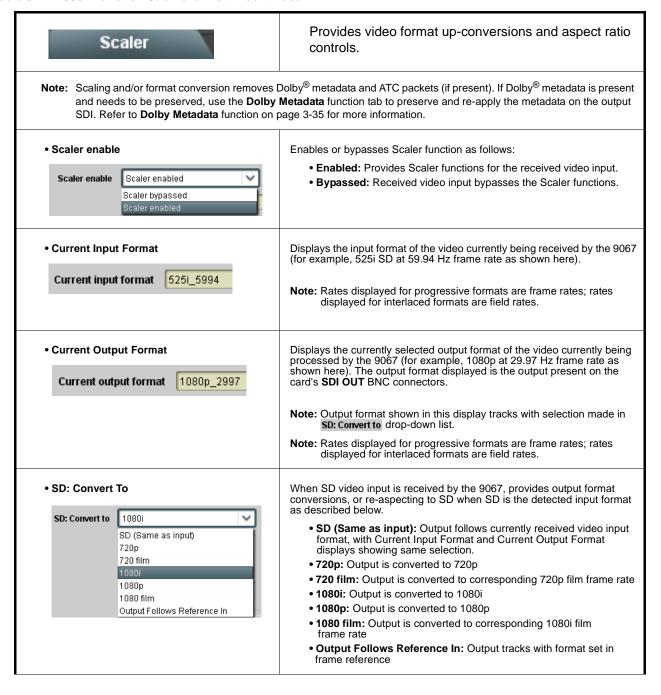


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Scaler

(continued)

#### Scaler Video Format Conversions

The Scaler (as shown and described in the following pages) allows selection of up-conversion (or no conversion) for SD input formats. The table below lists the conversion choices available for SD input formats and frame rates provided by the Scaler **Convert to:** function. Also shown are the resulting frame rates for the converted outputs.

Input Format	SD (NTSC/ PAL)	720p	720p half-rate	720p (film rates)	1080i	1080p	1080p (film rates)	1080PsF (film rates)
525i 59.94	525i 59.94	720p 59.94	720p 29.97	720p 23.98 <sub>(4)</sub>	1080i 59.94	1080p 29.97	1080p 23.98 <sub>(4)</sub>	1080PsF 23.98 <sub>(4)</sub>
625i 50	625i 50	720p 50	720p 25	Х	1080i 50	1080p 25	Х	Х

**Notes:** 1. The drop-down list choice of "Same as Input" is used when no conversion is desired. For clarity, it is not redundantly listed here.

- 2. "X" denotes conversions not available or invalid conversions.
- 3. Interlaced formats rates listed are field rates. Progressive format rates listed are frame rates.
- 4. If the original material does not have a proper 3-2 cadence suitable for conversion to film rates, the conversion reverts to standard de-interlacing. While this video can be converted to film rates, the resulting image motion will lack smoothness. Therefore, make certain interlaced video is appropriately constructed for 3-2 reverse pulldown when converting video to film rates.
- 9067 accepts only the input video formats listed in Input Format. If other formats are received by the card, INVALID is displayed and the output is disabled.

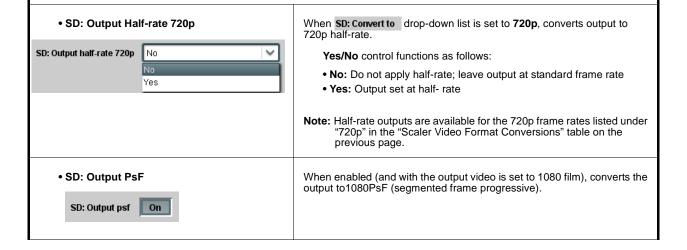
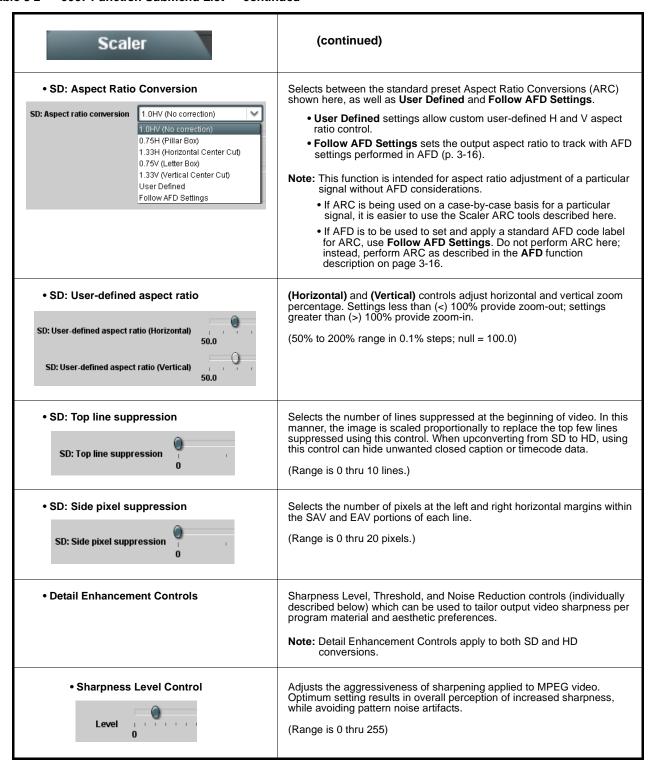


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued



# **Operating Instructions**

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Scaler	(continued)
Sharpness Threshold Control     Threshold	Adjusts the point at which sharpening rules become active. Data below the threshold setting is passed unaffected.  Higher settings allow for a more subtle sharpness enhancement (especially with content showing motion). Lower settings allow more content in general to be acted upon by the enhancement process.  (Range is 0 thru 255)
Noise Reduction Control      Noise Reduction     0	Adjusts the amount of statistical low-pass filtering applied to the data. Using this control, regular pattern noise artifacts from the sharpening process can be reduced, resulting in subjectively smoother raster backgrounds and detail boundaries.  (Range is 0 thru 63)

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

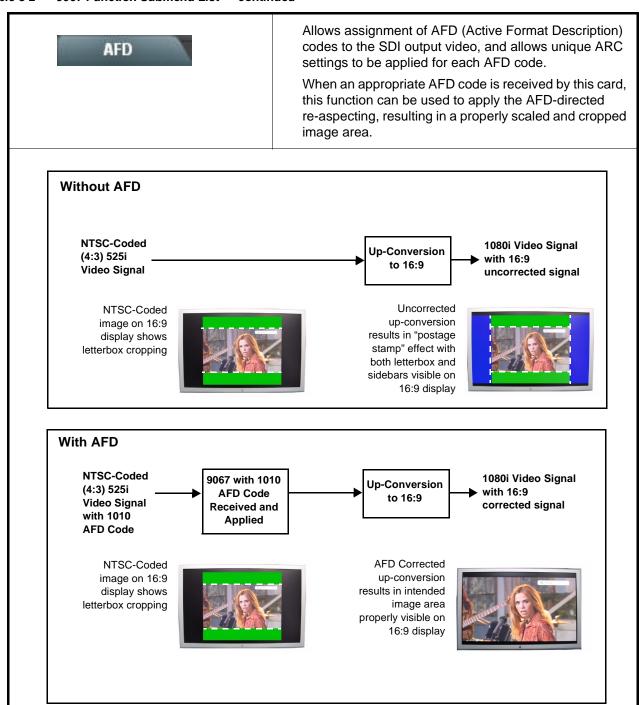


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

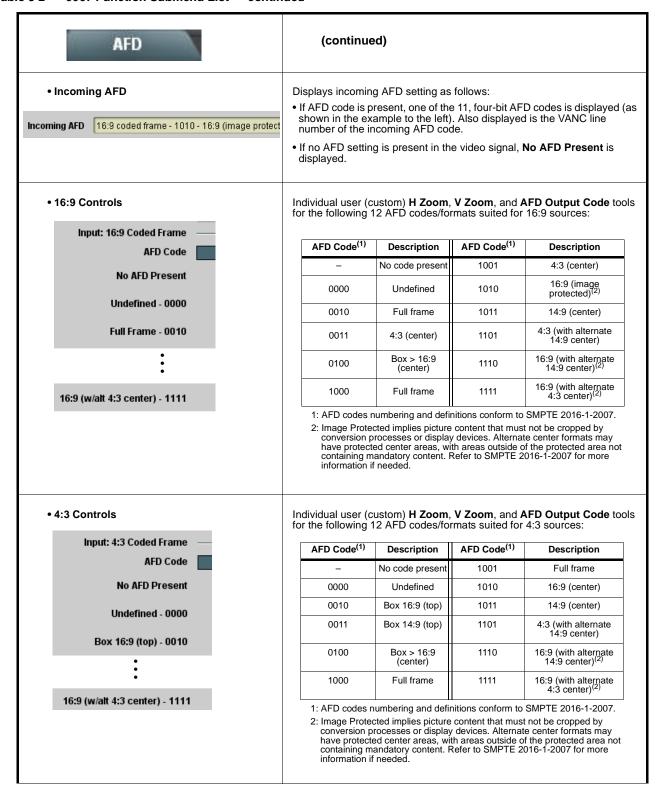
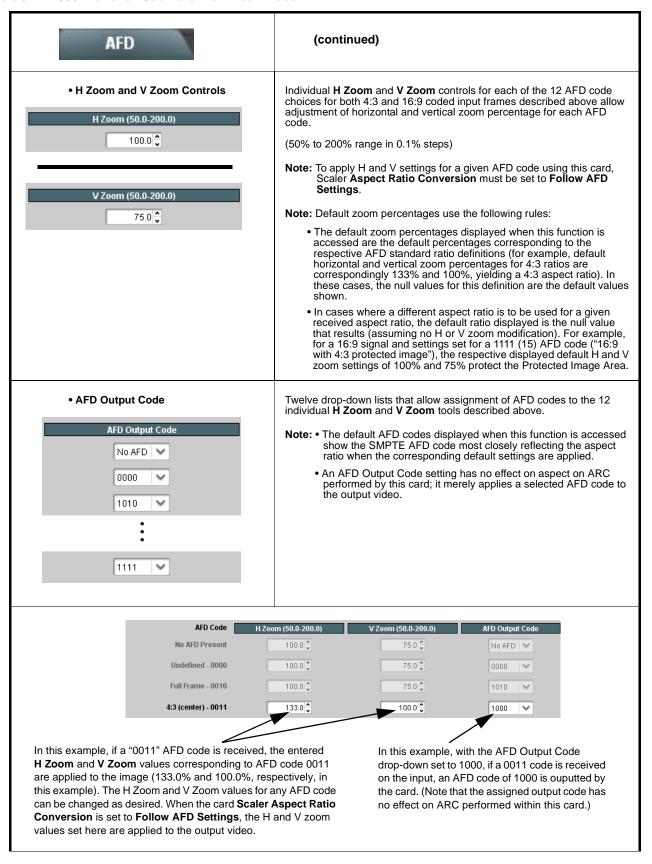


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued



# **Operating Instructions**

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

AFD	(continued)
• Output Line	Allows selecting the line location of the AFD data within the video signal Ancillary Data space.  Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information.  • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
Restore Defaults     Confirm	Restore Defaults provides default restore of all user settings described in the remainder of the AFD function description.  When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.  • Click Yes to proceed with restore defaults.  • Click No to reject restore defaults.

#### Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued



Allows Safe Action and/or Safe Title overlays to be added to the image. The overlays can be used to identify safe action and safe title areas within the image.

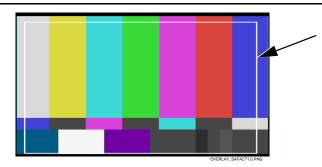
**Note:** Overlay markers using this function are for setup only. When enabled, these markers are embedded in the SDI video output signal and may appear in the image. Use this function **only** on preview video and not on-air video. Make certain any overlay tools are turned **off** when done.

Note: Multiple overlay markers described below can be simultaneously enabled as desired.

Safe Action Area

Safe Action Area On

When enabled (On), turns on the Safe Action Area overlay.

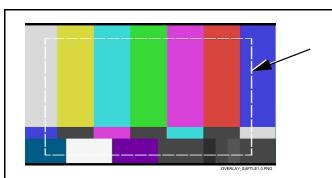


When enabled  $(\mathbf{On})$ , outline shows Safe Action Area boundary. Color of boundary is selected using  $\mathbf{Color}$  drop-down list.

• Safe Title Area

Safe Title Area On

When enabled (On), turns on the Safe Title Area overlay.



When enabled  $(\mathbf{On})$ , outline shows Safe Title Area boundary. Color of boundary is selected using  $\mathbf{Color}$  drop-down list.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

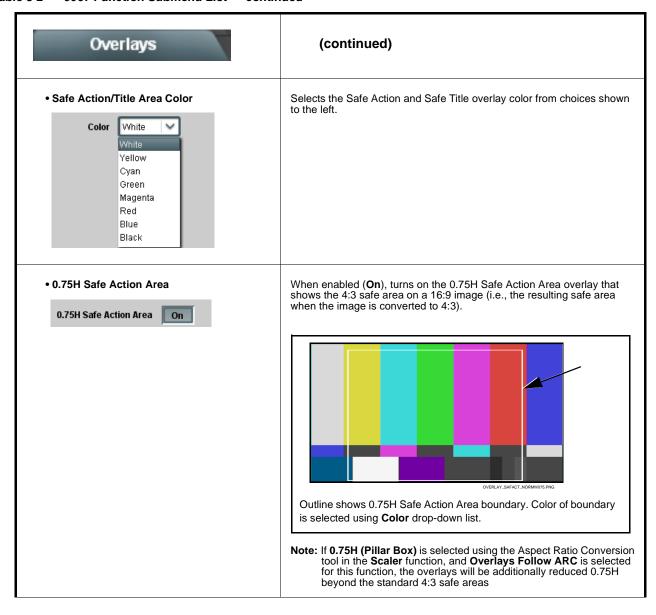


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

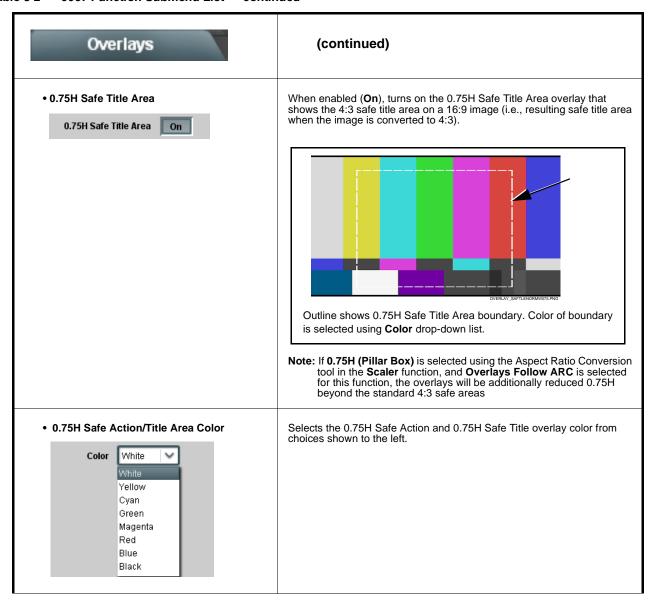


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

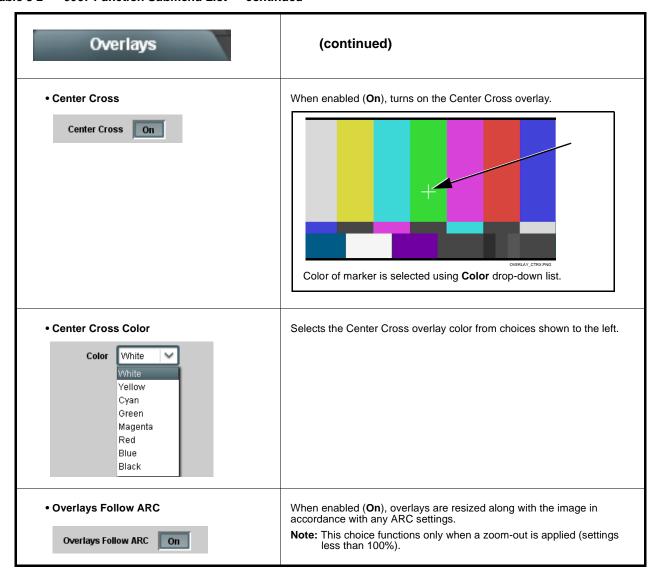


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

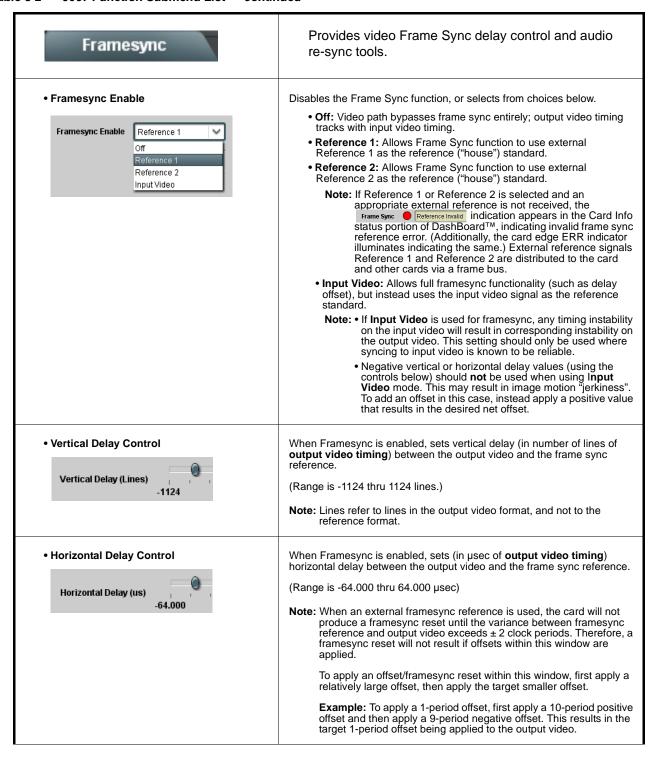


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Framesync	(continued)
Input Video Mode Fixed Delay Control     Input Video Mode Fixed Delay     0.000	When Framesync is enabled and set to <b>Input Video</b> , allows adding video delay. This is useful when compensating for processes which result in large audio delays.  (Range is 0.0000 thru 300.0 msec.)
Framesync Audio SRC On/Off Control     Audio SRC Off	When Framesync is enabled and set to <b>Input Video</b> , allows disabling audio SRC. This is required if the card is to pass non-PCM audio such as Dolby® audio to downstream devices.
Minimum Latency Frames Control  Minimum Latency (Frames)  0	When Framesync is enabled, specifies the smallest amount of latency allowed by the frame sync (latency measurement in output video frames). The frame sync will not output a frame unless the specified number of frames are captured in the buffer. The operational latency of the frame sync is always between the specified minimum latency and minimum latency plus one frame (not one field). (Maximum range is 0 to 32.)
	Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected. For example, with a 525i59.94 output, the practical maximum limit is 13.  When using this control, be sure to check the Framesync Status display as follows:
	• Latency frames selection within limits.
	Framesync Status

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

#### (continued) Framesync Audio Hard Resync Threshold Control Sets threshold at which hard resync is applied if audio-video offset exceeds threshold (see below). Hard resync provides fastest snyc-up suitable for off-air manipulation. Conversely, a threshold setting high enough to accommodate normal on-air offsets allows on-air resync that is Audio Hard Resync Threshold (Frames) glitch-free. (Range is 1.5 to 13.0 frames in 0.1 frame increments) With offset less than selected hard resync threshold, resync is progressively applied in many small steps to provide a seamless, glitch-free retiming. After the successive steps, the audio is synchronized with the video (in this example, 40 msec). (Progressive correction is applied at 1 msec/sec appr. rate.) Video: Audio: In this example, initial offset of 200 msec (appr. 6 frames) is 40 msec 240 msec below 9 frame threshold and results in soft resync being progressively applied. With offset greater than selected hard resync threshold, resync is immediately applied. 12 Video: Audio: 40 msec In this example, initial offset of 400 msec (appr. 12 frames) is above 9 frame threshold and results in immediate hard resync. Adds or reduces (offsets) audio delay from the matching video delay Audio Offset Control (audio delay offset setting adds or removes delay in addition to any delay included by other actions). This control is useful for correcting lip sync problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing Audio Offset from Video (ms) overall delays -575.0 (-575.0 msec to 575.0 msec range; null = 0.0 msec) Note: Delay offset values of less than approximately 1 frame are progressively applied by the card to provide a seamless, glitch-free retiming. However, delay offset values exceeding 1-1/2 frames may result in a slight audio discontinuity at the moment when the offset is applied using this control if the Audio Hard Resync Threshold control is not at a setting greater than the delay offset. To prevent this condition during an on-air manipulation, it is recommended that the Audio Hard Resync Threshold control be set high enough such that expected delay offsets exceeding 1-1/2 frames are progressively applied. Note: If using Audio Offset control to perform off-air corrections, it is recommended to temporarily set the Audio Hard Resync Threshold control to its minimum setting, thereby allowing the offset to be assessed and corrected as fast as possible.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

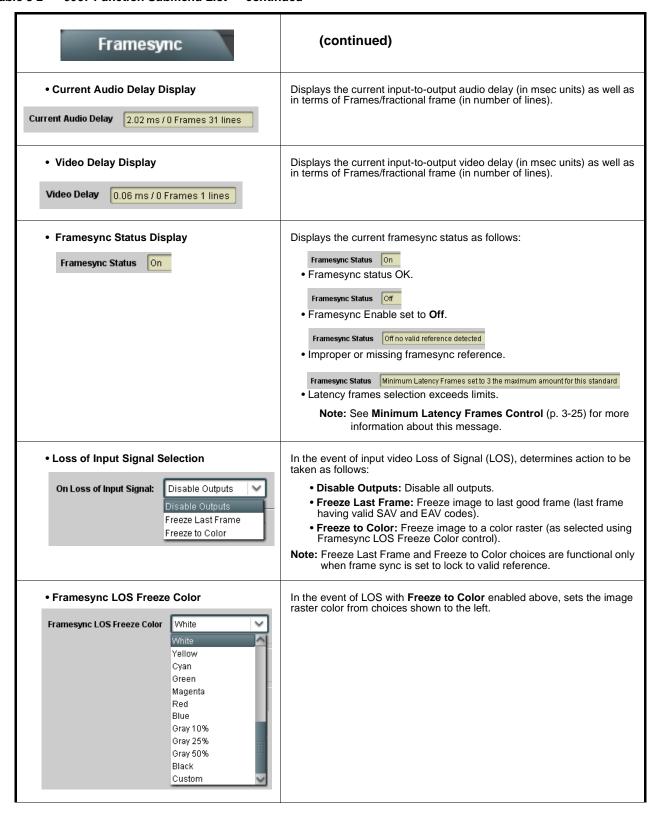


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Framesync	(continued)
Custom Color Hue	Adjusts raster hue (phase angle) for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Hue -360.0	(-360° to 360° range in 0.1° steps; null = 0°)
Custom Color Saturation	Adjusts raster saturation level for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Saturation 0.0	(0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps)
Custom Color Y Level	Adjusts raster luma level for custom LOS color.
Custom Color Y Level 64	(64 to 940 range)
Reset/Resync Framesync	Reset Framesync resets the frame sync, clearing any buffered audio and video.
Reset Framesync Confirm	Resync Video and Reference resets the input processing paths for video and reference.
Resync Video and Reference Confirm	When Confirm is clicked, a <b>Confirm?</b> pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.
	Click <b>Yes</b> to reset the frame sync.
	Click <b>No</b> to reject reset.
	<b>Note:</b> These controls are not normally used or required when the card is receiving a stable, continuous frame sync reference.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

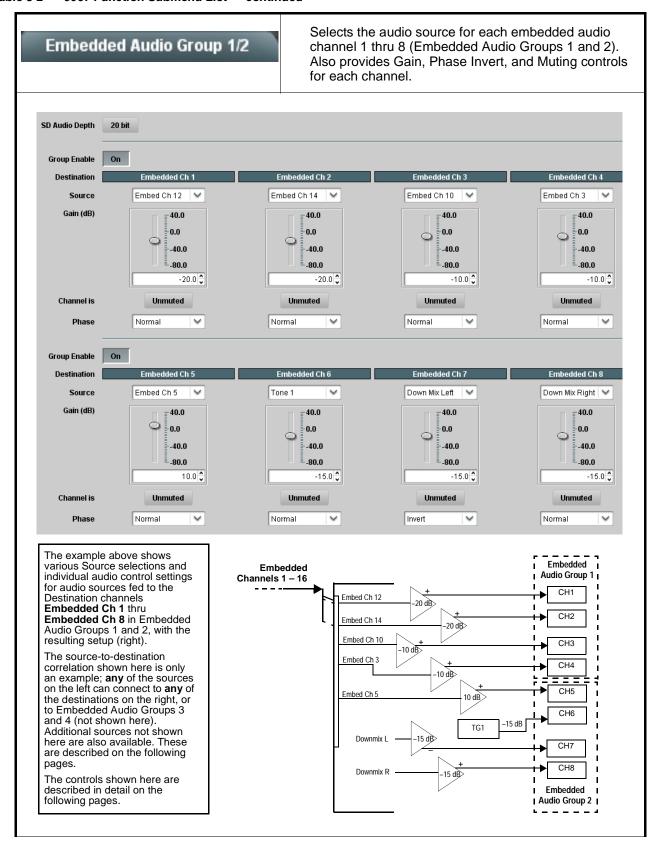


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

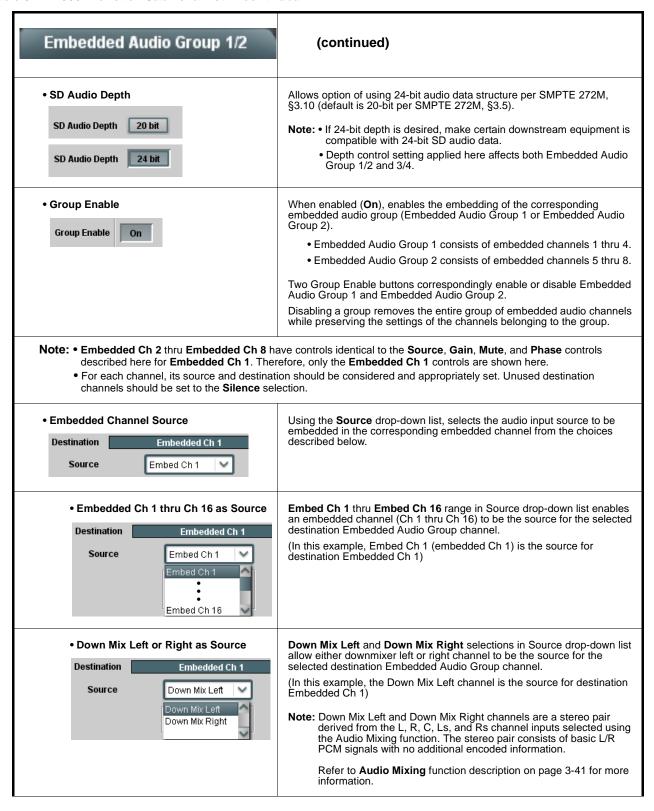


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

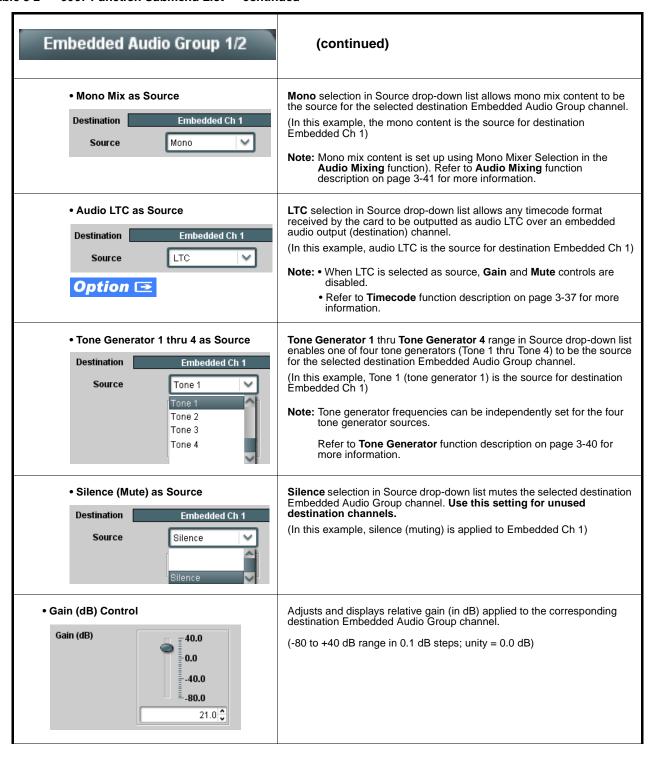


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

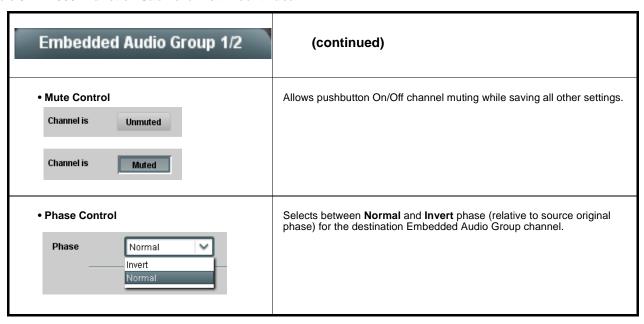


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

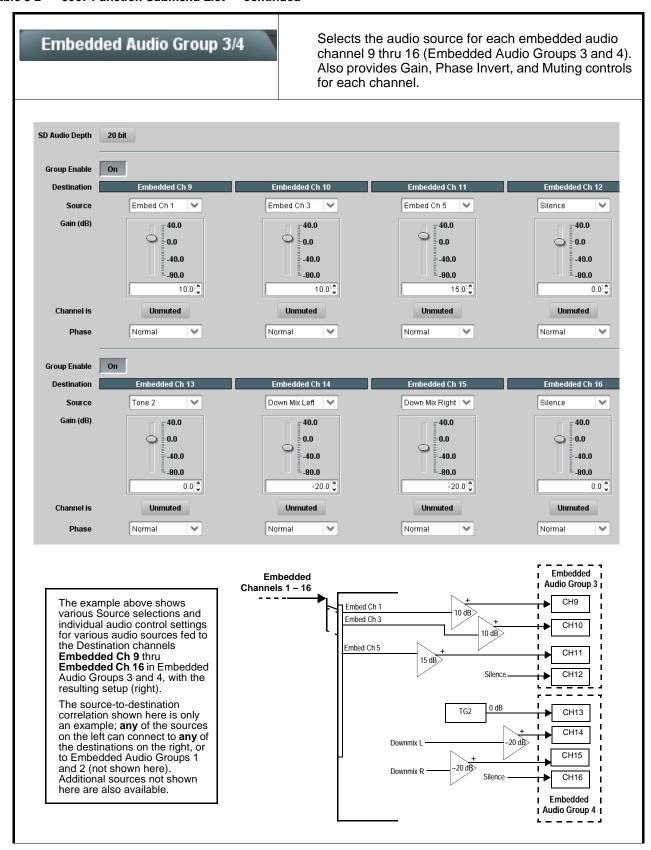


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Embedded Audio Group 3/4	(continued)
SD Audio Depth     SD Audio Depth     20 bit	Allows option of using 24-bit audio data structure per SMPTE 272M, §3.10 (default is 20-bit per SMPTE 272M, §3.5).  Note: • If 24-bit depth is desired, make certain downstream equipment is
SD Audio Depth 24 bit	compatible with 24-bit SD audio data.  • Depth control setting applied here affects both Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4.
Group Enable	When enabled ( <b>On</b> ), enables the embedding of the corresponding embedded audio group (Embedded Audio Group 3 or Embedded Audio Group 4).
Group Enable On	<ul> <li>Embedded Audio Group 3 consists of embedded channels 9 thru 12.</li> <li>Embedded Audio Group 4 consists of embedded channels 13 thru 16.</li> </ul>
	Two Group Enable buttons correspondingly enable or disable Embedded Audio Group 3 and Embedded Audio Group 4.
	Disabling a group removes the entire group of embedded audio channels while preserving the settings of the channels belonging to the group.
described for Embedded Ch 1. Refer to Er	ve controls that are identical to the <b>Source</b> , <b>Gain</b> , <b>Mute</b> , and <b>Phase</b> controls mbedded Audio Group 1/2 on page 3-29 for descriptions of these controls. on should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination channels

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Dolby	Extracts and preserves Dolby <sup>®</sup> metadata from the input SDI, and allows the metadata to be re-inserted in the output SDI. This allows scaling and/or format conversions without losing Dolby <sup>®</sup> metadata.
Metadata Embedding     Metadata Embedding     On	Metadata Embedding (On/Off) controls SMPTE 2020-1 metadata embedding in the SDI video output.  • When set to On, metadata is extracted from the SDI input video, buffered, and re-directed to the output SDI video.  • When set to Off, metadata is not embedded in the output SDI video.
Metadata Output Line  Metadata Output Line  13	Allows selection of SMPTE 2020-1 metadata line location within the VANC space for re-inserted Dolby® metadata.  (Range is 9 thru 41; default is line #13.)  Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information.  • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data unless existing metadata is to be intentionally overwritten.
VBI Metadata Removal  VBI (SMPTE 2020-1-2008) Metadata Removal  Off	VBI Metadata Removal (On/Off) allows metadata to be removed (On) even if the Scaler is not enabled. (This control is default set to Off, with metadata being passed when Scaler is disabled)  Note: When the Scaler is enabled, Dolby metadata is automatically removed. Set the Metadata Embedding control to On to re-insert metadata as described above.
	ashBoard™ is locked to Input Video for this card. With this function enabled, in the SDI video output and on cards equipped with an appropriate Rear I/O connector.
• RS-485 Port Function Select  RS-485 Port Function  Dolby Metadata  LTC In (Overrides Audio LTC Source)  LTC Output  Option	Selects function for shared RS-485 on card with +LTC option. For Dolby <sup>®</sup> metadata output on port, make sure control is set as shown here.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

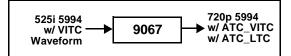
Closed Captioning	Provides support for closed captioning setup.
Closed Captioning On/Off  Closed Captioning On	<ul> <li>Turns on or turns off the Closed Captioning on the output.</li> <li>Note: • When set to On, closed captioning is set to standard default line number. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8).</li> <li>• The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain selected line is available and carrying no other data.</li> <li>• Closed captioning line may contain active unintended data even if closed captioning is set to Off. If closed captioning is not to be used, it is recommended to use the Top Line Suppression control to eliminate the possibility of this unintended data from appearing in the active video area. (See Scaler tab Top line suppression control for more details.)</li> </ul>
Closed Captioning Input Status     Input Status	Displays incoming Closed Captioning status as follows:  • If closed captioning is present, <b>Present</b> is displayed.  • If no closed captioning is present in the video signal, <b>Not Present</b> or <b>Disabled</b> is displayed.
Closed Captioning HD Output Line  HD Output Line  10	Selects the VANC line number (9 thru 41) for the closed caption data when the output is HD. (The default is line #10.)  Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-8) for more information.  • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data unless existing metadata is to be intentionally overwritten.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Timecode

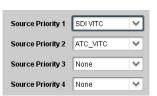
Provides timecode data extraction from various sources, and provides formatting and re-insertion controls for inserting the timecode into the output video.

Shown below is an example in which received 525i 5994 SDI video is being converted to 720p 5994. To preserve and re-insert the timecode data, the following can be performed using the Timecode function. Each Timecode control is fully described on the pages that follow.



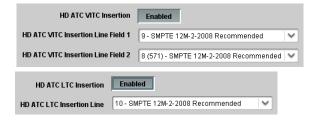


A Noting that the incoming video contains VITC waveform timecode data (as shown in the status display), set the Source Priority drop-down lists to include VITC Waveform timecode data (SDI VITC) as a choice. This extracts VITC Waveform timecode data from the incoming video.



B In this example, it is desired to provide both SDI ATC\_VITC and ATC\_LTC timecode data in the converted HD output video. As such, set both HD ATC VITC Insertion and HD ATC LTC Insertion to Enabled.

In the example here, the line numbers are set to the default SMPTE 12M-2-2008 recommended values.



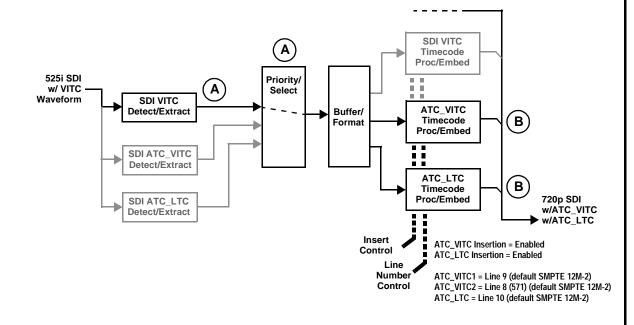


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

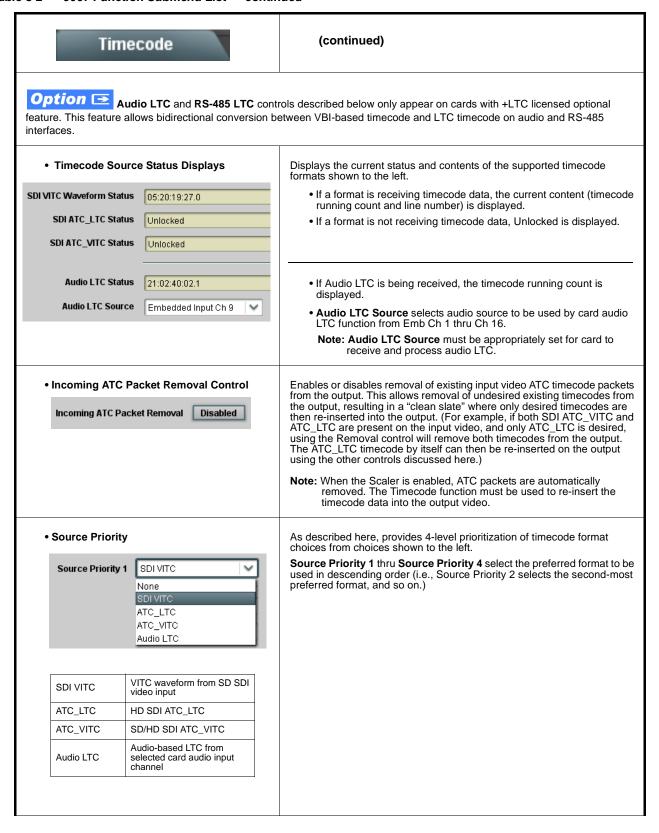


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Timecode	(continued)
Output Status	Displays the current content and source being used for the timecode data as follows:  Output Status Ot (in this example, SDI VITC timecode received and outputted).  Output Status Insertion Disabled  • Timecode Insertion button set to Disabled; output insertion disabled.  Note: • If timecode is not available from Source Priority selections performed, timecode on output reverts to Free Run (internal count) mode.  • Because the 1's digit of the display Frames counter goes from 0 to 29, the fractional digit (along with the 1's digit) indicates frame count as follows:  0.0 Frame 0 0.1 Frame 1 1.0 Frame 2 1.1 Frame 3 • • • 29.1 Frame 59
Allows the current timecode count to be advanced or delayed on the output video.  Offset Field  Offset Field  Offset Frame  Offset Advance or Delay selects offset advance or delay.  Offset Frame  Offset Advance or Delay selects offset advance or delay.  Offset Frame  Offset Prame  Offset Advance or Delay selects  Offset Advance or Delay selects  Offset Frame  Offset Prame  Offset Frame  Offset Frame  Offset Prame  Offset Frame  Off	
SD VITC Waveform Insertion Controls  VITC Waveform Output 1 Line Number  VITC Waveform Output 2 Line Number  SD VITC Waveform Insertion  Enabled	For SD output, enables or disables SD VITC waveform timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the VITC1 and VITC2 line numbers (6 thru 22) where the VITC waveform is inserted.  Note: • If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number.  • SD VITC Waveform Insertion control only affects VITC waveforms inserted (or copied to a new line number) by this function.
SD ATC Insertion Control  SD ATC_VITC Insertion	For SD output, enables or disables SD ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

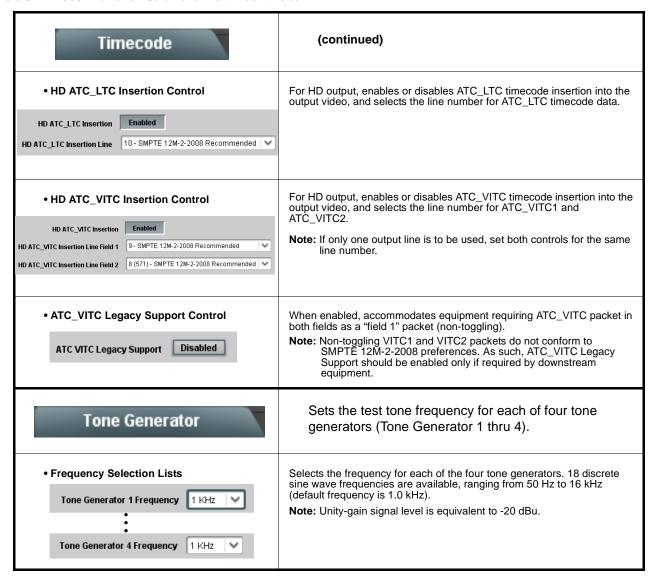


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

#### Provides down-mix audio routing selections that Audio Mixing multiplexes any five embedded audio channel sources into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right), or selection of any two audio sources to be mono-mixed to serve as a monaural source. With an optional upmixer licensable feature activated, any normal PCM stereo pair can be fed to the upmixer to generate 5.1 surround sound audio which in turn can be applied to six user-selectable channels. Down Mixer Selection Separate drop-down lists for Left, Right, Center, Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) inputs allow embedded channel (or silence) audio source selection for each of the five inputs as shown below. Down Mixer Selection Down Mixer Selection Left Embed Ch 1 Embed Ch 1 Right Embed Ch 2 Center Embed Ch 3 Embed Ch 16 Left Surround Embed Ch 4 The example below shows selection from various sources and the resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R. The two signals comprising the pair Right Surround Embed Ch 5 can be routed and processed the same as any other audio input source. Embed Ch 1 - Ch 16 - -Left Embed Ch 1 V Embedded Ch 1 DM-L Embedded Ch 2 С Embedded Ch 6 DM-R Left Surround Embed Ch 4 Embedded Ch 4 Embedded Ch 5 Note: The stereo pair are basic L/R PCM signals with no additional encoded information. Adjusts the attenuation ratio of center-channel content from 5-channel • Center Mix Ratio Control source that is re-applied as Lt and Rt content to the DM-L and DM-R Center Mix Ratio (dB) • Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. -10.0 Center channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content with no attenuation, making center-channel content more predominate in the overall mix. • Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of center-channel content. Center-channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making center-channel content less predominate in the overall (0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB) Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain center-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

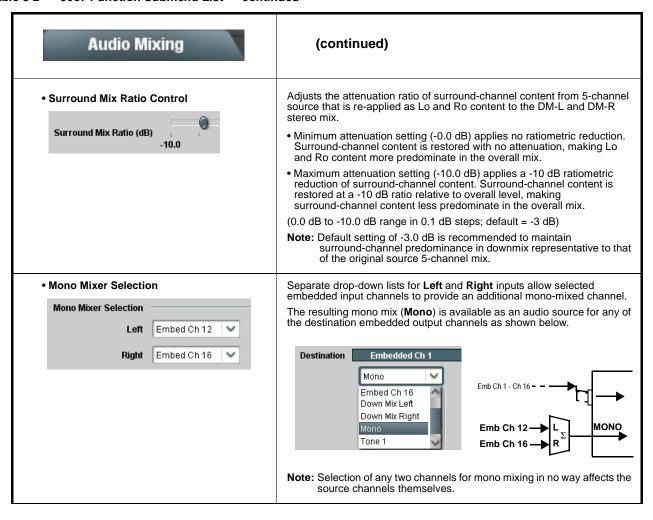


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

# Audio Mixing

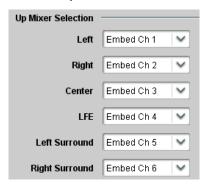
#### (continued)

#### Option 🔁

**Note:** • 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. Refer to **Licensable Features** function description on page 3-46 for more information.

- Channel sources used by the upmixer are post-processed signals received from the Audio Routing/Gain Control
  function. When active, the channel selections made using this function are directly embedded in the output SDI or
  AES discrete pairs. Refer to 2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function (p. 1-12) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for detailed functional
  description and signal flow.
- For any six channels selected for this function, the **Left** and **Right** channel selections always serve as the stereo input pair.

#### • 2.0-to-5.1 Up Mixer Selection



Separate drop-down lists for **Left**, **Right**, **Center**, **LFE**, **Left Surround**, and **Right Surround** allow embedded audio source selection, and embedded channel assignments for the six generated 5.1 channels.



The example below shows selection of embedded channels 1 and 2 as the received stereo source (Embed Ch1 and Ch 2 for **Left** and **Right** drop-down list selections in the Up Mixer Selection tool).

Using the setup shown in the example, when upmix is active the embedded channel 1/2 stereo pair is overwritten with the new stereo pair L/R on channels 1/2. As selected in the example, the additional 5.1 channels C, LFE, Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) overwrite Emb Ch 3 – Ch 6, respectively.

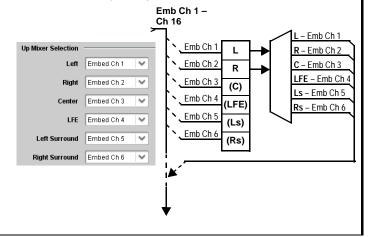


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

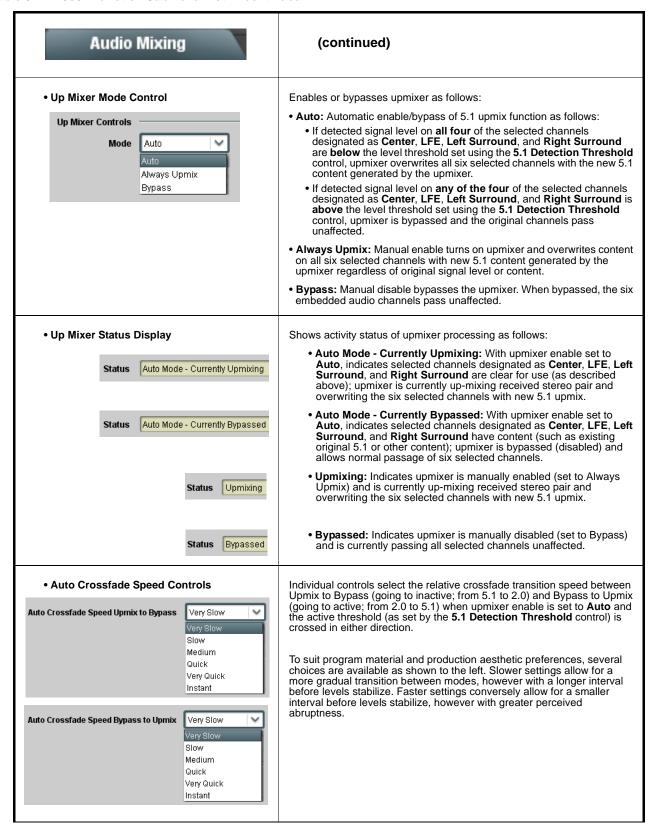


Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

#### Audio Mixing (continued) 5.1 Detection Threshold Control Adjusts the threshold at which selected channels designated as C. LFE. Ls, and Rs are considered to have viable content, or at which signal levels can be considered insignificant when upmixer enable is set to **Auto**. Setting affects automatic enable/bypass of 5.1 upmix function as follows: 5.1 Detection Threshold (dBFS) -150.0 • If detected signal level on all four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are **below** the level threshold set using the **5.1 Detection Threshold** control, upmixer allows overwrite of all six selected channels with the new 5.1 signal • If detected signal level on any of the four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround is above the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer is **bypassed**, thereby releasing the selected six channels and allowing the original channels to pass unaffected. (Range is -150 dB to 0 dB in 0.1dB steps; 0 dB equivalent to +24 dBu=> 0 dBFS) Typically, the **5.1 Detection Threshold** control should be set to provide a usable threshold that maintains a threshold at which valid levels large enough over the threshold **disable** the auto upmix (A), left), while nuisance levels considerably below the threshold (B), left) are rejected, allowing the - 20 dBFS Above Threshold (Bypass) - 60 dBFS upmixer to stay locked in the enabled mode and Below Threshold (Overwrite) overwrite these signals with the new signals. Optimum setting is dependent on program material general overall levels. A -60 dB setting is recommended for material closely adhering to the SMPTE -20 dBFS Alignment level for normal material such as dialog. Adjusts center channel content (in terms of percentage) applied to L and Center Width Control R channels. Minimum setting keeps all L+R (mono) content confined to center (C) Center Width channel, with any center channel content removed from L and R 0.0 Higher settings progressively blend respective L and R mono content back into L and R channels, with 100% setting resulting in center channel level going to zero and L/R channels becoming normal L/R channels containing some mono content. (0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; default = 0%) Adjusts surround channel content (in terms of percentage) applied to Ls Surround Depth Control and Rs channels. · Maximum setting results in greatest surround channel levels. Surround Depth Lower settings progressively diminish surround channel levels, with 0% setting resulting in no Ls or Rs level, with Ls and Rs content 0.0 progressively folded back into L and R, respectively. (0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; default = 100%)

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

# Licensable Features

Allows activation of optional licensed features.

Note: For card pre-ordered with licensed feature(s), the activation steps described below are not required; the feature will already be installed activated. To order features and obtain a license key, contact Cobalt sales at sales cobaltdigital.com or at the contact information in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. in Chapter 1, "Introduction". Please provide the "SSN" number of your card (displayed in the Card Info pane) when contacting us for your key.

License Feature and Key Entry window



Activate licensable feature as described below.

 Enter the feature key string in the Feature Key box. Press return or click outside of the box to acknowledge entry.

Note: Entry string is case sensitive. Do not enter any spaces.

2. In the DashBoard™ Card Info pane, wait for the feature identification to be shown for the card product number (for example, "-UM" appearing after the card part number) and Valid Key Entered to be displayed. This indicates the key was correctly entered and recognized by the card

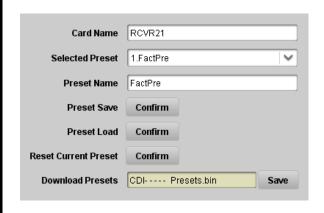
Note: If DashBoard™ card function submenu/control pane does not re-appear, close the card and re-open it.

3. Click and confirm **Reboot**. When the card function submenu/control pane appears again, the licensable feature will be available.

Note: Applying the licensable feature and its reboot has no effect on prior settings. All control settings and drop-down selections are retained.

# Presets

Allows up to 16 card user settings configuration presets to be saved in a Preset and then recalled (loaded) as desired. All current settings (including list selections and scalar (numeric) control settings such as Gain, etc.) are saved when a Preset Save is invoked.



The **Preset Name** field and **Preset Save** button allow custom user setting configurations to be labeled and saved to a Preset for future use.

The **Preset Load** button and the **Selected Preset** drop-down list allow saved presets to be selected and loaded as desired. When a preset is loaded, it immediately becomes active with all user settings now automatically set as directed by the preset.

Saved presets can be uploaded to a computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards.

Each of the items to the left are described in detail on the following pages.

Selected Preset



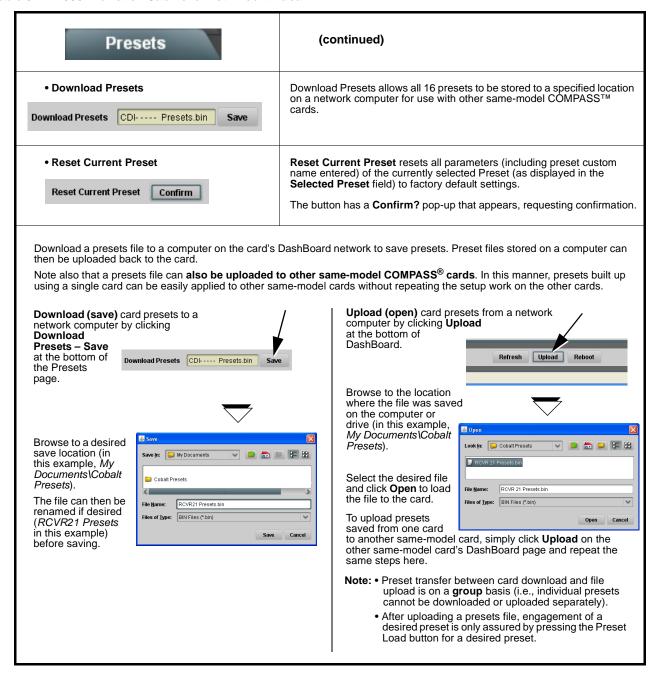
Selected Preset 1 thru Selected Preset 16 range in drop-down list selects one of 16 stored presets as ready for Save (being written to) or for Load (being applied to the card).

Note: The preset names shown to the left are the default (unnamed) preset names. All 16 presets in this case are loaded identically with the factory default settings.

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued

Presets	(continued)		
Preset Save and Load     Preset Save Confirm  Preset Load Confirm	<ul> <li>Preset Save stores all current card control settings to the currently selected preset.         (For example, if Preset 1 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Save will then save all current card control settings to Preset 1)     </li> <li>Preset Load loads (applies) all card control settings defined by whatever preset (Preset 1 thru Preset 16) is currently selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list.         (For example, if Preset 3 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Load will then apply all card control settings defined in Preset 3)     </li> <li>The above buttons have a Confirm? pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation.</li> <li>Note: Applying a change to a preset using the buttons described above rewrites the previous preset contents with the invoked contents. Make certain change is desired before confirming preset change.</li> </ul>		
Card Name  RCVR 21 Input Processing	Text entry field provides for optional entry of card name, function, etc. (as shown in this example).  Note: Card name can be 31 ASCII characters maximum.		
Preset Name     FactPre	With one of 16 presets selected, provides for entry of custom name for the preset (as shown in example below).  Selected Preset 2.RCVR21  Preset Name RCVR21  Entering text in Preset Name field (in this example, "RCVR21") applies custom name to selected Preset (in this example, Preset 2)  Note: • Preset name can be seven ASCII characters maximum.  • The Preset ID number does not need to be entered; it is added automatically.		

Table 3-2 9067 Function Submenu List — continued



This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the 9067 card and its remote control interface. The 9067 card requires no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

#### **Error and Failure Indicator Overview**

The 9067 card itself and its remote control systems all (to varying degrees) provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the 9067 card is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various 9067 card and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

Note:

The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.

- Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-53)
- 9067 Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-54)
- Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors (p. 3-56)

#### 9067 Card Edge Status/Error Indicators and Display

Figure 3-6 shows and describes the 9067 card edge status indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the card itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the card itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

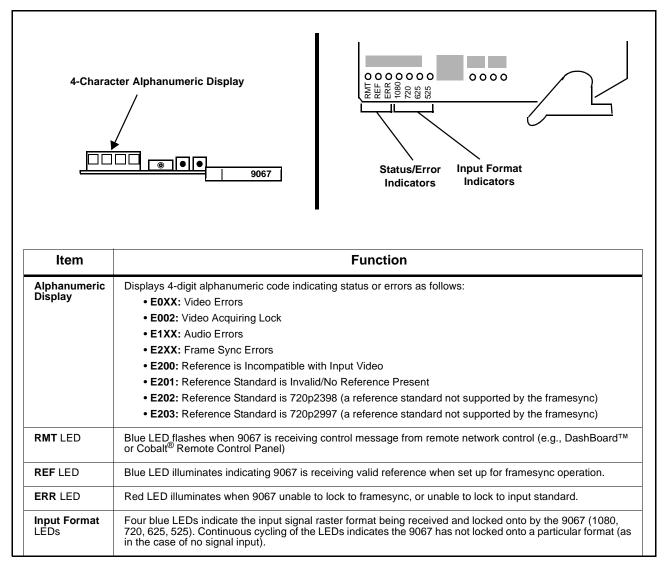


Figure 3-6 9067 Card Edge Status Indicators and Display

#### DashBoard™ Status/Error Indicators and Displays

Figure 3-7 shows and describes the DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> status indicators and displays. These indicator icons and displays show status and error conditions relating to the 9067 card itself and remote (network) communications.

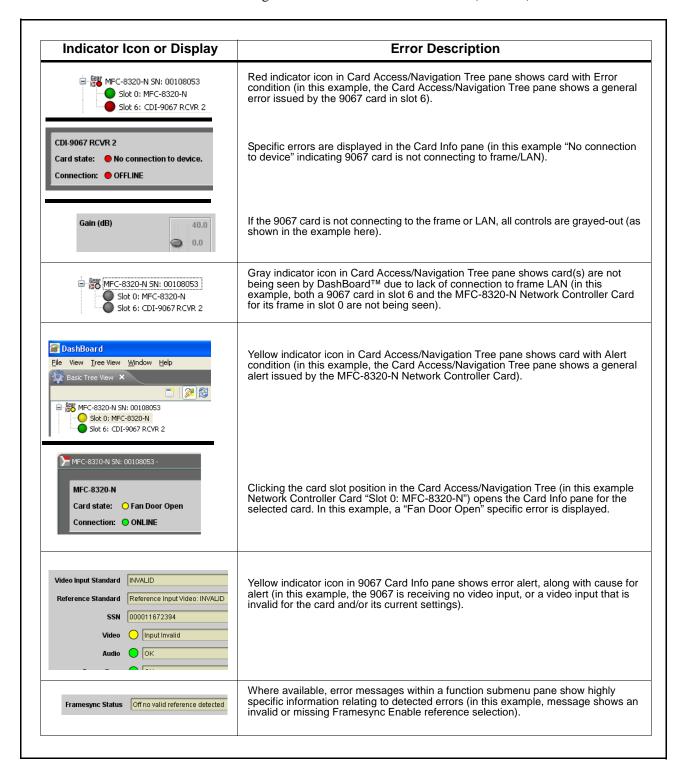


Figure 3-7 DashBoard™ Status Indicator Icons and Displays

Access Card Info panes for specific cards by clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane (as shown in the example in Figure 3-8).

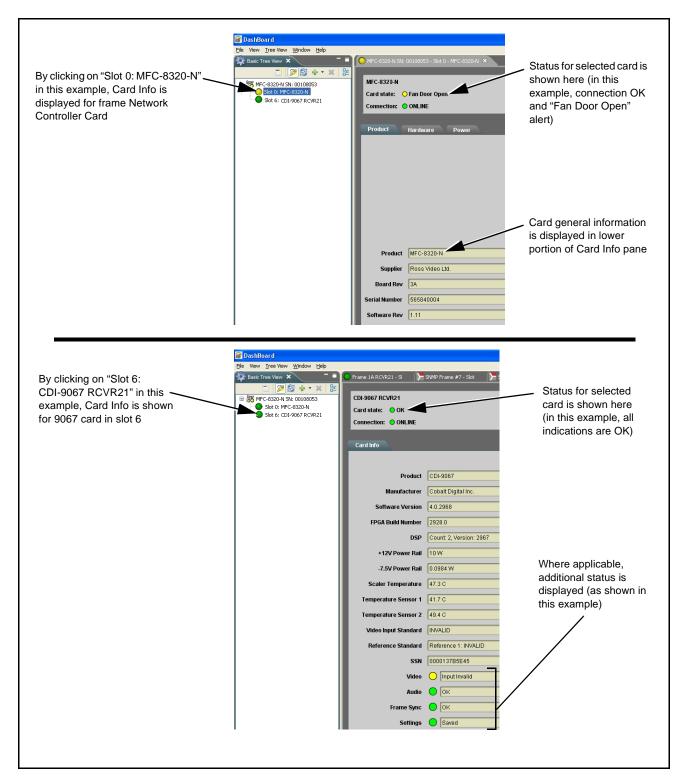


Figure 3-8 Selecting Specific Cards for Card Info Status Display

### **Basic Troubleshooting Checks**

Failures of a general nature (affecting many cards and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-3 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

Table 3-3 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Item	Checks		
Verify power presence and characteristics	<ul> <li>On both the frame Network Controller Card and the 9067, in all cases when power is being properly supplied there is always at least one indicator illuminated. Any card showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern.</li> <li>Check the Power Consumed indications for both the +12 V and -7.5 V supply rails for the 9067 card. This can be observed using the DashBoard™ Card Info pane, or using the card edge controls and indicators as shown in Figure 3-4 on page 3-7.</li> <li>If either of the rail supplies show no power being consumed, either the frame power supply, connections, or the 9067 card itself is defective.</li> <li>If either of the rail supplies show excessive power being consumed (see Technical Specifications (p. 1-18) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the 9067 card may be defective.</li> </ul>		
Check Cable connection secureness and connecting points	Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended card inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules.		
Card seating within slots	Make certain all cards are properly seated within its frame slot. (It is best to assure proper seating by ejecting the card and reseating it again.)		
Check status indicators and displays	On both DashBoard <sup>™</sup> and the 9067 card edge indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action.		
Troubleshoot by substitution	All cards within the frame can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect card or module with a known-good item.		

### 9067 Processing Error Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 provides 9067 processing troubleshooting information. If the 9067 card exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-4, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the 9067 is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the card.

**Note:** The error indications shown below are typical for the corresponding error conditions listed. Other error indications not specified here may also be displayed on DashBoard™ and/or the 9067 card edge status indicators.

Where errors are displayed on both the 9067 card and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
DashBoard™ shows Video yellow icon and Input Invalid message in 9067 Card Info pane.      Video	No video input present	Make certain intended video source is connected to appropriate 9067 card video input. Make certain BNC cable connections between frame Rear I/O Module for the card and signal source are OK.
	Input format not supported	This card does not accept inputs other than SD 525i5994 or 625i50.
<ul> <li>Card edge Input Format LEDs show continuous cycling.</li> </ul>		
DashBoard™ shows Frame     Sync red icon and Reference     Invalid message in 9067 Card     Info pane.	Frame sync reference not properly selected or not being received	If external frame sync reference is not intended to be used, make certain the Framesync Enable selection list is set to <b>Off</b> or <b>Input</b> <b>Video</b> as desired.
Frame Sync Reference Invalid		If external frame sync reference is intended to be used, make certain selected external frame sync reference is active on frame sync frame bus. (External reference signals Reference 1)
<ul> <li>Card edge red ERR indicator illuminated.</li> </ul>		and Reference 2 are distributed to the 9067 and other cards via a frame bus.)
		Refer to <b>Framesync</b> function submenu tab on page 3-24 for more information.

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action	
DashBoard™ shows Framesync Status error message in 9067 Framesync function submenu screen.  Framesync Status Minimum Latency Framesync Status	Specified Minimum Latency Frames setting exceeds 9067 card buffer space for the selected output video format	Reduce the Minimum Latency Frames setting as specified in the error message to correct the error.  Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected.  For example, with a 1080i 5994 output, the maximum setting is 5. For a 1080i film (2398) output, the maximum setting is 3 (due to the increased buffer space needed for the slower frame rate). Conversely, greater maximum settings are allowed for SD formats such as 525i 5994, where the practical maximum limit is 13.	
DashBoard™ shows Output Status error message in 9067 Timecode function submenu screen.  Output Status No Output Available	Timecode not available due to lack of appropriate input timecode data	Timecode output requires that source and priority are appropriately selected. Also, video input must contain appropriate timecode data and framesync reference.  Refer to <b>Timecode</b> function submenu tab on	
Video/audio synchronization or delay noted.	Source synchronization condition	page 3-37 for more information.  Use the <b>Audio Offset from Video</b> control to compensate for video/audio delay.  Refer to <b>Framesync</b> function submenu tab on page 3-24 for more information.	
Unsmooth, "jerky" motion observed on video output with Framesync set to lock to input video.	Incompatible negative H/V delay value user setting of Vertical Delay or Hoeizontal Delay controls	Negative vertical or horizontal delay values (using the controls below) should <b>not</b> be used when using Input Video mode. To add an offset in this case, instead apply a positive value that results in the desired net offset.	
Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode, Dolby® metadata,	Control(s) not enabled	Make certain respective control is set to <b>On</b> or <b>Enabled</b> (as appropriate).	
AFD) not transferred through 9067.	VANC line number conflict between two or more ancillary data items	Make certain each ancillary data item to be passed is assigned a unique line number (see Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges on page 3-8).	
Audio signal(s) do not route as expected.  Parameter control not available as expected.	Embedded audio contains Dolby <sup>®</sup> E or Dolby Digital encoded signal	When a valid Dolby <sup>®</sup> E or Dolby Digital signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an embedded audio signal, gain and polarity controls are bypassed (even though controls may appear to be functional). Gain and polarity controls are not available for this signal type. Refer to Status displays in <b>Audio Input Controls</b> function submenu tab on page 3-10 for more information.	

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action		
Audio not processed or passed through card.	Input audio of type that cannot be locked by 9067 card	Embedded audio must be nominal 48 kHz input.  Note: Although the Status Displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab will show audio formats other than "Present, Professional" as being locked (such as "Present, Consumer"), in any case the audio must be at nominal 48 kHz rate for lock and processing to occur.		
	Enable control not turned on	Group Enable button for Embedded Audio Group 1/2 or Embedded Audio Group 3/4 function submenu must be turned on for sources to be embedded into respective embedded channels.		
	Upmixer inadvertently enabled (Upmixer Licensed Feature Only)	Make certain upmixer is set to <b>Bypass</b> if not intended for use.      Note: When manually enabled or set for automatic enable with appropriate signal levels, upmixer overwrites selected embedded channels with new data; same-channel embedded output will no longer represent same-channel embedded inputs for selected channels.		
	Dolby-encoded pair not recognized by downstream devices/systems	If framesync is enabled and using Input Video as source, <b>Audio SRC</b> must be set to <b>Off</b> to maintain integrity of Dolby pair for downstream devices.		

## **Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors**

Refer to Cobalt® reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM) for network/remote control troubleshooting information.

#### In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-21) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.



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